

Course Structure and Syllabus (R23 Regulations)

CIVIL Engineering
B.Tech – Four Year Syllabus

(Effective for the students admitted into I year from the
Academic Year 2023-2024 onwards)



NARASARAOPETA
ENGINEERING COLLEGE
(AUTONOMOUS)

Kotappakonda Road, Yellamanda (P.O), Narasaraopet – 522601, Palnadu District, AP
(Sponsored by Gayatri Educational Development Society), Narasaraopet.
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Permanently Affiliated to JNTUK, Kakinada, Code: 47.
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Phone: 08647-239923 [Website: www.nrtec.in](http://www.nrtec.in)

Academic Regulations (R23) for B.Tech. (Regular)

(Effective for the students admitted into I year from the Academic Year 2023-2024 onwards)

1. Award of the Degree

- (a) Award of the B.Tech. Degree / B.Tech. Degree with a Minor if he/she fulfils the following:
- Pursues a course of study for not less than four academic years and not more than eight academic years. However, for the students availing Gap year facility this period shall be extended by two years at the most and these two years would in addition to the maximum period permitted for graduation (Eight years).
 - Registers for 160 credits and secures all 160 credits.
- (b) **Award of B.Tech. degree with Honors**
A student will be declared eligible for the award of the B.Tech. with Honors if he/she fulfils the following:
- Student secures additional 15 credits fulfilling all the requisites of a B.Tech. program i.e., 160 credits.
 - Registering for Honors is optional.
 - Honors is to be completed simultaneously with B.Tech. programme.

2. Students, who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within eight academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech. course and their admission stands cancelled. This clause shall be read along with clause 1 a) i).

3. Admissions

Admission to the B.Tech Program shall be made subject to the eligibility, qualifications and specialization prescribed by the A.P. State Government/University from time to time. Admissions shall be made either based on the merit rank obtained by the student in the common entrance examination conducted by the A.P. Government/University or any other order of merit approved by the A.P. Government/University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the Government/University from time to time.

4. Program related terms

Credit: A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instruction required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (Lecture/Tutorial) or two hours of practical work/field work per week.

Credit definition:

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1 credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1 credit
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week	0.5 credit
2 Hrs. Practical (Lab) per week	1 credit

- a) **Academic Year:** Two consecutive (one odd + one even) semesters constitute one academic year.
- b) **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS):** The CBCS provides a choice for students to select from the prescribed courses.

5. Semester/Credits:

- i) A semester comprises 90 working days and an academic year is divided into two semesters.
- ii) The summer term is for eight weeks during summer vacation. Internship/ apprenticeship / work-based vocational education and training can be carried out during the summer term, especially by students who wish to exit after two semesters or four semesters of study.
- iii) Regular courses may also be completed well in advance through MOOCs satisfying prerequisites.

6. Structure of the Undergraduate Programme

All courses offered for the undergraduate program (B.Tech.) are broadly classified as follows:

S.No.	Category	Breakup of Credits (Total 160)	Percentage of total credits	AICTE Recommendation (%)
1.	Humanities and Social Science including Management (HM)	13	8 %	8 – 9%
2.	Basic Sciences (BS)	20	13 %	12 - 16%
3.	Engineering Sciences (ES)	23.5	14%	10 – 18%
4.	Professional Core (PC)	54.5	34 %	30 – 36%
5.	Electives – Professional (PE) & Open (OE); Domain Specific Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)	33	21 %	19 - 23%
6.	Internships & Project work (PR)	16	10 %	8 – 11%
7.	Mandatory Courses (MC)	Non-credit	Non-credit	-

7. Course Classification:

All subjects/ courses offered for the undergraduate programme in Engineering & Technology (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows:

S.No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Category	Description
1.	Foundation Core Courses	Foundation courses	Includes Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry; fundamental engineering courses; humanities, social sciences and management courses
2.	Core Courses	Professional Core Courses (PC)	Includes subjects related to the discipline/department/branch of Engineering parent
3.	Elective Courses	Professional Elective Courses (PE)	Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/department/ branch of Engineering
		Open Elective Courses (OE)	Elective subjects which include interdisciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering

		Domain specific skill enhancement courses (SEC)	Interdisciplinary/job-oriented/domain courses which are relevant to the industry
4.	Project & Internships	Project	B.Tech. Project or Major Project
		Internships	Summer Internships – Community based and Industry Internships; Industry oriented Full Semester Internship
5.	Audit Courses	Mandatory non-credit courses	Covering subjects of developing desired attitude among the learners

8. Programme Pattern

- i. Total duration of the of B.Tech (Regular) Programme is four academic years.
- ii. Each academic year of study is divided into two semesters.
- iii. Minimum number of instruction days in each semester is 90 days.
- iv. There shall be mandatory student induction program for freshers, with a three- week duration before the commencement of first semester. Physical activity, Creative Arts, Universal Human Values, Literary, Proficiency Modules, Lectures by Eminent People, Visits to local Areas, Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations etc., are included as per the guidelines issued by AICTE.
- v. Health/wellness/yoga/sports and NCC /NSS /Scouts & Guides / Community service activities are made mandatory as credit courses for all the undergraduate students.
- vi. Courses like Environmental Sciences, Indian Constitution, Technical Paper Writing & IPR are offered as non-credit mandatory courses for all the undergraduate students.
- vii. Design Thinking for Innovation & Tinkering Labs are made mandatory as credit courses for all the undergraduate students.
- viii. Increased flexibility for students through an increase in the elective component of the curriculum, with 05 Professional Elective courses and 04 Open Elective courses.
- ix. Professional Elective Courses, include the elective courses relevant to the chosen specialization/branch. Proper choice of professional elective courses can lead to students specializing in emerging areas within the chosen field of study.
- x. A total of 04 Open Electives are offered in the curriculum. A student can complete the requirement for B.Tech. Degree with a Minor within the 160 credits by opting for the courses offered through various verticals/tracks under Open Electives.
- xi. While choosing the electives, students shall ensure that they do not opt for the courses with syllabus contents similar to courses already pursued.
- xii. A pool of interdisciplinary/job-oriented/domain skill courses which are relevant to the industry are integrated into the curriculum of all disciplines. There shall be 05 skill-oriented courses offered during III to VII semesters. Among the five skill courses, four courses shall focus on the basic and advanced skills related to the domain/interdisciplinary courses and the other shall be a soft skills course.
- xiii. Students shall undergo mandatory summer internships, for a minimum

of eightweeks duration at the end of second and third year of the programme. The internship at the end of second year shall be community oriented and industry internship at the end of third year.

- xiv. There shall also be mandatory full internship in the final semester of the programme along with the project work.
- xv. Undergraduate degree with Honors is introduced by the College for the students having good academic record.
- xvi. College will plan to implement Virtual Labs (<https://www.vlab.co.in>) which provide remote access to labs in various disciplines of Engineering and will help student in learning basic and advanced concept through remote experimentation. Student shall be made to work on virtual lab experiments during the regular labs.
- xvii. College will assign a faculty advisor/mentor after admission to a group of students from same department to provide guidance in courses registration/career growth/placements/opportunities for higher studies/GATE/other competitive exams etc.
- xviii. Preferably 25% of course work for the theory courses in every semester shallbe conducted in the blended mode of learning.

9. Evaluation Process

The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated subject wise with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practical subject. Summer Internships shall be evaluated for 50 marks, Full Internship & Project work in final semester shall be evaluated for 200 marks, mandatory courses with no credits shall be evaluated for 30 mid semester marks.

A student has to secure not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the mid semester and end examination marks taken together for the theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project etc. Incase of a mandatory course, he/she should secure 40% of the total marks.

THEORY COURSES

Assessment Method	Marks
Continuous Internal Assessment	30
Semester End Examination	70
Total	100

- i) For theory subject, the distribution shall be 30 marks for Internal Evaluation and 70marks for the End-Examination.
- ii) For practical subject, the distribution shall be 30 marks for Internal Evaluation and70 marks for the End- Examination.
- iii) If any course contains two different branch subjects, the syllabus shall be written into two parts with 3 units each (Part-A and Part-B) and external examination question paper shall be set with two parts each for 35 marks.
- iv) If any subject is having both theory and practical components, they will be evaluated separately as theory subject and practical subject. However, they will be given same subject code with an extension of “T” for theory subject and “P” for practical subject.

a) Continuous Internal Evaluation

- i) For theory subjects, during the semester, there shall be two midterm examinations. Each midterm examination shall be evaluated for 30 marks of which 10 marks for objective paper (20 minutes duration), 15 marks for subjective paper (90 minutes duration) and 5 marks for assignment.
- ii) Objective paper shall contain 05 short answer questions with 2 marks each or maximum of 20 bits for 10 marks. Subjective paper shall contain 3 either or type questions (totally six questions from 1 to 6) of which student has to answer one from each either-or type of questions. Each question carries 10 marks. The marks obtained in the subjective paper are condensed to 15 marks.

Note:

- The objective paper shall be prepared in line with the quality of competitive examinations questions.
 - The subjective paper shall contain 3 either or type questions of equal weightage of 10 marks. Any fraction shall be rounded off to the next higher mark.
 - The objective paper shall be conducted either online or offline by the respective department on the day of subjective paper test.
 - If conducted offline, the midterm examination shall be conducted first by distribution of the Objective paper, simultaneously marking the attendance, after 20 minutes the answered objective paper shall be collected back. The student is not allowed to leave the examination hall.
Then the descriptive question paper and the answer booklet shall be distributed. After 90 minutes the answered booklets are collected back.
 - Assignments shall be in the form of problems, mini projects, design problems, slip tests, quizzes etc., depending on the course content. It should be continuous assessment throughout the semester and the average marks shall be considered.
 - Assignment Test if conducted like slip tests, the following procedure may be followed: Two assignment tests may be conducted before first and second mid examinations for 5 marks. First assignment test may be conducted after the 1st Unit of syllabus. 5 or 6 questions may be announced in advance. On the day of test, 2 questions will be given to each student randomly. The test may be conducted in the first hour for 30 minutes. Second assignment test may be conducted in the similar way after the completion of 3rd Unit of syllabus.
- iii) If the student is absent for the mid semester examination, no re-exam shall be conducted and mid semester marks for that examination shall be considered as zero.
 - iv) First midterm examination shall be conducted for I, II units of syllabus with one either or type question from each unit and third either or type question from both the units. The second midterm examination shall be conducted for III, IV and V units with one either or type question from each unit.
 - v) Final mid semester marks shall be arrived at by considering the marks secured by the student in both the mid examinations with 80% weightage given to the better mid exam and 20% to the other.

For Example:

Marks obtained in first mid: 25
Marks obtained in second mid: 20

Final mid semester Marks: $(25 \times 0.8) + (20 \times 0.2) = 24$

If the student is absent for any one midterm examination, the final mid semester marks shall be arrived at by considering 80% weightage to the marks secured by the student in the appeared examination and zero to the other. For Example:

Marks obtained in first mid: Absent

Marks obtained in second mid:

25

Final mid semester Marks: $(25 \times 0.8) + (0 \times 0.2) = 20$

b) End Examination Evaluation:

End examination of theory subjects shall have the following pattern:

- i) There shall be 6 questions and all questions are compulsory.
- ii) Question I shall contain 10 compulsory short answer questions for a total of 20 marks such that each question carries 2 marks.
- iii) There shall be 2 short answer questions from each unit.
- iv) In each of the questions from 2 to 6, there shall be either/or type questions of 10 marks each. Student shall answer any one of them.
- v) The questions from 2 to 6 shall be set by covering one unit of the syllabus for each question.

End examination of theory subjects consisting of two parts of different subjects, for Example: Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering shall have the following pattern:

- i) Question paper shall be in two parts viz., Part A and Part B with equal weightage of 35 marks each.
- ii) In each part, question 1 shall contain 5 compulsory short answer questions for a total of 5 marks such that each question carries 1 mark.
- iii) In each part, questions from 2 to 4, there shall be either/or type questions of 10 marks each. Student shall answer any one of them.
- iv) The questions from 2 to 4 shall be set by covering one unit of the syllabus for each question.

PRACTICAL COURSES

Assessment Method	Marks
Continuous Internal Assessment	30
Semester End Examination	70
Total	100

- a) For practical courses, there shall be a continuous evaluation during the semester for 30 sessional marks and end examination shall be for 70 marks.
 - b) Day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks by the concerned laboratory teacher based on the regularity/record/viva and 15 marks for the internal test.
 - c) The end examination shall be evaluated for 70 marks, conducted by the concerned laboratory teacher and External examiner from the other reputed Institutions.
 - Procedure: 20 marks

- Experimental work & Results: 30 marks
- Viva voce: 20 marks.

In a practical subject consisting of two parts (Eg: Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab), the end examination shall be conducted for 70 marks as a single laboratory in 3 hours. Mid semester examination shall be evaluated as above for 30 marks in each part and final mid semester marks shall be arrived by considering the average of marks obtained in two parts.

- d) For the subject having design and/or drawing, such as Engineering Drawing, the distribution of marks shall be 30 for mid semester evaluation and 70 for end examination.

Assessment Method	Marks
Continuous Internal Assessment	30
Semester End Examination	70
Total	100

Day-to-day work shall be evaluated for 15 marks by the concerned subject teacher based on the reports/submissions prepared in the class. And there shall be two midterm examinations in a semester for duration of 2 hours each for 15 marks with weightage of 80% to better mid marks and 20% for the other. The subjective papers shall contain 3 either or type questions of equal weightage of 5 marks. There shall be no objective paper in mid semester examination. The sum of day-to-day evaluation and the mid semester marks will be the final sessional marks for the subject.

The end examination pattern for Engineering Graphics, shall consist of 5 questions, either/or type, of 14 marks each. There shall be no objective type questions in the end examination. However, the end examination pattern for other subjects related to design/drawing, multiple branches, etc is mentioned along with the syllabus.

10. There shall be no external examination for mandatory courses with zero credits. However, attendance shall be considered while calculating aggregate attendance and student shall be declared to have passed the mandatory course only when he/she secures 40% or more in the internal examinations. In case, the student fails, a re-examination shall be conducted for failed candidates for 30 marks satisfying the conditions mentioned in item 1 & 2 of the regulations.
- Skill oriented Courses

- i) There shall be five skill-oriented courses offered during III to VII semesters.
- ii) Out of the five skill courses two shall be skill-oriented courses from the same domain. Of the remaining three skill courses, one shall be a soft skill course and the remaining two shall be skill-advanced courses from the same domain/Interdisciplinary/Job oriented.
- iii) The course shall carry 100 marks and shall be evaluated through continuous assessments during the semester for 30 sessional marks and end examination shall be for 70 marks. Day-to-day work in the class / laboratory shall be evaluated for 30 marks by the concerned teacher based on the regularity/assignments/viva/mid semester test. The end examination similar to practical examination pattern shall be conducted by the concerned teacher and an expert in the subject nominated by the Principal.
- iv) The Head of the Department shall identify a faculty member as coordinator for the course. A committee consisting of the Head of the Department, coordinator and a senior Faculty member nominated by the Head of the Department shall monitor the evaluation process. The marks/grades shall be assigned to the students by the above committee based on their performance.
- v) The student shall be given an option to choose either the skill courses being offered by the college or to choose a certificate course being offered by industries/Professional bodies or any other accredited bodies. If a student chooses to take a Certificate Course offered by external agencies, the credits shall be awarded to the student upon producing the Course Completion Certificate from the agency. A committee shall be formed at the level of the college to evaluate the grades/marks given for a course by external agencies and convert to the equivalent marks/grades.
- vi) The recommended courses offered by external agencies, conversions and appropriate grades/marks are to be approved by the concerned department's HOD at the beginning of the semester.
- vii) If a student prefers to take a certificate course offered by external agency, the department shall mark attendance of the student for the remaining courses in that semester excluding the skill course in all the calculations of mandatory attendance requirements upon producing a valid certificate as approved by the Principal.

11. Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs):

A Student has to pursue and complete one course compulsorily through MOOCs approved by the HOD. A student can pursue courses other than core through MOOCs and it is mandatory to complete one course successfully through MOOCs for awarding the degree. A student is not permitted to register and pursue core courses through MOOCs.

A student shall register for the course (Minimum of either 8 weeks or 12 weeks) offered through MOOCs with the approval of Head of the Department. The Head of the Department shall appoint one mentor to monitor the student's progression. The student needs to earn a certificate by passing the exam. The student shall be awarded the credits assigned in the curriculum only by submission of the certificate. Examination fee, if any, will be borne by the student.

Students who have qualified in the proctored examinations conducted through MOOCs platform can apply for credit transfer as specified and are exempted from appearing internal as well as external examination (for the specified equivalent credit course only) conducted by the College.

Necessary amendments in rules and regulations regarding adoption of MOOC courses would be proposed from time to time.

12. Credit Transfer Policy

Adoption of MOOCs is mandatory, to enable Blended model of teaching-learning as also envisaged in the NEP 2020. As per University Grants Commission (Credit Framework for Online Learning Courses through SWAYAM) Regulation, 2016, the College shall allow up to a maximum of 20% of the total courses being offered in a particular programme i.e., maximum of 32 credits through MOOCs platform.

- i) The College shall offer credit mobility for MOOCs and give the equivalent credit weightage to the students for the credits earned through online learning courses.
- ii) Student registration for the MOOCs shall be only through the respective department, it is mandatory for the student to share necessary information with the department.
- iii) Credit transfer policy will be applicable to the Professional & Open Elective courses only.
- iv) The concerned department shall identify the courses permitted for credit transfer.
- v) The concerned department shall notify at the beginning of semester the list of the online learning courses eligible for credit transfer.
- vi) The department's HOD will designate a faculty member as a Mentor for each course to guide the students from registration till completion of the credit course.
- vii) The College will ensure no overlap of MOOC exams with that of the End Semester examination schedule.
- viii) Student pursuing courses under MOOCs shall acquire the required credits only after successful completion of the course and submitting a certificate issued by the competent authority along with the percentage of marks and grades.
- ix) The Department shall submit the following to the examination section:
 - a) List of students who have passed MOOC courses in the current semester along with the certificate of completion.
 - b) Undertaking form filled by the students for credit transfer.
- x) The College shall resolve any issues that may arise in the implementation of this policy from time to time and shall review its credit transfer policy in the light of periodic changes brought by UGC, SWAYAM, NPTEL and State Government.

Note: Students shall be permitted to register for MOOCs offered through online platforms approved by the respective Department from time to time.

13. Academic Bank of Credits (ABC)

The College has implemented Academic Bank of Credits (ABC) to promote flexibility in curriculum as per NEP 2020 to

- i. provide option of mobility for learners across the universities of their choice
- ii. Provide option to gain the credits through MOOCs from approved digital platforms.
- iii. facilitate award of certificate/diploma/degree in line with the accumulated credits in ABC
- iv. Execute Multiple Entry and Exit system with credit count, credit transfer and credit acceptance from student's account.

14. Mandatory Internships Summer Internships

Two summer internships either onsite or virtual each with a minimum of 08 weeks duration, done at the end of second and third years, respectively are mandatory. It shall be completed in collaboration with local industries, Govt. Organizations, construction agencies, Power projects, software MNCs or any industries in the areas of concerned specialization of the Undergraduate program. One of the two summer internships at the end of second year (Community Service Project) shall be society oriented and shall be completed in collaboration with government organizations/NGOs & others.

The other internship at the end of third year is Industry Internship and shall be completed in collaboration with Industries. The student shall register for the internship as per course structure after commencement of academic year. The guidelines issued by the APSCHE / University shall be followed for carrying out and evaluation of Community Service Project and Industry Internship.

Evaluation of the summer internships shall be through the departmental committee. A student will be required to submit a summer internship report to the concerned department and appear for an oral presentation before the departmental committee comprising of Head of the Department, supervisor of the internship and a senior faculty member of the department. A certificate of successful completion from industry shall be included in the report. The report and the oral presentation shall carry 50% weightage each. It shall be evaluated for 50 external marks. There shall be no internal marks for Summer Internship. A student shall secure minimum 40% of marks for successful completion. In case, if a student fails, he/she shall reappear as and when semester supplementary examinations are conducted by the College.

Full Semester Internship and Project work:

In the final semester, the student should mandatorily register and undergo internship (onsite/virtual) and in parallel he/she should work on a project with well-defined objectives. At the end of the semester the candidate shall submit an internship completion certificate and a project report. A student shall also be permitted to submit project report on the work carried out during the internship.

The project report shall be evaluated with an external examiner. The total marks for project work is 200 marks and distribution shall be 60 marks for internal and 140 marks for external evaluation. The supervisor assesses the student for 30 marks (Report: 15 marks, Seminar: 15 marks). At the end of the semester, all projects shall be showcased at the department for the benefit of all students and staff and the same is to be evaluated by the departmental Project Review Committee consisting of supervisor, a senior faculty and HOD for 30 marks. The external evaluation of Project Work is a Viva-Voce Examination conducted in the presence of internal examiner and external examiner appointed by the Principal and is evaluated for 140 marks.

The HOD shall facilitate and monitor the student internship programs. Completion of internships is mandatory, if any student fails to complete internship, he/she will not be eligible for the award of degree. In such cases, the student shall repeat and complete the internship.

15. Guidelines for offering a Minor

To promote interdisciplinary knowledge among the students, the students admitted into B.Tech. in a major stream/branch are eligible to obtain degree in Minor in another stream.

- i) The Minor program requires the completion of 12 credits in Minor stream chosen.
- ii) Two courses for 06 credits related to a Minor are to be pursued compulsorily for the minor degree, but may be waived for students who have done similar/equivalent courses. If waived for a student, then the student must take an extra elective course in its place. It is recommended that students should complete the compulsory courses (or equivalents) before registering for the electives.
- iii) Electives (minimum of 2 courses) to complete a total of 12 credits.

Note: A total of 04 Open Electives are offered in the curriculum. A student can complete the requirement for Minor within the 160 credits by opting for the courses offered through various verticals/tracks under Open Electives.

16. Guidelines for offering Honors

The objective of introducing B.Tech. (Hons.) is to facilitate the students to choose additionally the specialized courses of their choice and build their competence in a specialized area in the UG level. The programme is a best choice for academically excellent students having good academic record and interest towards higher studies and research.

- i) Honors is introduced in the curriculum of all B.Tech. Programs offering a major degree and is applicable to all B.Tech (Regular and Lateral Entry) students admitted in Engineering & Technology.
- ii) A student shall earn additional 15 credits (4 theory courses of 3 credits each **And** One MOOC course of 3 credits) for award of B.Tech.(Honors) degree from same branch/department/discipline registered for major degree. This is in addition to the credits essential for obtaining the Undergraduate degree in Major Discipline (i.e., 160 credits).

- iii) A student is permitted to register for Honors in IV semester after the results of III Semester are declared and students may be allowed to take maximum one subject per semester pertaining to the Honors from IV Semester onwards.
- iv) The college will arrange separate class work and timetable of the courses offered under Honors program.
- v) Courses that are used to fulfil the student's primary major may not be double counted towards the Honors. Courses with content substantially equivalent to courses in the student's primary Major may not be counted towards the Honors.
- vi) Students can complete the MOOC course in online platforms like SWAYAM with a minimum duration of 12 weeks for 3-credits satisfying the criteria for credit mobility. Student can register for online MOOC course in any semester starting from the 4th Semester. Should submit the MOOC certificate before the commencement of 7th Semester End Examinations. For the 4 theory courses offered by the college, the teaching and evaluation procedure shall be similar to regular B.Tech courses.
- vii) The attendance for the registered courses under Honors and regular courses offered for Major degree in a semester are to be considered separately.
- viii) A student shall maintain an attendance of 75% in all registered courses under Honors to be eligible for attending semester end examinations.
- ix) A student registered for Honors shall pass in all subjects that constitute the requirement for the Honors degree program. No class/division (i.e., second class, first class and distinction, etc.) shall be awarded for Honors degree programme. Honors courses should be completed in a single attempt otherwise the registration for honors stands cancelled.
- x) If a student drops or is terminated from the Honors program, the additional credits so far earned cannot be converted into open or core electives; they will remain extra. However, such students will receive a separate grade sheet mentioning the additional courses completed by them.
- xi) The Honors will be mentioned in the degree certificate as Bachelor of Technology (Honors) in XYZ. For example, B.Tech. (Honors) in Mechanical Engineering.
- xii) Student who registered for Honors should pass all subsequent regular semester courses in a single attempt with a minimum of 7 SGPA.

Enrolment into Honors:

- i) Students of a Department/Discipline are eligible to opt for Honors program offered by the same Department/Discipline
- ii) The enrolment of student into Honors is based on the SGPA obtained in each semester in the major degree program. 7 SGPA shall be maintained in all semesters up to III semester in case of regular entry students and only III semester in case of lateral entry students. Students having 7 SGPA (in all semesters) without any backlog subjects will be permitted to register for Honors.
- iii) If a student is detained due to lack of attendance either in Major or in Honors, registration shall be cancelled.
- iv) Transfer of credits from Honors to regular B.Tech degree and vice-versa shall not be permitted.

- v) Honors is to be completed simultaneously with a Major degree program.

Registration for Honors:

- i) The eligible and interested students shall apply through the HOD of his/her parent department. Selected students shall be permitted to register the courses under Honors.
- ii) The selected students shall submit their willingness to the principal through his/her parent department offering Honors. The parent department shall maintain the record of student pursuing the Honors.
- iii) The students enrolled in the Honors courses will be monitored continuously. An advisor/mentor from parent department shall be assigned to a group of students to monitor the progress.
- iv) There is no fee for registration of subjects for Honors program offered in offline mode.

17. Attendance Requirements:

- i) A student shall be eligible to appear for the University external examinations if he/she acquires a minimum of 40% attendance in each subject and 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects. Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- ii) Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in NO CASE be condoned.
- iii) A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance to the College.
- iv) Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- v) A student will not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the present semester. They may seek readmission for that semester from the date of commencement of class work.
- vi) If any candidate fulfils the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- vii) If the learning is carried out in blended mode (both offline & online), then the total attendance of the student shall be calculated considering the offline and online attendance of the student.
- viii) For induction programme attendance shall be maintained as per AICTE norms.

18. Promotion Rules:

The following academic requirements must be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in section 16.

- i) A student shall be promoted from first year to second year if he/she fulfils the minimum attendance requirement as per College norms.
- ii) A student will be promoted from II to III year if he/she fulfils the academic requirement of securing 40% of the credits (any *decimal* fraction should be **rounded off to lower** digit) up to in the subjects that have been studied up to III semester.
- iii) A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he/she fulfils the academic requirements of securing 40% of the credits (any *decimal* fraction should be **rounded off to lower** digit) in the subjects that have

been studied up to V semester.

And in case a student is detained for want of credits for a particular academic year by ii) & iii) above, the student may make up the credits through supplementary examinations and only after securing the required credits he/she shall be permitted to join in the V semester or VII semester respectively as the case may be.

- iv) When a student is detained due to lack of credits/shortage of attendance he/she may be re-admitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations. In such case, he/she shall be in the academic regulations into which he/she is readmitted.

19. Grading:

As a measure of the student's performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

After each course is evaluated for 100 marks, the marks obtained in each course will be converted to a corresponding letter grade as given below, depending on the range in which the marks obtained by the student fall.

Structure of Grading of Academic Performance

Range in which the marks in the subject fall	Grade	Grade points Assigned
90 & above	S (Superior)	10
80 - 89	A (Excellent)	9
70 - 79	B (Very Good)	8
60 - 69	C (Good)	7
50 - 59	D (Average)	6
40 - 49	E (Pass)	5
< 40	F (Fail)	0
Absent	Ab (Absent)	0

- i) A student obtaining Grade 'F' or Grade 'Ab' in a subject shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear for that subject when it is offered in the next supplementary examination.
- ii) For non-credit audit courses, "Satisfactory" or "Unsatisfactory" shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA/Percentage.

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e.,

$$SGPA = \frac{\sum (C_i \times G_i)}{\sum C_i}$$

where, C_i is the number of credits of the i th subject and G_i is the grade point scored by the student in the i th course.

The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be computed in the same manner considering all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a program, i.e.,

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum (C_i \times S_i)}{\sum C_i}$$

where “Si” is the SGPA of the ith semester and Ci is the total number of credits up to that semester.

Both SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) for a semester will be computed only for those students, who have successfully passed all the courses of that semester. Similarly Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be computed for the current semester only for those candidates who successfully completed all the courses starting from the 1st Semester to the Current Semester.

Grade Point: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale.
Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by the letters S, A, B, C, D, E and F.

Award of Class:

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of B.Tech. Degree, he/she shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	CGPA Secured
First Class with Distinction	≥ 7.5 (Without any supplementary appearance)
First Class	$\geq 6.5 < 7.5$
Second Class	$\geq 5.5 < 6.5$
Pass Class	$\geq 5.0 < 5.5$

- **Note:** Students who have written supplementary examinations to fulfil the credit requirement will not be awarded First Class with Distinction. For such students the highest degree that is awarded will be First Class Only.

CGPA to Percentage conversion Formula – (CGPA – 0.5) x 10

20. With-holding of Results

If the candidate has any dues not paid to the College or if any case of indiscipline or malpractice is pending against him/her, the result of the candidate shall be withheld in such cases.

21. Multiple Entry / Exit Option

(a) Exit Policy:

The students can choose to exit the four-year programme at the end of

First / second / third year.

- i) **UG Certificate in (Field of study/discipline)** - Programme duration: First year (first two semesters) of the undergraduate programme, 40 credits followed by an additional exit 10-credit bridge course(s) lasting two months, including at least 6- credit job-specific internship/ apprenticeship that would help the candidates acquire job-ready competencies required to enter the workforce.
- ii) **UG Diploma (in Field of study/discipline)** - Programme duration: First two years(first four semesters) of the undergraduate programme, 80 credits followed by an additional exit 10-credit bridge course(s) lasting two months, including at least 6- credit job-specific internship/ apprenticeship that would help the candidates acquire job-ready competencies required to enter the workforce.
- iii) **Bachelor of Science (in Field of study/discipline) i.e., B.Sc. Engineering in (Field of study/discipline)**- Programme duration: First three years (first six semesters) of the undergraduate programme, 120 credits.

(b) Entry Policy:

Modalities on multiple entry by the student into the B.Tech. programme will be provided in due course of time.

Note: The Universities shall resolve any issues that may arise in the implementation of Multiple Entry and Exit policies from time to time and shall review the policies in the light of periodic changes brought by UGC, AICTE and State government.

22. Gap Year Concept:

Gap year concept for Student Entrepreneur in Residence is introduced and outstanding students who wish to pursue entrepreneurship / become entrepreneur are allowed to take a break of one year at any time after II year to pursue full-time entrepreneurship programme/to establish startups. This period may be extended to two years at the most and these two years would not be counted for the time for the maximum time for graduation. The HOD of the respective department shall forward such proposals submitted by the students to the Principal. An evaluation committee constituted by the Principal shall evaluate the proposal submitted by the student and the committee shall decide whether to permit the student(s) to avail the Gap Year or not

23. Transitory Regulations

Discontinued, detained, or failed candidates are eligible for readmission as and when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations. Candidates who have been detained for want of attendance or not fulfilled academic requirements or who have failed after having undergone the course in earlier regulations or have discontinued and wish to continue the course are eligible for admission into the unfinished semester from the date of commencement of class work with the same or equivalent subjects as and when subjects are offered, subject to Section 2 and they will follow the academic regulations into which they are readmitted.

Candidates who are permitted to avail Gap Year shall be eligible for re-

joining into the succeeding year of their B.Tech from the date of commencement of class work, subject to Section 2 and they will follow the academic regulations into which they are readmitted.

24. Minimum Instruction Days for a Semester:

The minimum instruction days including exams for each semester shall be 90 days.

25. Medium of Instruction:

The medium of instruction of the entire B.Tech undergraduate programme in Engineering & Technology (including examinations and project reports) will be in English only.

26. Student Transfers:

Student transfers shall be as per the guidelines issued by the Government of Andhra Pradesh and the Universities from time to time.

27. General Instructions:

- a. The academic regulations should be read as a whole for purpose of any interpretation.
- b. Malpractices rules-nature and punishments are appended.
- c. Where the words “he”, “him”, “his”, occur in the regulations, they also include “she”, “her”, “hers”, respectively.
- d. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- e. The Universities may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments shall be made applicable to all the students on rolls with effect from the dates notified by the Universities.
- f. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the guidelines given, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor / Head of the institution is final.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R23) FOR B.TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME)

(Effective for the students getting admitted into II year through Lateral Entry Scheme from the Academic Year 2024-2025 onwards)

1. Award of the Degree

- (a) Award of the B.Tech. Degree / B.Tech. Degree with a Minor if he/she fulfils the following:
 - (i) Pursues a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years. However, for the students availing Gap year facility this period shall be extended by two years at the most and these two years would in addition to the maximum period permitted for graduation (Six years).
 - (ii) Registers for 120 credits and secures all 120 credits.

- (c) **Award of B.Tech. degree with Honors**
A student will be declared eligible for the award of the B.Tech. with Honors if he/she fulfils the following:
 - (i) Student secures additional 15 credits fulfilling all the requisites of a B.Tech. program i.e., 120 credits.
 - (ii) Registering for Honors is optional.
 - (iii) Honors is to be completed simultaneously with B.Tech. programme.

2. Students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree within six consecutive academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat.

3. Minimum Academic Requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the requirements mentioned in item no.2

- i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the end examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the mid semester evaluation and end examination taken together.

- ii. A student shall be promoted from III year to IV year if he/she fulfils the academic requirements of securing 40% of the credits (any decimal fraction should be rounded off to lower digit) in the subjects that have been studied up to V semester. And in case if student is already detained for want of credits for particular academic year, the student may make up the credits through supplementary exams of the above exams before the commencement of IV year I semester class work of next year.

4. Course Pattern

- i) The entire course of study is three academic years on semester pattern.
- ii) A student eligible to appear for the end examination in a subject but absent at it or has failed in the end examination may appear for that subject at the next supplementary examination offered.
- iii) When a student is detained due to lack of credits/shortage of attendance the student may be re-admitted when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations, the student shall be in the academic regulations into which he/she is readmitted.

- 5. All other regulations as applicable for B.Tech. Four-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).

MALPRACTICES RULES

DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

- The Principal shall refer the cases of Malpractices in Internal Assessment Test and Semester end examinations to a malpractice prevention committee constituted by him for the purpose. Such committee shall follow the approved levels of punishment. The Principal shall take necessary action against the students based on the recommendations of the committee.
- Any action by the candidate trying to get undue advantage in the performance or trying to help another, or derive the same through unfair means is punishable according to the provisions contained here under

	Nature of Malpractices/ Improper conduct	Punishment
	<i>If the candidate:</i>	
1(a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination).	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
1(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the college.

3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate, who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and to be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all college examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all college examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Assistant Superintendent /any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the Police and a police case is registered against them.

	<p>person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.</p>	
7.	<p>Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.</p>	<p>Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all college examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.</p>
8.	<p>Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.</p>	<p>Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.</p>
9.	<p>If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.</p>	<p>Student of the college expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.</p>

		The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the college will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the college for further action to award suitable punishment.	

OTHER MATTERS:

1. Physically challenged candidates who have availed additional examination time and a scribe during their intermediate / EAPCET examinations will be given similar concessions on production of relevant proof / documents.
2. The Principal shall deal in an appropriate manner with any academic problem which is not covered under these rules and regulations, in consultation with the Controller of Examinations and Heads of the departments and subsequently such actions shall be placed before the Academic Council for ratification. Any emergency modification of regulation, approved in the meetings of the Heads of the departments shall be reported to the Academic Council for ratification.

GENERAL:

1. The academic council may, from time to time, revise, amend or change the regulations, schemes of examinations and / or syllabi.
2. Where ever the words “he”, “him”, “his” occur in the regulations, they include “she”, “her”, “hers”.
3. The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
4. In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Principal is final.
5. Malpractice cases will be indicated in the grade card with letters ‘MP’.



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA






KAKINADA-533003, Andhra Pradesh (India)
For Constituent Colleges and Affiliated Colleges of JNTUK

Ragging

Prohibition of ragging in educational institutions Act 26 of 1997

Salient Features

- ⇒ Ragging within or outside any educational institution is prohibited.
- ⇒ Ragging means doing an act which causes or is likely to cause Insult or Annoyance of Fear or Apprehension or Threat or Intimidation or outrage of modesty or Injury to a student

	Imprisonment upto		Fine Upto
Teasing, Embarrassing & Humiliation	 6 Months	+	Rs. 1,000/-
Assaulting or Using Criminal force or Criminal intimidation	 1 Year	+	Rs. 2,000/-
Wrongfully restraining or confining or causing hurt	 2 Years	+	Rs. 5,000/-
Causing grievous hurt, kidnapping or Abducts or rape or committing unnatural offence	 5 Years	+	Rs. 10,000/-
Causing death or abetting suicide	 10 Months	+	Rs. 50,000/-

In Case of Emergency CALL TOLL FREE No. : 1800 - 425 - 1288

LET US MAKE JNTUK A RAGGING FREE UNIVERSITY

ANNEXURE-I

COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT

Experiential learning through community engagement

As per the decision of the concerned department BOS

Introduction

- Community Service Project is an experiential learning strategy that integrates meaningful community service with instruction, participation, learning and community development
- Community Service Project involves students in community development and service activities and applies the experience to personal and academic development.
- Community Service Project is meant to link the community with the college for mutual benefit. The community will be benefited with the focused contribution of the college students for the village/ local development. The college finds an opportunity to develop social sensibility and responsibility among students and also emerge as a socially responsible institution.

Objective

Community Service Project should be an integral part of the curriculum, as an alternative to the 2 months of Summer Internships / Apprenticeships / On the Job Training, whenever there is an exigency when students cannot pursue their summer internships. The specific objectives are;

- To sensitize the students to the living conditions of the people who are around them,
- To help students to realize the stark realities of the society.
- To bring about an attitudinal change in the students and help them to develop societal consciousness, sensibility, responsibility and accountability
- To make students aware of their inner strength and help them to find new /out of box solutions to the social problems.
- To make students socially responsible citizens who are sensitive to the needs of the disadvantaged sections.
- To help students to initiate developmental activities in the community in coordination with public and government authorities.
- To develop a holistic life perspective among the students by making them study culture, traditions, habits, lifestyles, resource utilization, wastages and its management, social problems, public administration system and the roles and responsibilities of different persons across different social systems.
- Implementation of Community Service Project
- Every student should put in a minimum of **180 hours** for the Community Service Project during the summer vacation.
- Each class/section should be assigned with a mentor.

- Specific Departments could concentrate on their major areas of concern. For example, Dept. of Computer Science can take up activities related to Computer Literacy to different sections of people like - youth, women, house-wives, etc
- A log book has to be maintained by each of the student, where the activities undertaken/involved to be recorded.
- The log book has to be countersigned by the concerned mentor/faculty incharge.
- Evaluation to be done based on the active participation of the student and grade could be awarded by the mentor/faculty member.
- The final evaluation to be reflected in the grade memo of the student.
- The Community Service Project should be different from the regular programmes of NSS/NCC/Green Corps/Red Ribbon Club, etc.
- Minor project report should be submitted by each student. An internal Viva shall also be conducted by a committee constituted by the principal of the college.
- Award of marks shall be made as per the guidelines of Internship/apprentice/ on the job training

Procedure

- A group of students or even a single student could be assigned for a particular habitation or village or municipal ward, as far as possible, in the near vicinity of their place of stay, so as to enable them to commute from their residence and return back by evening or so.
- The Community Service Project is a twofold one –
 - First, the student/s could conduct a survey of the habitation, if necessary, in terms of their own domain or subject area. Or it can even be a general survey, incorporating all the different areas. A common survey format could be designed. This should not be viewed as a duplication of work by the Village or Ward volunteers, rather, it could be another primary source of data.
 - Secondly, the student/s could take up a social activity, concerning their domain or subject area. The different areas, could be like –
 - Agriculture
 - Health
 - Marketing and Cooperation
 - Animal Husbandry
 - Horticulture
 - Fisheries
 - Sericulture
 - Revenue and Survey
 - Natural Disaster Management

- Irrigation
- Law & Order
- Excise and Prohibition
- Mines and Geology
- Energy
- Internet
- Free Electricity
- Drinking Water

EXPECTED OUTCOMES

BENEFITS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT TO STUDENTS

Learning Outcomes

- Positive impact on students' academic learning
- Improves students' ability to apply what they have learned in "the real world"
- Positive impact on academic outcomes such as demonstrated complexity of understanding, problem analysis, problem-solving, critical thinking, and cognitive development
- Improved ability to understand complexity and ambiguity

Personal Outcomes

- Greater sense of personal efficacy, personal identity, spiritual growth, and moral development
- Greater interpersonal development, particularly the ability to work well with others, and build leadership and communication skills

Social Outcomes

- Reduced stereotypes and greater inter-cultural understanding
- Improved social responsibility and citizenship skills
- Greater involvement in community service after graduation

Career Development

- Connections with professionals and community members for learning and

career opportunities

- Greater academic learning, leadership skills, and personal efficacy can lead to greater opportunity

Relationship with the Institution

- Stronger relationships with faculty
- Greater satisfaction with college
- Improved graduation rates

BENEFITS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT TO FACULTY MEMBERS

- Satisfaction with the quality of student learning
- New avenues for research and publication via new relationships between faculty and community
- Providing networking opportunities with engaged faculty in other disciplines or institutions
- A stronger commitment to one's research

BENEFITS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT TO COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

- Improved institutional commitment
- Improved student retention
- Enhanced community relations

BENEFITS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT TO COMMUNITY

- Satisfaction with student participation
- Valuable human resources needed to achieve community goals
- New energy, enthusiasm and perspectives applied to community work
- Enhanced community-university relations.

SUGGESTIVE LIST OF PROGRAMMES UNDER COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT

The following is the recommended list of projects for engineering students. The lists are not exhaustive and open for additions, deletions and modifications. Colleges are expected to focus on specific local issues for this kind of projects. The students are expected to carry out these projects with involvement, commitment, responsibility and accountability. The mentors of a group of students should take the responsibility of motivating, facilitating, and guiding the students. They have to interact with local leadership and people and appraise the objectives and benefits of this kind of projects. The project reports shall be placed in the college website for reference. Systematic, Factual, methodical and honest reporting shall be ensured.

For Engineering Students

1. Water facilities and drinking water availability
2. Health and hygiene
3. Stress levels and coping mechanisms
4. Health intervention programmes
5. Horticulture
6. Herbal plants
7. Botanical survey
8. Zoological survey
9. Marine products
10. Aqua culture
11. Inland fisheries

Induction Programme

S.No	Course Name	Category	L-T-P-C
1	Physical Activities -- Sports, Yoga and Meditation ,Plantation	MC	0-0-6-0
2	Career Counselling	MC	2-0-2-0
3	Orientation to all branches -- career options, tools, etc.	MC	3-0-0-0
4	Orientation on admitted Branch – corresponding labs, tools and platforms	EC	2-0-3-0
5	Proficiency Modules & Productivity Tools	ES	2-1-2-0
6	Assessment on basic aptitude and mathematical skills	MC	2-0-3-0
7	Remedial Training in Foundation Courses	MC	2-1-2-0
8	Human Values & Professional Ethics	MC	3-0-0-0
9	Communication Skills -- focus on Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing skills	BS	2-1-2-0
10	Concepts of Programming	ES	2-0-2-0

I B.Tech I SEMESTER

S.No	Subject	Course Code	Cat.Code	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	L	T	P	Credits
1	LINEAR ALGEBRA & CALCULUS	R23CC1101	BS&H	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
2	INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING	R23CC1102	ES	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
3	ENGINEERING PHYSICS	R23CC1106	BS&H	30	70	100	2	0	0	3
4	BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	R23CC1107	ES	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
5	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS	R23CC1108	BS&H	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
6	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LAB	R23CC11L1	ES	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
7	IT WORKSHOP	R23CC11L5	BS&H	30	70	100	0	0	2	1
8	ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB	R23CC11L6	ES	30	70	100	0	0	2	1
9	EEE WORKSHOP	R23CC11L7	BS&H	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
10	NSS/NCC/SCOUTS & GUIDES/COMMUNITY SERVICE	R23CC11MC2	BS&H	100	-	100	-	-	1	0.5
TOTAL										20.5

I B.TECH I-SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1101	LINEAR ALGEBRA & CALCULUS						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. Grasping fundamental principles in linear algebra, including linear transformations, solving systems of linear equations, and applying matrix calculus.
2. To become proficiency in solving computational problems of linear algebra.
3. To acquire knowledge on mean value theorems in calculus.
4. Familiarization about the techniques in calculus and multivariate analysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, the students should be able to

CO 1 : Solve the system of linear equations and transformations. [K3]

CO 2: Analyze the applications of matrices in various fields and obtain Eigen values and Eigenvectors. [K4]

CO 3: Utilize mean value theorems to real life problems.[K3]

CO 4: Apply the functions of several variables to evaluate the rates of change with respect to time and space variables in engineering. [K3]

CO 5: Identify the area and volume by interlinking them to appropriate double and triple integrals. [[K3]

UNIT-I: Matrices

Introduction to Linear Transformation-Rank of a matrix by Echelon form and normal form - Cauchy- Binet formulae (without proof) - Inverse of non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method - System of linear equations: Solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations - Gauss elimination method, Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel iteration methods.

Applications: L-C-R Circuits

UNIT-II: Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors and Orthogonal transformation

Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors and their properties - Diagonalization of a matrix - Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem - Quadratic form and nature of a quadratic form - Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation.

UNIT-III: Calculus

Mean Value Theorems (without proofs): Rolle 's Theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem with their geometrical interpretation - Cauchy's mean value theorem - Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders - Problems and applications on the above theorems.

UNIT-IV: Partial differentiation and Applications (Multi variable calculus)

Functions of several variables: Continuity and Differentiability - Partial derivatives – Homogeneous function-Euler's Theorem on homogeneous functions-Total derivatives - Chain rule - Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion of functions of two variables - Jacobians – Functional dependence - Maxima and minima of functions of two variables - Method of Lagrange's multipliers.

UNIT-V: Multiple Integrals (Multi variable calculus)

Double integrals - Triple integrals - Change of order of integration - Change of variables to polar, cylindrical and spherical coordinates - Finding areas (by double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

Textbooks:

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers, 2017, 44th Edition.
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, John Wiley & Sons, 2018, 10th Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Thomas Calculus, George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Pearson Publishers, 2018, 14th Edition.
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2021 5th Edition (9th reprint).
3. Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, Glyn James, Pearson publishers, 2018, 5th Edition.
4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Micheael Greenberg, Pearson publishers, 9th edition.
5. Higher Engineering Mathematics, H. K. Das, Er. Rajnish Verma, S. Chand Publications, 2014, Third Edition (Reprint 2021).

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1102	INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce students to the fundamentals of computer programming.
- To provide hands-on experience with coding and debugging.
- To foster logical thinking and problem-solving skills using programming.
- To familiarize students with programming concepts such as data types, control structures, functions, and arrays.
- To encourage collaborative learning and teamwork in coding projects.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1: Infer the basic concepts of computers, algorithms and Flowcharts [K3].

CO2: Develop programs using appropriate control structures [K3].

CO3: Write programs using arrays and strings [K3].

CO4: Develop programs using structures and pointers. [K3].

CO5: Make use of functions and file Operations in C programming for a given application [K3].

SYLLABUS:**UNIT I : Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving**

History of Computers, Basic organization of a computer: ALU, input-output units, memory, program counter, Introduction to Programming Languages, Basics of a Computer Program- Algorithms, flowcharts (Using Dia Tool), pseudo code. Introduction to Compilation and Execution, Primitive Data Types, Variables, and Constants, Basic Input and Output, Operators, Type Conversion, and Casting.

Problem solving techniques: Algorithmic approach, characteristics of algorithm, Problem solving strategies: Top-down approach, Bottom-up approach, Time and space complexities of algorithms.

UNIT II : Control Structures

Simple sequential programs Conditional Statements (if, if-else, switch), Loops (for, while, do-while) Break and Continue.

UNIT III : Arrays and Strings

Arrays indexing, memory model, programs with array of integers, two dimensional arrays, Strings: Introduction – Reading Strings – Writing Strings – String Manipulation functions - Array of Strings.

UNIT IV : Pointers & User Defined Data types

Pointers, dereferencing and address operators, pointer and address arithmetic, array manipulation using pointers, User-defined data types-Structures and Unions.

UNIT V : Functions & File Handling

Introduction to Functions, Function Declaration and Definition, Function call Return Types and Arguments, modifying parameters inside functions using pointers, arrays as parameters. Scope and Lifetime of Variables, Basics of File Handling

Note: The syllabus is designed with C Language as the fundamental language of implementation.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. "The C Programming Language", Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Prentice-Hall, 2005.
2. C Programming, A Problem Solving Approach, Forouzan, Gilberg, Prasad, CENGAGE, 3rd edition.
3. How to solve it by Computer, R G Dromey, and Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Computing Fundamentals and C Programming, Balagurusamy, E., McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
2. Programming in C, Rema Theraja, Oxford, 2016, 2nd edition
3. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, Byron S Gottfried, McGraw-Hill Education, 1998.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1106	Engineering Physics						

Course Objectives:

- To bridge the gap between the Physics at 10+2 level and UG level engineering courses
- Identifying the importance of Lasers and optical fibers,
- Enlightening the periodic arrangement of atoms in crystalline solids and concepts of quantum mechanics,
- Introduce novel concepts of magnetic materials and superconductors, physics of semiconductors and smart materials.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, student will be able to

CO 1 : Analyze the intensity variation of Laser light and it's propagation in optical fibers.

[K4]

CO 2 : Familiarize with the basics of crystals and their structures. **[K3]**

CO 3 : Summarize various types of Magnetic materials and Super conductors.**[K2]**

CO 4 : Explain the basic concepts of Quantum Mechanics and the band theory of solids. **[K2]**

CO 5 : Identify the type of semiconductor and smart materials. **[K3]**

UNIT I: Lasers and Optical Fibers

Lasers: Introduction – Characteristics of lasers – Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation – Population inversion - Einstein's coefficients and relation between them - Ruby laser – Helium Neon laser- Semiconductor laser-Applications.

Optical Fibers: Introduction- Basic Structure and Principle of optical fiber - Acceptance angle – Acceptance cone - Numerical Aperture - Step Index and Graded index fibers -Applications.

UNIT II: Crystallography and X-ray diffraction

Crystallography: Space lattice, Basis, Unit Cell and lattice parameters – Bravais Lattices – crystal systems (3D) – coordination number - packing fraction of SC, BCC & FCC.

X-ray diffraction: Miller indices – separation between successive (hkl) planes.Bragg's law - crystal structure determination by Laue's and powder methods.

UNIT III: Magnetic Materials and Superconductivity

Magnetic Materials: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility, permeability and relation between them - Atomic origin of magnetism - Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para, Ferro, anti-ferro & Ferri magnetic materials - Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials.

Superconductivity: Introduction- Properties, Meissner effect - Type-I and Type-II superconductors- BCS Theory- AC and DC Josephson effect-Applications

UNIT IV: Quantum Mechanics and Free electron theory

Quantum Mechanics: de-Broglie's matter Waves – Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle– Significance and properties of wave function – Schrodinger's time independent wave equation – Particle in a one-dimensional infinite potential well.

Free Electron Theory: Classical free electron theory (Qualitative with discussion of merits and demerits) – electrical conductivity based on Classical free electron theory -Quantum free electron theory – Fermi energy- Fermi-Dirac distribution.

UNIT V: Semiconductors and Smart materials

Semiconductors: Formation of energy bands – classification of solids – Types of semiconductors - Drift and diffusion currents – Einstein's equation - Hall Effect and its applications.

Smart materials: Introduction – properties- types of smart materials- shape memory alloys – piezoelectric materials- magnetostrictive materials – Thermoelectric materials- magneto rheological fluids- electro rheological fluids- Chromic materials – Engineering applications of smart materials.

Textbooks:

1. A Text book of Engineering Physics - M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy, S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.
2. Engineering Physics - D.K.Bhattacharya and Poonam Tandon, Oxford press (2015).

Reference Books:

1. Engineering Physics - B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Cengage Learning
2. Engineering Physics - Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Education, 2018.
3. Engineering Physics – Sanjay D. Jain, D. Sahasrabudhe and Girish, University Press.
4. Engineering Physics - M.R. Srinivasan, New Age international publishers (2009).

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1107	BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING						

PART A: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Course Objectives

To expose to the field of electrical & electronics engineering, laws and principles of electrical/ electronic engineering and to acquire fundamental knowledge in the relevant field.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course students will be able to

CO1: Explore the fundamental laws and concept of DC and AC circuits. **(K3)**

CO2: Demonstrate the working and operating principles of electrical machines, measuring instruments. **(K3)**

CO3: Demonstrate the working and operating principles of different power generation stations. **(K3)**

CO4: Calculate electrical load, electricity bill of residential and commercial buildings and safety measures. **(K3)**

UNIT I : DC & AC Circuits

DC Circuits: Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), Ohm's Law and its limitations, KCL & KVL, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits, Super Position theorem, Simple numerical problems.

AC Circuits: A.C. Fundamentals: Equation of AC Voltage and current, waveform, time period, frequency, amplitude, phase, phase difference, average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor, Voltage and current relationship with phasor diagrams in R, L, and C circuits, Concept of Impedance, Active power, reactive power and apparent power, Concept of power factor (Simple Numerical problems).

UNIT II: Machines and Measuring Instruments

Machines: Construction, principle and operation of (i) DC Motor, (ii) DC Generator, (iii) Single Phase Transformer, (iv) Three Phase Induction Motor and (v) Alternator, Applications of electrical machines.

Measuring Instruments: Construction and working principle of Permanent Magnet Moving Coil (PMMC), Moving Iron (MI) Instruments and Wheat Stone bridge.

UNIT III : Energy Resources, Electricity Bill & Safety Measures

Energy Resources: Conventional and non-conventional energy resources; Layout and operation of various Power Generation systems: Hydel, Nuclear, Solar & Wind power generation.

Electricity bill: Power rating of household appliances including air conditioners, PCs, Laptops, Printers, etc. Definition of “unit” used for consumption of electrical energy, two-part electricity tariff, calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumers.

Equipment Safety Measures: Working principle of Fuse and Miniature circuit breaker (MCB), merits and demerits. Personal safety measures: Electric Shock, Earthing and its types, Safety Precautions to avoid shock.

Textbooks:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, 2019, First Edition
2. Power System Engineering, P.V. Gupta, M.L. Soni, U.S. Bhatnagar and A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2013
3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Rajendra Prasad, PHI publishers, 2014, Third Edition

Reference Books:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Mc Graw Hill, 2019, Fourth Edition
2. Principles of Power Systems, V.K. Mehtha, S.Chand Technical Publishers, 2020
3. Basic Electrical Engineering, T. K. Nagsarkar and M. S. Sukhija, Oxford University Press, 2017
4. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, S. K. Bhattacharya, Person Publications, 2018, Second Edition.

Web Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105053>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108076>

PART B: BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- To teach the fundamentals of semiconductor devices and its applications, principles of digital electronics.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course students will be able to

CO1: Describe the working of diode and explore the operation of BJT and its applications. **(K2)**

CO2: Describe the working of Rectifiers and amplifiers in electronic circuits. **(K2)**

CO3: Manipulate numeric information in different forms, various codes such as ASCII, Gray, and BCD, simple Boolean expressions and Boolean Theorems **(K3)**

CO4: Design and analyse combinational circuits, sequential circuits, flip flops Registers and Counters. **(K4)**

UNIT I: SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

Introduction - Evolution of electronics – Vacuum tubes to nano electronics - Characteristics of PN Junction Diode — Zener Effect — Zener Diode and its Characteristics. Bipolar Junction Transistor — CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics — Elementary Treatment of Small Signal CE Amplifier.

UNIT II : BASIC ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTATION

Block diagram description of a dc power supply, working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis), working of simple zener voltage regulator. Amplifiers: Block diagram of Public Address system, Circuit diagram and working of common emitter (RC coupled) amplifier with its frequency response. Electronic Instrumentation: Block diagram of an electronic instrumentation system.

UNIT III : DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Overview of Number Systems, Logic gates including Universal Gates, BCD codes, Excess-3 code, Gray code, Hamming code. Boolean Algebra, Basic Theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Truth Tables and Functionality of Logic Gates – NOT, OR, AND, NOR, NAND, XOR and XNOR. Simple combinational circuits–Half and Full Adders. Introduction to sequential circuits, Flip flops(S-R, J-K, D and T Flip flops), Registers(4-bit Shift Register - serial input and output) and counters (Ripple Counters, Binary Ripple Counter, Ring Counter) (Elementary Treatment only)

Textbooks:

1. R. L. Boylestad & Louis Nashlesky, Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory, Pearson Education, 2021.
2. R. P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2009

Reference Books:

1. R. S. Sedha, A Textbook of Electronic Devices and Circuits, S. Chand & Co, 2010.
2. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar, A. Vallavaraj, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" Tata McGraw-Hill, Second Edition, 2008.
3. Jacob Millman, C. Halkies, C.D. Parikh, Satyabrata Jit, "Integrated Electronics", Tata McGraw-Hill, Second Edition, 2011.

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	1	0	4	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1108	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS						

Course Objectives:

- To enable the students with various concepts like dimensioning, conventions and standards related to Engineering Drawing
- To impart knowledge on the projection of points, lines and plane surfaces
- To improve the visualization skills for better understanding of projection of solids
- To develop the imaginative skills of the students required to understand Section of solid and Developments of surfaces.
- To make the students understand the viewing perception of a solid object in Isometric and Perspective projections.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course students will be able to

CO1: Construct the principles of engineering drawing, including engineering curves, scales, Orthographic and isometric projections.(**K3**)

CO2: Construct orthographic projections of points, lines, planes and solids in front, top and Side views.(**K3**)

CO3: Analyze and draw projection of solids in various positions in first Quadrant.(**K4**)

CO4: Develop the sections of Solids & Development of Surfaces.(**K3**)

CO5: Compare & Draw isometric Views & Orthographic Views.(**K2**)

UNIT I

Introduction: Lines, Lettering and Dimensioning, Geometrical Constructions and Constructing regular polygons by general methods.

Curves: construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by general, Cycloids, Involute, Normal and tangent to Curves.

Scales: Plain scales, diagonal scales and vernier scales.

UNIT II

Orthographic Projections: Reference plane, importance of reference lines or Plane, Projections of a point situated in any one of the four quadrants.

Projections of Straight Lines: Projections of straight lines parallel to both reference planes,

Perpendicular to one reference plane and parallel to other reference plane, inclined to one reference plane and parallel to the other reference plane. Projections of Straight Line Inclined to both the reference planes

Projections of Planes: regular planes Perpendicular to both reference planes, parallel to one reference plane and inclined to the other reference plane; plane inclined to both the reference planes.

UNIT III

Projections of Solids: Types of solids: Polyhedral and Solids of revolution. Projections of solids in simple positions: Axis perpendicular to horizontal plane, Axis perpendicular to vertical plane and Axis parallel to both the reference planes, Projection of Solids with axis inclined to one reference plane and parallel to another plane.

UNIT IV

Sections of Solids: Perpendicular and inclined section planes, Sectional views and True shape of section, Sections of solids in simple position only.

Development of Surfaces: Methods of Development: Parallel line development and radial line development. Development of a cube, prism, cylinder, pyramid and cone.

UNIT V

Conversion of Views: Conversion of isometric views to orthographic views; Conversion of orthographic views to isometric views.

Computer graphics: Creating 2D&3D drawings of objects including PCB and Transformations using Auto CAD (*Not for end examination*).

Textbook:

1. N. D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House, 2016.

Reference Books:

1. Engineering Drawing, K.L. Narayana and P. Kanniah, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.
2. Engineering Drawing, M.B.Shah and B.C. Rana, Pearson Education Inc,2009.
3. Engineering Drawing with an Introduction to AutoCAD, Dhananjay Jolhe, TataMcGraw Hill, 2017.

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CC11L1	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LAB						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The course aims to give students hands – on experience and train them on the concepts of the C- programming language.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1: Analyze and trace the execution of programs written in C language [**K4**].

CO2: Implement programs with appropriate control structures for solving the problems [**K3**].

CO3: Develop C programs which utilize memory efficiently using programming constructs like pointers [**K3**].

CO4: Code, Debug and Execute programs to demonstrate the applications of arrays, functions, files and various other concepts in C [**K3**].

UNIT1**WEEK 1**

Objective: Getting familiar with the programming environment on the computer and writing the first program.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 1: Problem-solving using Computers.

Lab1: Familiarization with programming environment

- Basic Linux environment and its editors like Vi, Vim & Emacs etc.
- Basic commands of Linux (sudo, pwd, cd, ls, cat, cp, mv, mkdir, rmdir, rm, touch, locate, find, grep, df, du, head, tail, diff, tar, chmod, chown, kill, ping)
- Exposure to Turbo C, gcc
- Writing simple programs using printf(), scanf()

WEEK 2

Objective: Getting familiar with how to formally describe a solution to a problem in a series of finite steps both using textual notation and graphic notation.

Suggested Experiments /Activities:

Tutorial 2: Problem-solving using Algorithms and Flow charts.

Lab 1: Converting algorithms/flow charts into C Source code.

Developing the algorithms/flowcharts for the following sample programs

- i) Sum and average of 3 numbers
- ii) Conversion of Fahrenheit to Celsius and vice versa
- iii) Simple interest calculation

WEEK 3

Objective: Learn how to define variables with the desired data-type, initialize them with appropriate values and how arithmetic operators can be used with variables and constants.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 3: Variable types and type conversions:

Lab 3: Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions.

- i) Finding the square root of a given number
- ii) Finding compound interest
- iii) Area of a triangle using heron's formulae
- iv) Distance travelled by an object

UNIT II

WEEK 4

Objective: Explore the full scope of expressions, type-compatibility of variables & constants and operators used in the expression and how operator precedence works.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial4: Operators and the precedence and as associativity:

Lab4: Simple computational problems using the operator' precedence and associativity

- i) Evaluate the following expressions.
 - a. $A+B*C+(D*E) + F*G$
 - b. $A/B*C-B+A*D/3$
 - c. $A+++B---A$
 - d. $J= (i++) + (++i)$
- ii) Find the maximum of three numbers using conditional operator
- iii) Take marks of 5 subjects in integers, and find the total, average in float

WEEK 5

Objective: Explore the full scope of different variants of “if construct” namely if-else, null-else, if-else if*-else, switch and nested-if including in what scenario each one of them can be

used and how to use them. Explore all relational and logical operators while writing conditionals for “if construct”.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 5: Branching and logical expressions:

Lab 5: Problems involving if-then-else structures.

- i) Write a C program to find the max and min of four numbers using if-else.
- ii) Write a C program to generate electricity bill.
- iii) Find the roots of the quadratic equation.
- iv) Write a C program to simulate a calculator using switch case.
- v) Write a C program to find the given year is a leap year or not.

WEEK 6

Objective: Explore the full scope of iterative constructs namely while loop, do-while loop and for loop in addition to structured jump constructs like break and continue including when each of these statements is more appropriate to use.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 6: Loops, while and for loops

Lab 6: Iterative problems e.g., the sum of series

- i) Find the factorial of given number using any loop.
- ii) Find the given number is a prime or not.
- iii) Compute sine and cos series
- iv) Checking a number palindrome
- v) Construct a pyramid of numbers.

UNIT III

WEEK 7:

Objective: Explore the full scope of Arrays construct namely defining and initializing 1-D and 2-D and more generically n-D arrays and referencing individual array elements from the defined array. Using integer 1-D arrays, explore search solution linear search.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 7: 1 D Arrays: searching.

Lab 7: 1D Array manipulation, linear search

- i) Find the min and max of a 1-D integer array.
- ii) Perform linear search on 1D array.
- iii) The reverse of a 1D integer array

- iv) Find 2's complement of the given binary number.
- v) Eliminate duplicate elements in an array.

WEEK 8:

Objective: Explore the difference between other arrays and character arrays that can be used as Strings by using null character and get comfortable with string by doing experiments that will reverse a string and concatenate two strings. Explore sorting solution bubble sort using integer arrays.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 8: 2 D arrays, sorting and Strings.

Lab 8: Matrix problems, String operations, Bubble sort

- i) Addition of two matrices
- ii) Multiplication two matrices
- iii) Sort array elements using bubble sort
- iv) Concatenate two strings without built-in functions
- v) Reverse a string using built-in and without built-in string functions

UNIT IV

WEEK :9

Objective: Explore pointers to manage a dynamic array of integers, including memory allocation & value initialization, resizing changing and reordering the contents of an array and memory de-allocation using malloc (), calloc (), realloc () and free () functions. Gain experience processing command-line arguments received by C

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 9: Pointers, structures and dynamic memory allocation

Lab 9: Pointers and structures, memory dereference.

- i) Write a C program to find the sum of a 1D array using malloc
- ii) Write a C program to find the total, average of n students using structures
- iii) Enter n students data using calloc() and display failed students list
- iv) Read student name and marks from the command line and display the student details along with the total.
- v) Write a C program to implement realloc()

WEEK 10:

Objective: Experiment with C Structures, Unions, bit fields and self-referential structures (Singly linked lists) and nested structures

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 10: Bitfields, Self-Referential Structures, Linked lists

Lab10 : Bitfields, linked lists

Read and print a date using dd/mm/yyyy format using bit-fields and differentiate the same without using bit- fields

- i) Create and display a singly linked list using self-referential structure.
- ii) Demonstrate the differences between structures and unions using a C program.
- iii) Write a C program to shift/rotate using bitfields.
- iv) Write a C program to copy one structure variable to another structure of the same type.

UNIT V

WEEK 11:

Objective: Explore the Functions, sub-routines, scope and extent of variables, doing some experiments by parameter passing using call by value. Basic methods of numerical integration

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 11: Functions, call by value, scope and extent,

Lab 11: Simple functions using call by value, solving differential equations using Eulers theorem.

- i) Write a C function to calculate NCR value.
- ii) Write a C function to find the length of a string.
- iii) Write a C function to transpose of a matrix.
- iv) Write a C function to demonstrate numerical integration of differential equations using Euler's method

WEEK 12:

Objective: Explore how recursive solutions can be programmed by writing recursive functions that can be invoked from the main by programming at-least five distinct problems that have naturally recursive solutions.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 12: Recursion, the structure of recursive calls

Lab 12: Recursive functions

- i) Write a recursive function to generate Fibonacci series.
- ii) Write a recursive function to find the lcm of two numbers.
- iii) Write a recursive function to find the factorial of a number.
- iv) Write a C Program to implement Ackermann function using recursion.

- v) Write a recursive function to find the sum of series.

WEEK 13:

Objective: Explore the basic difference between normal and pointer variables, Arithmetic operations using pointers and passing variables to functions using pointers

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 13: Call by reference, dangling pointers

Lab 13: Simple functions using Call by reference, Dangling pointers.

- i) Write a C program to swap two numbers using call by reference.
- ii) Demonstrate Dangling pointer problem using a C program.
- iii) Write a C program to copy one string into another using pointer.
- iv) Write a C program to find no of lowercase, uppercase, digits and other characters using pointers.

WEEK14:

Objective: To understand data files and file handling with various file I/O functions. Explore the differences between text and binary files.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 14: File handling

Lab 14: File operations

- i) Write a C program to write and read text into a file.
- ii) Write a C program to write and read text into a binary file using fread() and fwrite()
- iii) Copy the contents of one file to another file.
- iv) Write a C program to merge two files into the third file using command-line arguments.
- v) Find no. of lines, words and characters in a file
- vi) Write a C program to print last n characters of a given file.

WEEK 15: Virtual Labs:

<https://ps-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html>

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Ajay Mittal, Programming in C: A practical approach, Pearson.
2. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw Hill

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice-Hall of India
2. C Programming, A Problem-Solving Approach, Forouzan, Gilberg, Prasad, CENGAGE.

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	XTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	2	30	70	100	1
SUB CODE: R23CC11L5	IT WORKSHOP						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the internal parts of a computer, peripherals, I/O ports, connecting cables
- To demonstrate configuring the system as Dual boot both Windows and other Operating Systems Viz. Linux, BOSS
- To teach basic command line interface commands on Linux.
- To teach the usage of Internet for productivity and self-paced life-long learning
- To introduce Compression, Multimedia and Antivirus tools and Office Tools such as Word processors, Spread sheets and Presentation tools.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1: Identify Hardware components and inter dependencies [K3].

CO2: Utilize Antivirus s/w to safeguard computer systems while using Internet [K3].

CO3: Develop a Document or Presentation. [K6]

CO4: Make use of spreadsheets to perform calculations [K3].

CO5: Utilize the AI Tool Chat GPT [K3].

PC Hardware & Software Installation

Task 1: Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor.

Task 2: Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Lab instructors should verify the work and follow it up with a Viva. Also students need to go through the video which shows the process of assembling a PC. A video would be given as part of the course content.

Task 3: Every student should individually install MS windows on the personal computer. Lab instructor should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.

Task 4: Every student should install Linux on the computer. This computer should have windows installed. The system should be configured as dual boot (VMWare) with both

Windows and Linux. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

Task 5: Every student should install BOSS on the computer. The system should be configured as dual boot (VMWare) with both Windows and BOSS. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

Internet & World Wide Web

Task1: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp: Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate, to the instructor, how to access the websites and email. If there is no internet connectivity preparations need to be made by the instructors to simulate the WWW on the LAN.

Task 2: Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured.

Task 3: Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. A few topics would be given to the students for which they need to search on Google. This should be demonstrated to the instructors by the student.

Task 4: Cyber Hygiene: Students would be exposed to the various threats on the internet and would be asked to configure their computer to be safe on the internet. They need to customize their browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

LaTeX and WORD

Task 1 – Word Orientation: The mentor needs to give an overview of La TeX and Microsoft (MS) office or equivalent (FOSS) tool word: Importance of La TeX and MS office or equivalent (FOSS) tool Word as word Processors, Details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each, Using La TeXand word – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving files, Using help and resources, rulers, format painter in word.

Task 2: Using La TeX and Word to create a project certificate. Features to be covered:- Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both La TeX and Word.

Task 3: Creating project abstract Features to be covered:-Formatting Styles, Inserting table, Bullets and Numbering, Changing Text Direction, Cell alignment, Footnote, Hyperlink, Symbols, Spell Check, Track Changes.

Task 4: Creating a Newsletter: Features to be covered:- Table of Content, Newspaper columns,

Images from files and clipart, Drawing toolbar and Word Art, Formatting Images, Textboxes, Paragraphs and Mail Merge in word.

EXCEL

Excel Orientation: The mentor needs to tell the importance of MS office or equivalent (FOSS) tool Excel as a Spreadsheet tool, give the details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each. Using Excel – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving excel files, Using help and resources.

Task 1: Creating a Scheduler - Features to be covered: Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text

Task 2: Calculating GPA -. Features to be covered:- Cell Referencing, Formulae in excel – average, std. deviation, Charts, Renaming and Inserting worksheets, Hyper linking, Count function,

LOOKUP/VLOOKUP

Task 3: Split cells, freeze panes, group and outline, Sorting, Boolean and logical operators, Conditional formatting

POWER POINT

Task 1: Students will be working on basic power point utilities and tools which help them create basic power point presentations. PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Word Art, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows in PowerPoint.

Task 2: Interactive presentations - Hyperlinks, Inserting –Images, Clip Art, Audio, Video, Objects, Tables and Charts.

Task 3: Master Layouts (slide, template, and notes), Types of views (basic, presentation, slide slotter, notes etc), and Inserting – Background, textures, Design Templates, Hidden slides.

AI TOOLS – Chat GPT

Task 1: Prompt Engineering: Experiment with different types of prompts to see how the model responds. Try asking questions, starting conversations, or even providing incomplete sentences to see how the model completes them.

- Ex: Prompt: "You are a knowledgeable AI. Please answer the following question: What is the capital of France?"

Task 2: Creative Writing: Use the model as a writing assistant. Provide the beginning of a story or a description of a scene, and let the model generate the rest of the content. This can be a fun way to brainstorm creative ideas

- Ex: Prompt: "In a world where gravity suddenly stopped working, people started floating upwards. Write a story about how society adapted to this new reality."

Task 3: Language Translation: Experiment with translation tasks by providing a sentence in one language and asking the model to translate it into another language. Compare the output to see how accurate and fluent the translations are.

- Ex: Prompt: "Translate the following English sentence to French: 'Hello, how are you doing today?'"

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Comdex Information Technology course tool kit, Vikas Gupta, WILEY Dream tech, 2003
2. The Complete Computer upgrade and repair book, Cheryl A Schmidt, WILEY Dream tech, 2013, 3rd edition
3. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education, 2012, 2nd edition
4. PC Hardware - A Handbook, Kate J. Chase, PHI (Microsoft)
5. LaTeX Companion, Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.
6. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide, David Anfins on and Ken Quamme. – CISCO Press, Pearson Education, 3rd edition IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Labs and Study Guide, Patrick Regan– CISCO Press, Pearson Education, 3rd edition

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CC11L6	Engineering Physics Lab						

Course Objectives:

- To study the concepts of optical phenomenon like interference, diffraction etc.,
- Recognize the importance of energy gap in the study of conductivity and Hall effect in semiconductors
- Study the parameters and applications of dielectric and magnetic materials by conducting experiments.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course students will be able to

CO:1 Operate optical instruments like travelling microscope and spectrometer. **[K3]**

CO:2 Estimate the wavelengths of different colors using diffraction grating. **[K2]**

CO:3 Plot the intensity of the magnetic field of circular coil carrying current with distance. **[K3]**

CO:4 Calculate the band gap of a given semiconductor. **[K3]**

List of Experiments:

1. Determination of radius of curvature of a given plano convex lens by Newton's rings.
2. Determination of wavelengths of different spectral lines in mercury spectrum using diffraction grating in normal incidence configuration.
3. Verification of Brewster's law
4. Determination of dielectric constant using charging and discharging method.
5. Study the variation of B versus H by magnetizing the magnetic material (B-H curve).
6. Determination of wavelength of Laser light using diffraction grating.
7. Estimation of Planck's constant using photoelectric effect.
8. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductors by four probe methods.
9. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor using p-n junction diode.
10. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil by Stewart Gee's Method.

11. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor using Hall effect.
12. Determination of temperature coefficients of a thermistor.
13. Determination of acceleration due to gravity and radius of Gyration by using a compound pendulum.
14. Determination of magnetic susceptibility by Kundt's tube method.
15. Determination of rigidity modulus of the material of the given wire using Torsional pendulum.
16. Sonometer: Verification of laws of stretched string.
17. Determination of young's modulus for the given material of wooden scale by non-uniform bending (or double cantilever) method.
18. Determination of Frequency of electrically maintained tuning fork by Melde's experiment.

Note: Any **TEN** of the listed experiments are to be conducted. Out of which any **TWO** experiments may be conducted in virtual mode.

References: A Textbook of Practical Physics - S. Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan, S. Chand Publishers, 2017.

URL: www.vlab.co.in

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	XTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	2	30	70	100	1
SUB CODE: R23CC11L7	EEE WORKSHOP						

PART A: ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB**Course Objectives:**

To impart knowledge on the fundamental laws & theorems of electrical circuits, functions of electrical machines and energy calculations.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Measure voltage, current and power in an electrical circuit. **(K3)**

CO2: Measure of Resistance using Wheatstone bridge **(K4)**

CO3: Discover critical field resistance and critical speed of DC shunt generators. **(K4)**

CO4: Investigate the effect of reactive power and power factor in electrical loads. **(K5)**

Activities:

1. Familiarization of commonly used Electrical & Electronic Workshop Tools: Bread board, Solder, cables, relays, switches, connectors, fuses, Cutter, plier, screwdriver set, wire stripper, flux, knife/blade, soldering iron, de-soldering pump etc.
 - Provide some exercises so that hardware tools and instruments are learned to be used by the students.
2. Familiarization of Measuring Instruments like Voltmeters, Ammeters, multimeter, LCR-Q meter, Power Supplies, CRO, DSO, Function Generator, Frequency counter.
 - Provide some exercises so that measuring instruments are learned to be used by the students.
3. Components:
 - Familiarization/Identification of components (Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors, Diodes, transistors, IC's etc.) – Functionality, type, size, colour coding package, symbol, cost etc.
 - Testing of components like Resistor, Capacitor, Diode, Transistor, ICs etc. - Compare values of components like resistors, inductors, capacitors etc with the measured values by using instruments

List of experiments:

1. Verification of KCL and KVL
2. Verification of Superposition theorem
3. Measurement of Resistance using Wheatstone bridge
4. Magnetization Characteristics of DC shunt Generator
5. Measurement of Power and Power factor using Single-phase wattmeter
6. Measurement of Earth Resistance using Megger
7. Calculation of Electrical Energy for Domestic Premises
8. Determination of open circuit and short circuit parameters of a 1-phase transformer(Content Beyond syllabus)

Reference Books:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, 2019, First Edition
2. Power System Engineering, P.V. Gupta, M.L. Soni, U.S. Bhatnagar and A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2013
3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Rajendra Prasad, PHI publishers, 2014, Third Edition

***Note:** Minimum Six Experiments to be performed.

PART B: ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

Course Objectives:

- To impart knowledge on the principles of digital electronics and fundamentals of electron devices & its applications.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Analyze the characteristics of various electronic components. **(K4)**

CO2: Implement Rectifiers circuits. **(K3)**

CO3: Design Amplifiers circuit. **(K6)**

CO4: Examine the operation of Logic gates. **(K4)**

List of Experiments:

1. Plot V-I characteristics of PN Junction diode A) Forward bias B) Reverse bias.
2. Plot V – I characteristics of Zener Diode and its application as voltage Regulator.
3. Implementation of half wave and full wave rectifiers

4. Plot Input & Output characteristics of BJT in CE and CB configurations
 5. Frequency response of CE amplifier.
 6. Simulation of RC coupled amplifier with the design supplied
 7. Verification of Truth Table of AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, Ex-OR, Ex-NOR gates using ICs.
 8. Verification of Truth Tables of S-R, J-K& D flip flops using respective ICs.
 9. Design a Full Adder Circuit and verify the truth table. (Content beyond syllabus)
- Tools / Equipment Required: DC Power supplies, Multi meters, DC Ammeters, DC Voltmeters, AC Voltmeters, CROs, all the required active devices.

References:

1. R. L. Boylestad & Louis Nashlesky, Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory, Pearson Education, 2021.
2. R. P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2009
3. R. T. Paynter, Introductory Electronic Devices & Circuits – Conventional Flow Version, Pearson Education, 2009.

Note: Minimum Six Experiments to be performed. All the experiments shall be implemented using both Hardware and Software.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	1	100	-	100	0.5
SUB CODE: R23CC11MC2	NSS/NCC/SCOUTS & GUIDES/COMMUNITY SERVICE						

Course Objectives:

The objective of introducing this course is to impart discipline, character, fraternity, teamwork, social consciousness among the students and engaging them in selfless service.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to

CO1: Understand the importance of discipline, character and service motto. [K3]

CO2: Solve some societal issues by applying acquired knowledge, facts, and techniques. [K6]

CO3: Explore human relationships by analyzing social problems. [K4]

CO4: Determine to extend their help for the fellow beings and downtrodden people. [K5]

CO5: Develop leadership skills and civic responsibilities. [K6]

UNIT I Orientation

General Orientation on NSS/NCC/ Scouts & Guides/Community Service activities, career guidance.

Activities:

- i) Conducting –ice breaking sessions-expectations from the course-knowing personal talents and skills
- ii) Conducting orientations programs for the students –future plans-activities-releasing road map etc.
- iii) Displaying success stories-motivational biopics- award winning movies on societal issues etc.
- iv) Conducting talent show in singing patriotic songs-paintings- any other contribution.

UNIT II Nature & Care

Activities:

- i) Best out of waste competition.
- ii) Poster and signs making competition to spread environmental awareness.
- iii) Recycling and environmental pollution article writing competition.
- iv) Organising Zero-waste day.

- v) Digital Environmental awareness activity via various social media platforms.
- vi) Virtual demonstration of different eco-friendly approaches for sustainable living.
- vii) Write a summary on any book related to environmental issues.

UNIT III Community Service

Activities:

- i) Conducting One Day Special Camp in a village contacting village-area leaders- Survey in the village, identification of problems- helping them to solve via media- authorities experts- etc.
- ii) Conducting awareness programs on Health-related issues such as General Health, Mental health, Spiritual Health, HIV/AIDS,
- iii) Conducting consumer Awareness. Explaining various legal provisions etc.
- iv) Women Empowerment Programmes- Sexual Abuse, Adolescent Health and Population Education.
- v) Any other programmes in collaboration with local charities, NGOs etc.

Reference Books:

1. Nirmalya Kumar Sinha & Surajit Majumder, *A Text Book of National Service Scheme* Vol;.I, Vidya Kutir Publication, 2021 (ISBN 978-81-952368-8-6)
2. *Red Book - National Cadet Corps* – Standing Instructions Vol I & II, Directorate General of NCC, Ministry of Defence, New Delhi
3. Davis M. L. and Cornwell D. A., “Introduction to Environmental Engineering”, McGraw Hill, New York 4/e 2008
4. Masters G. M., Joseph K. and Nagendran R. “Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science”, Pearson Education, New Delhi. 2/e 2007
5. Ram Ahuja. *Social Problems in India*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.

General Guidelines:

1. Institutes must assign slots in the Timetable for the activities.
2. Institutes are required to provide instructor to mentor the students.

Evaluation Guidelines:

1. Evaluated for a total of 100 marks.
2. A student can select 6 activities of his/her choice with a minimum of 01 activity per unit. Each activity shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 15 marks, totaling to 90 marks. A student shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 10 marks by conducting viva voce on the subject.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

I B.Tech II SEMESTER

S.N O	Subject	Course Code	Cat.Code	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	L	T	P	Credits
1	DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS & VECTOR CALCULUS	R23CC1201	BS&H	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
2	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH	R23CC1206	BS&H	30	70	100	2	0	0	2
3	ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY	R23CC1208	BS&H	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
4	ENGINEERING MECHANICS	R23CC1209	ES	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
5	BASIC CIVIL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	R23CC1212	ES	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
6	ENGINEERING WORKSHOP	R23CC12L9	ES	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
7	ENGINEERING MECHANICS & BUILDING PRACTICES LAB	R23CE12L8	ES	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
8	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH LAB	R23CC12L12	BS&H	30	70	100	0	0	2	1
9	ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB	R23CC12L11	BS&H	30	70	100	0	0	2	1
10	HEALTH AND WELLNESS, YOGA AND SPORTS	R23CC12MC1	BS&H	100	-	100	-	-	1	0.5
TOTAL										19.5

I B.TECH II-SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1201	DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS (Common to all Engineering Branches)						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Course Objectives:

- To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
- To furnish the learners with basic concepts and techniques at plus two level to lead them into advanced level by handling various real-world applications.

- **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, the students should be able to

CO 1: First order ordinary differential equations to real life situations. [K3]

CO 2: Identify and apply suitable methods in solving the higher order differential equations [K3]

CO 3: Solve the partial differentiation equations.[K3]

CO 4: Interpret the physical meaning of different operators as gradient, curl and divergence. [K3]

CO 5: Estimate the work done against a field, circulation and flux using vector calculus. [K5]

UNIT-I: Differential equations of first order and first degree

Linear differential equations - Bernoulli's equations - Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form - Applications: Newton's law of cooling - Law of natural growth and decay - Electrical circuits.

UNIT-II: Linear differential equations of higher order (constant coefficients)

Definitions, homogenous and non-homogenous, complimentary function, particular integral, general solution - Wronskian, Method of variation of parameters - Simultaneous linear equations - Applications to L-C-R circuit problems and Simple harmonic motion.

UNIT-III: Partial differential equations Introduction and formation of partial differential

equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions - Solutions of first order linear equations using Lagrange's method - Homogeneous and Non-homogeneous linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients.

UNIT-IV: Vector differentiation

Scalar and vector point functions - Vector operator del - Del applied to scalar point functions - Gradient, Directional derivative - Del applied to vector point functions - Divergence and Curl

–Solenoidal vector-Irrotational-scalar potential of vector - Vector identities.

UNIT-V: Vector integration

Line integral - Circulation - Work done - Surface integral, flux - Green's theorem in the plane (without proof) - Stoke's theorem (without proof) - Volume integral - Gauss divergence theorem (without proof) and related problems.

Textbooks:

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers, 2017, 44th Edition.
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, John Wiley & Sons, 2018, 10th Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Thomas Calculus, George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Pearson Publishers, 2018, 14th Edition.
2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Dennis G. Zill and Warren S. Wright, Jones and Bartlett, 2018.
3. Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, Glyn James, Pearson publishers, 2018, 5th Edition.
4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2021 5th Edition (9th reprint). Higher Engineering Mathematics, B. V. Ramana, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2017

I B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	2	0	0	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CC1206	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)						

Course Objectives:

The main objective of introducing this course, *Communicative English*, is to facilitate effective listening, Reading, Speaking and Writing skills among the students. It enhances the same in their comprehending abilities, oral presentations, reporting useful information and providing knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary. This course helps the students to make them effective in speaking and writing skills and to make them industry ready.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course student will be able to

- CO1:** Summarize texts based on the comprehension of the material provided.[K3]
- CO2:** Create coherent and well-structured paragraphs, essays, and letters on a range of familiar topics.[K5]
- CO3:** Utilize a diverse array of grammatical structures with flexibility, striving to minimize errors.[K3]
- CO4:** Use vocabulary adequately and appropriately to express and write on a variety of topics.[K3]

UNIT I

Lesson: HUMAN VALUES: Gift of Magi (Short Story)

Listening: Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.

Reading: Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

Writing: Mechanics of Writing-Capitalization, Spellings, Punctuation-Parts of Sentences.

Grammar: Parts of Speech, Basic Sentence Structures-forming questions

Vocabulary: Synonyms, Antonyms, Affixes (Prefixes/Suffixes), Root words.

UNIT II

Lesson: NATURE: The Brook by Alfred Tennyson (Poem)

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main ideas and supporting ideas after

listening to audio texts.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/small groups on specific topics followed by short structure talks.

Reading: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Structure of a paragraph - Paragraph writing (specific topics) **Grammar:** Cohesive devices - linkers, use of articles and zero article; prepositions. **Vocabulary:** Homonyms, Homophones, Homographs.

UNIT III

Lesson: BIOGRAPHY: Elon Musk

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed

Reading: Reading text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing, Note-making, paraphrasing

Grammar: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; Compound words, Collocations

Vocabulary: Compound words, Collocations

UNIT IV

Lesson: INSPIRATION: The Toys of Peace by Saki

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

Speaking: Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.

Writing: Letter Writing: Official Letters, Resumes

Grammar: Reporting verbs, Direct & Indirect speech, Active & Passive Voice

Vocabulary: Words often confused, Jargons

UNIT V

Lesson: MOTIVATION: The Power of Intrapersonal Communication (An Essay)

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts

Reading: Reading comprehension.

Writing: Writing structured essays on specific topics.

Grammar: Editing short texts –identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

Vocabulary: Technical Jargons

Textbooks:

1. Pathfinder: Communicative English for Undergraduate Students, 1st Edition, Orient Black Swan, 2023 (Units 1,2 & 3)
2. Empowering with Language by Cengage Publications, 2023 (Units 4 & 5)

Reference Books:

1. Dubey, Sham Ji & Co. English for Engineers, Vikas Publishers, 2020
2. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A Handbook for International Students. Routledge, 2014.
3. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use, Fourth Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2019.
4. Lewis, Norman. Word Power Made Easy- The Complete Handbook for Building a Superior Vocabulary. Anchor, 2014.

I B.TECH II-SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1208	ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY						

Course Objectives:

To impart the concept of soft and hard waters, softening methods of hard water

To familiarize engineering chemistry and its applications

To train the students on the principles and applications of electrochemistry, polymers, cement and advanced engineering materials.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO 1: Understand the difference between soft and hard water and why it matters in daily life and industries. [K2]

CO 2: Apply electrochemical principles to real-problems, making informed decisions about materials selection, corrosion mitigation, and energy storage solutions [K3]

CO 3 Analyze the production, properties, and environmental implications of polymers, fuels and biofuels. [K3]

CO 4: Apply the knowledge of diverse engineering materials like composites, refractories, lubricants, and Portland cement, to make material selection and applications. [K3]

CO 5: Apply the Knowledge of various applications to synthesize colloids and characterize nano materials. [K3]

UNIT I Water Technology

Soft and hard water, Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA Method, Estimation of dissolved Oxygen - Boiler troubles –Priming, foaming, scale and sludge, Caustic embrittlement, Industrial water treatment – Specifications for drinking water, Bureau of Indian Standards(BIS) and World health organization(WHO) standards, Ion-exchange process - desalination of brackish water, reverse osmosis (RO) and electrodialysis.

UNIT II Electrochemistry and Applications

Electrochemical cell, Reference electrodes: Metal-metal ion electrode (Calomel electrode) Primary cells – Zinc-air battery, Secondary cells – Nickel-Cadmium (NiCd), Sodium –ion and lithium ion batteries-working principle of the batteries including cell reactions; Fuel cells-Basic Concepts, the principle and working of hydrogen-oxygen Fuel cell.

Corrosion: Introduction to corrosion, electrochemical theory of corrosion, differential aeration cell corrosion, galvanic corrosion, metal oxide formation by dry electrochemical corrosion, Pilling-Bedworth ratios and uses, Factors affecting the corrosion, cathodic and anodic protection, electroplating and electroless plating (Nickel and Copper)

UNIT III Polymers and Fuel Chemistry

Introduction to polymers, Mechanism of chain growth, step growth polymerization.

Plastics –Thermo plastics and thermosetting plastics, Moulding Techniques-Compression moulding, injection moulding, Blow moulding,

Elastomers – Preparation, properties and applications of Buna S, Buna N.

Fuels – Types of fuels, calorific value of fuels, numerical problems based on calorific value; Analysis of coal (Proximate and Ultimate analysis), Liquid Fuels, refining of petroleum, Octane and Cetane number- alternative fuels- propane, methanol, ethanol and bio fuel-bio diesel

UNIT Modern Engineering Materials

Composites- Definition, Constituents, Classification- Particle, Fibre and Structural reinforced composites, properties and Engineering applications

Refractories- Classification, Properties, Factors affecting the refractory materials and Applications.

Lubricants- Classification, Functions of lubricants, Mechanism, Properties of lubricating oils – Viscosity, Viscosity Index, Flash point, Fire point, Cloud point, saponification and Applications.

Building materials- Portland Cement, constituents, Setting and Hardening of cement.

UNIT Surface Chemistry and Nanomaterials

Introduction to surface chemistry, colloids, micelle formation, synthesis of colloids (Braggs Method), stabilization of colloids by stabilizing agents.

Nano materials: Introduction–Sol-gel method & chemical reduction method of preparation – Characterization by BET method and TEM methods–Carbon nano tubes and fullerenes: Types–preparation–properties and applications.

Textbooks:

1. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 16/e, DhanpatRai, 2013.
2. Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula and James Keeler, Atkins' Physical Chemistry, 10/e, Oxford University Press, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. H.F.W. Taylor, Cement Chemistry, 2/e, Thomas Telford Publications, 1997
2. D.J. Shaw, Introduction to Colloids and Surface Chemistry, Butterworth- Heineman, 1992.
3. Textbook of Polymer Science, Fred W. Billmayer Jr, 3rd Edition.

I B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1209	ENGINEERING MECHANICS						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Learn and understanding the basic principles of mechanics of rigid bodies, various types of force systems and to analyze problems in a simple and logical manner.
- Study and calculate the concepts of wedge friction, and to analyze simple trusses using method of joints and method of sections.
- Study and determine centroids and centre of gravity of various standard geometrical shapes as well as composite areas and bodies.
- Learn the concept of moment of inertia and the mathematical calculations involved in finding moments of inertia of two dimensional areas.
- The students are to be exposed to concepts of work, energy and particle motion.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Apply the principles of mechanics to determine the resultant of several concurrent Forces acting on a particle. **(K3)**

CO 2: Analyze the trusses using method of joints and method of sections; apply the basic Concepts of dry friction and wedges. **(K4)**

CO 3: Solve the centroid and centre of gravity bodies and composite sections. **(K3)**

CO 4: Solve the Area Moment of Inertia and Mass Moment of Inertia of areas bodies and Composite sections. **(K3)**

CO 5: Apply the work-energy principle to particles and connected systems for engineering Applications. **(K3)**

Prerequisites: Vectors, Differential equations and integrations.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING MECHANICS: Basic Concepts, Scope and Applications, Characteristics of a Force, Force system, classification, Resultant of Force Systems, parallelogram law of forces, Triangle law of forces.

SYSTEMS OF FORCES: Resolution of forces, Coplanar Concurrent forces, Components in Space, Moment of Force and its Application–Couples, Varignon’s theorem.

EQUILIBRIUM OF SYSTEMS OF FORCES: Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar concurrent forces, Equations of Equilibrium for spatial system of forces using vector approach, Numerical Examples, Lami's Theorem, support reactions, free body diagrams.

UNIT-II

ANALYSIS OF PLANE TRUSSES: Definition, Assumptions made in the analysis of plane trusses-methods of joints and method of sections.

FRICITION: Introduction, Classification of friction, Laws of Friction, Coefficient of Friction, Angle of Friction, Angle of Repose, Motion of a body on an Inclined Plane, Cone of Static friction.

UNIT-III

CENTROID: Centroids of simple figures (from basic principles)-Centroids of composite figures.

CENTRE OF GRAVITY: Centre of Gravity of simple body (from basic principles), Centre of gravity of composite bodies, Pappu's theorem.

UNIT-IV

AREA MOMENTS OF INERTIA: Definition, Radius of gyration, Parallel axis theorem, perpendicular axis theorem, Moments of Inertia of composite figures, polar moment of Inertia.

MASS MOMENT OF INERTIA: Moment of Inertia of Rigid body-Moment of Inertia from basic principles-Slender bar, Rectangular Plate, Circular Plate, Moment of Inertia of 3D Bodies-Cone, Solid Cylinder.

UNIT-V

Rectilinear and Curvilinear motion of a particle: Kinematics and Kinetics - D'Alembert's Principle - Work Energy method and applications to particle motion-Impulse Momentum method.

Rigid body Motion: Kinematics and Kinetics of translation, Rotation about fixed axis and plane motion, Work Energy method and Impulse Momentum method. Principle of Virtual work with simple Examples.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Mechanics by S.Timoshenko & D.H.Young., 4th Edn - ,Mc Graw Hill publications.
2. Engineering Mechanics by S.S. Bhavikatti-New age publications
3. Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics A.K.TAYAL Umesh publications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Engineering Mechanics by Fedinand . L. Singer, Harper –Collins.
2. Mechanics of Materials (In Si Units) by Beer and Johnson, Tata McGraw-Hil.
3. Strength of Materials (Mechanics of Materials) by James M.Gere and Barry J.Goodno, PWS-KENT Publishing Company, 1990
4. Strength of Materials (Mechanics of Solids) by R.K. Rajput, S.Chand Publications.

Web References:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103109/142>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103109/113>
3. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122104014/4>

E-Books:

1. <https://easyengineering.net/engineeringmechanicsbooks>

I B.TECH I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC1212	BASIC CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING						

PART A: BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- Get familiarized with the scope and importance of Civil Engineering sub-divisions.
- Introduce the preliminary concepts of surveying.
- Acquire preliminary knowledge on Transportation and its importance in nation's economy.
- Get familiarized with the importance of quality, conveyance and storage of water.
- Introduction to basic civil engineering materials and construction techniques.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Acquire knowledge on various sub-divisions of Civil Engineering and to appreciate their role in ensuring better society. **[K3]**

CO2: Apply the concepts of surveying to calculate distances, angles and levels. **[K3]**

CO3: Realize the importance of transportation in nation's economy and to identify the importance of Water Storage and Conveyance Structures. **[K2]**

UNIT I

Basics of Civil Engineering: Role of Civil Engineers in Society- Various Disciplines of Civil Engineering- Structural Engineering- Geo-technical Engineering- Transportation Engineering - Hydraulics and Water Resources Engineering - Environmental Engineering-Scope of each discipline - Building Construction and Planning- Construction Materials-Cement - Aggregate - Bricks- Cement concrete- Steel. Introduction to Prefabricated construction Techniques.

UNIT II

Surveying: Objectives of Surveying- Horizontal Measurements- Angular Measurements- Introduction to Bearings Levelling instruments used for levelling -Simple problems on levelling and bearings-Contour mapping.

UNIT III

Transportation Engineering Importance of Transportation in Nation's economic development- Types of Highway Pavements- Flexible Pavements and Rigid Pavements - Simple Differences. Basics of Harbour, Tunnel, Airport, and Railway Engineering.

Water Resources and Environmental Engineering: Introduction, Sources of water- Quality of water- Specifications- Introduction to Hydrology–Rainwater Harvesting-Water Storage and Conveyance Structures (Simple introduction to Dams and Reservoirs).

Textbooks:

1. Basic Civil Engineering, M.S.Palanisamy, , Tata Mcgraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd. Fourth Edition.
2. Introduction to Civil Engineering, S.S. Bhavikatti, New Age International Publishers. 2022. First Edition.
3. Basic Civil Engineering, Satheesh Gopi, Pearson Publications, 2009, First Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Surveying, Vol- I and Vol-II, S.K. Duggal, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers 2019. Fifth Edition.
2. Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, Santosh Kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers, Delhi. 2016
3. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures - Santosh Kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers, Delhi 2023. 38th Edition.
4. Highway Engineering, S.K.Khanna, C.E.G. Justo and Veeraraghavan, Nemchand and Brothers Publications 2019. 10th Edition.
5. Indian Standard DRINKING WATER — SPECIFICATION IS 10500-2012.

PART B: BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Objectives: The students after completing the course are expected to

- Get familiarized with the scope and importance of Mechanical Engineering in different sectors and industries.
- Explain different engineering materials and different manufacturing processes.
- Provide an overview of different thermal and mechanical transmission systems and introduce basics of robotics and its applications.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the student should be able to

CO1: Illustrate the role of mechanical engineering and its technologies in various sectors and knowledge of engineering materials. **[K2]**

CO2: Explain the basics of various manufacturing processes and thermal engineering and its applications. **[K2]**

CO3: Describe the working of different powerplants, mechanical power transmission systems and basics of robotics and its applications. [K3]

UNIT I

Introduction to Mechanical Engineering: Role of Mechanical Engineering in Industries and Society - Mechanical Engineering Technologies in different sectors such as Energy, Manufacturing, Automotive, Aerospace and Marine Engineering.

Engineering Materials – Basics of Metals (Ferrous & Non-ferrous), Ceramics, Composites, Smart materials.

UNIT II

Manufacturing Processes: Basics of - Principles of Casting, Forming and joining processes, Machining, Introduction to CNC machines, 3D printing, and Smart manufacturing.

Thermal Engineering: Basics of - working principle of Boilers, Otto cycle, Diesel cycle, Refrigeration and air-conditioning cycles, IC engines, 2-Stroke and 4-Stroke engines, SI/CI Engines, Components of Electric and Hybrid Vehicles.

UNIT III

Power plants: Basics of - Working principle of Steam, Diesel, Hydro, Nuclear power plants.

Mechanical Power Transmission: Basics of - Belt Drives, Chain, Rope drives, Gear Drives and their applications.

Introduction to Robotics: Basics of - Joints & links, configurations, and applications of robotics.

(Note: The subject covers only the basic principles of Civil and Mechanical Engineering systems. The evaluation shall be intended to test only the fundamentals of the subject)

Textbooks:

1. Internal Combustion Engines by V.Ganesan, By Tata McGraw Hill publications (India)Pvt. Ltd.
2. A Tear book of Theory of Machines by S.S. Rattan, Tata McGraw Hill Publications,(India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. An introduction to Mechanical Engineering by Jonathan Wicker and Kemper Lewis, Cengage learning India Pvt. Ltd.

Reference Books:

1. Appuu Kuttan KK, Robotics, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Volume-I
2. 3D printing & Additive Manufacturing Technology- L. Jyothish Kumar, Pulak MPandey, Springer publications
3. Thermal Engineering by Mahesh M Rathore Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt.Ltd.
4. G. Shanmugam and M.S.Palanisamy, Basic Civil and the Mechanical Engineering, TataMcGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.

I B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CC12L9	ENGINEERING WORKSHOP						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To familiarize students with wood working, sheet metal operations, fitting and electrical house wiring skills

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Identify workshop tools and their operational capabilities.(**K3**)

CO2: Compare Manufacturing Components used in workshop trades including fitting, carpentry, foundry, welding and Plumbing.(**K2**)

CO3: Apply fitting operations in various applications.(**K3**)

CO4: Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for House Wiring Practice (**K3**)

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

ENGINEERING WORKSHOP TRADES FOR EXERCISE:

- 1. Demonstration:** Safety practices and precautions to be observed in workshop.
- 2. Wood Working:** Familiarity with different types of woods and tools used in wood Working and make following joints.
 - a) Half – Lap joint
 - b) Dovetail joint
- 3. Sheet Metal Working:** Familiarity with different types of tools used in sheet metal Working, Developments of following sheet metal job from GI sheets
 - a) Conical funnel
 - b) Brazing
- 4. Fitting:** Familiarity with different types of tools used in fitting and do the following Fitting exercises.
 - a) V-fit
 - b) Bicycle tire puncture
- 5. Electrical Wiring:** Familiarity with different types of basic electrical circuits and make The following connections.
 - a) Parallel and Series

b) Tube light

6. Foundry Trade: Demonstration and practice on Moulding tools and processes,
Preparation of Green Sand Moulds for given Patterns.

7. Welding Shop: Demonstration and practice on Arc Welding and Gas welding.
Preparation of Lap joint and Butt joint.

8. Plumbing: Demonstration and practice of Plumbing tools, Preparation of Pipe joints
With coupling for same diameter and with reducer for different diameters.

1. Demonstration and basic repair works of two wheeler vehicle.

I B.TECH II-SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	0	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE12L8	ENGINEERING MECHANICS & BUILDING PRACTICES LAB						

Course Objectives: The students completing the course are expected to

- Verify the Law of Parallelogram of Forces and Lami's theorem.
- Determine the coefficients of friction of Static and Rolling friction and Centre of gravity of different plane Lamina.
- Understand the layout of a building, concepts of Non-Destructive Testing and different Alternative Materials.

Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Evaluate the coefficient of friction between two different surfaces and between the inclined plane and the roller. **[K5]**

CO2: Verify Law of Parallelogram of forces and Law of Moment using force polygon and bell crank lever. **[K2]**

CO3: Determine the Centre of gravity different configurations. **[K5]**

CO4: Understand the Quality Testing and Assessment Procedures and principles of Non-Destructive Testing. **[K2]**

CO5: Exposure to safety practices in the construction industry. **[K2]**

Students have to perform any 10 of the following Experiments:

1. To study various types of tools used in construction.
2. Forces in Pin Jointed Trusses
3. Experimental Proof of Lami's Theorem
4. Verification of Law of Parallelogram of Forces.
5. Determination of Center of Gravity of different shaped Plane Lamina.
6. Determination of coefficient of Static and Rolling Friction.
7. Verification of Law of Moment using Rotation Disc Apparatus and Bell Crank Lever
8. Study of Alternative Materials like M-sand, Fly ash, Sea Sand etc.
9. Field-Visit to understand the Quality Testing - report.
10. Safety Practices in Construction industry
11. Demonstration of Non-Destructive Testing - using Rebound Hammer & UPV
12. Study of Plumbing in buildings.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

I B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	2	30	70	100	1
SUB CODE: R23CC12L12	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH LAB (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)						

Course Objectives:

The main objective of introducing this course, Communicative English Laboratory, is to expose the students to a variety of self-instructional, learner friendly modes of language learning. The students will get trained in basic communication skills and also make them ready to face job interviews.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO 1: Use connected speech, applying a range of phonological features like rhythm, stress and intonation to convey clear meaning. **[K3]**

CO 2: Create a compelling resume, cover letter and Sop. **[K6]**

CO 3: Make formal presentations and engage effectively in debates and group discussions in academic and professional contexts. **[K3]**

CO 4: Apply employability skills to confidently navigate job interviews. **[K3]**

List of Topics:

1. Vowels & Consonants
2. Neutralization/Accent Rules
3. Communication Skills & JAM
4. Role Play or Conversational Practice
5. E-mail Writing
6. Resume Writing, Cover letter, SOP
7. Group Discussions-methods & practice
8. Debates - Methods & Practice
9. PPT Presentations/ Poster Presentation
10. Interviews Skills

Suggested Software:

- Walden Infotech
- Young India Films

Reference Books:

1. Raman Meenakshi, Sangeeta-Sharma. *Technical Communication*. Oxford Press.2018.
2. Taylor Grant: *English Conversation Practice*, Tata McGraw-Hill Education India,2016
3. Hewing's, Martin. *Cambridge Academic English (B2)*. CUP, 2012.
4. J. Sethi & P.V. Dhamija. *A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English*, (2nd Ed),Kindle, 2013.

Web Resources:

Spoken English:

1. www.esl-lab.com
2. www.englishmedialab.com
3. www.englishinteractive.net
4. <https://www.britishcouncil.in/english/online>
5. <http://www.letstalkpodcast.com/>
6. https://www.youtube.com/c/mmmEnglish_Emma/featured
7. <https://www.youtube.com/c/ArnelsEverydayEnglish/featured>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/c/engvidAdam/featured>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/c/EnglishClass101/featured>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/c/SpeakEnglishWithTiffani/playlists>
11. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCV1h_cBE0Drdx19qkTM0WNw

Voice & Accent:

1. <https://www.youtube.com/user/letstalkaccent/videos>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/c/EngLanguageClub/featured>
3. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC_OskgZBoS4dAnVUgJVexc
4. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCNfm92h83W2i2ijc5Xwp_IA

I B.TECH II SEMESR	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDIT S
	0	0	2	30	70	100	1
SUB CODE: R23CC12L11	ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB						

Course Objectives:

- Verify the fundamental concepts with experiments.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO 1: Develop and perform analytical chemistry techniques to address the water related problems.

CO 2: Determine the strength of an acid, cell constant, potentials and conductance of solutions.

CO 3: Prepare advanced polymer Bakelite and nanomaterials.

CO 4: Explain the functioning of different analytical instruments

List of Experiments:

1. Determination of hardness of water sample by EDTA method
2. Determination of alkalinity of water sample
3. Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen by Winkler's method
4. Estimation of Ferrous Iron by Dichrometry
5. Determination of Strength of an acid in Pb-Acid battery
6. Estimation of Mg in Antacid
7. Estimation of Vitamin C
8. Preparation of a polymer (Bakelite)/urea formaldehyde resin.
9. Preparation of nanomaterials by precipitation method
10. Conductometric titration of strong acid vs. strong base
11. Conductometric titration of weak acid vs. strong base
12. Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions
13. Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs
14. Verify Lambert-Beer's law
15. Wavelength measurement of sample through UV-Visible Spectroscopy

Note: Any TEN of the listed experiments are to be conducted.

I B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	1	100	-	100	0.5
SUB CODE: R23CC12MC1	HEALTH AND WELLNESS, YOGA AND SPORTS						

Course Objectives:

The main objective of introducing this course is to make the students maintain their mental and physical wellness by balancing emotions in their life. It mainly enhances the essential traits required for the development of the personality.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO 1: Use connected speech, applying a range of phonological features like rhythm, stress and intonation to convey clear meaning. [K3]

CO 2: Create a compelling resume, cover letter and Sop. [K6]

CO 3: Make formal presentations and engage effectively in debates and group discussions in academic and professional contexts. [K3]

CO 4: Apply employability skills to confidently navigate job interviews. [K3]

UNIT I

Concept of health and fitness, Nutrition and Balanced diet, basic concept of immunity
Relationship between diet and fitness, Globalization and its impact on health, Body Mass Index (BMI) of all age groups.

Activities:

- i) Organizing health awareness programmes in community
- ii) Preparation of health profile
- iii) Preparation of chart for balance diet for all age groups

UNIT II

Concept of yoga, need for and importance of yoga, origin and history of yoga in Indian context, classification of yoga, Physiological effects of Asanas- Pranayama and meditation, stress management and yoga, Mental health and yoga practice.

Activities:

Yoga practices – Asana, Kriya, Mudra, Bandha, Dhyana, Surya Namaskar

UNIT III

Concept of Sports and fitness, importance, fitness components, history of sports, Ancient and

Modern Olympics, Asian games and Commonwealth games.

Activities:

i) Participation in one major game and one individual sport viz., Athletics, Volleyball, Basketball, Handball, Football, Badminton, Kabaddi, Kho-kho, Table tennis, Cricket etc.

Practicing general and specific warm up, aerobics

ii) Practicing cardiorespiratory fitness, treadmill, run test, 9 min walk, skipping and running.

Reference Books:

1. Gordon Edlin, Eric Golanty. Health and Wellness, 14th Edn. Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2022
2. T.K.V.Desikachar. The Heart of Yoga: Developing a Personal Practice
3. Archie J.Bahm. Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, Jain Publishing Company, 1993
4. Wiseman, John Lofty, SAS Survival Handbook: The Ultimate Guide to Surviving Anywhere Third Edition, William Morrow Paperbacks, 2014
5. The Sports Rules Book/ Human Kinetics with Thomas Hanlon. -- 3rd ed. Human Kinetics, Inc. 2014

General Guidelines:

1. Institutes must assign slots in the Timetable for the activities of Health/Sports/Yoga.
2. Institutes must provide field/facility and offer the minimum of five choices of as many as Games/Sports.
3. Institutes are required to provide sports instructor / yoga teacher to mentor the students.

Evaluation Guidelines:

1. Evaluated for a total of 100 marks.
2. A student can select 6 activities of his/her choice with a minimum of 01 activity per unit. Each activity shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 15 marks, totaling to 90 marks.
3. A student shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 10 marks by conducting viva voce on the subject.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech I SEMESTER

S.No	Subject	Course Code	Cat.Code	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	L	T	P	Credits
1	Numerical Techniques And Statistical Methods	R23CE2111	BS	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
2	Universal human values- understanding harmony and Ethical human conduct	R23CC2102	HSMC	30	70	100	2	1	0	3
3	Surveying	R23CE2103	ES	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
4	Strength of Materials	R23CE2104	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
5	Fluid Mechanics	R23CE2105	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
6	Surveying Lab	R23CE21L1	PC	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
7	Strength of Materials Lab	R23CE21L2	PC	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
8	Building Planning and Drawing	R23CE21L3	SC	30	70	100	0	1	2	2
9	Environmental Science	R23CC21MC	Audit Course	30	70	100	2	0	0	-
TOTAL										20

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2111	NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES AND STATISTICAL METHODS						

Course Objectives:

- To elucidate the different numerical methods to solve nonlinear algebraic equations
- To disseminate the use of different numerical techniques for carrying out numerical integration.
- To familiarize the students with the foundations of probability and statistical methods.
- To equip the students to solve application problems in their disciplines.

Course Outcomes:

CO 1: Evaluate the approximate roots of polynomial and transcendental equations by different algorithms. Apply Newton's forward & backward interpolation and Lagrange's formulae for equal and unequal intervals (L3)

CO 2: Apply numerical integral techniques to different Engineering problems. Apply different algorithms for approximating the solutions of ordinary differential equations with initial conditions to its analytical computations (L3)

CO 3: Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3)

CO 4: Design the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6)

CO 5: Infer the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4)

UNIT – I: Iterative Methods:

Introduction – Solutions of algebraic and transcendental equations: Bisection method – Secant method – Method of false position – Iteration method – Newton-Raphson method (One variable and simultaneous Equations)

Interpolation: Newton's forward and backward formulae for interpolation – Interpolation with unequal intervals – Lagrange's interpolation formula

UNIT – II: Numerical integration, Solution of ordinary differential equations with initial conditions:

Trapezoidal rule– Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8th rule– Solution of initial value problems by Taylor's series– Picard's method of successive approximations– Euler's method –Runge- Kutta method (second and fourth order) – Milne's Predictor and Corrector Method.

UNIT – III: Probability and Distributions:

Baye's theorem – Random variables – Discrete and Continuous random variables – Distribution functions – Probability mass function, Probability density function and Cumulative distribution functions – Mathematical Expectation and Variance – Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

UNIT – IV: Sampling Theory:

Introduction – Population and Samples – Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only) – Point and Interval estimations – Maximum error of estimate – Central limit theorem (without proof) – Estimation using t , z^2 and F-distributions.

UNIT – V: Tests of Hypothesis:

Introduction – Hypothesis – Null and Alternative Hypothesis – Type I and Type II errors – Level of significance – One tail and two-tail tests – Test of significance for large samples and Small Samples: Single and difference means – Single and two proportions – Student's t -test, F-test, z^2 -test.

Textbooks:

1. **B. S. Grewal**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44th Edition, Khanna Publishers.
2. **Miller and Freund's**, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 7/e, Pearson, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. **Steven C. Chapra**, Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineering and Science, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.
2. **M. K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar and R.K. Jain**, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, New Age International Publications.
3. **Lawrence Turyn**, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, CRC Press.
4. **S. C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor**, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11/e, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012.
5. **Shron L. Myers, Keying Ye, Ronald E Walpole**, Probability and Statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 8th Edition, Pearson 2007.
6. **Jay I. Devore**, Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences, 8th Edition, Cengage.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CC2102	UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES – UNDERSTANDING HARMONY AND ETHICAL HUMAN CONDUCT						

Course Objectives:

- To help the students appreciate the essential complementary between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings.
- To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of existence. Such holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement towards value-based living in a natural way.
- To highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct, trustful and mutually fulfilling human behaviour and mutually enriching interaction with Nature.

Course Outcomes:

CO 1: Define the terms like Natural Acceptance, Happiness and Prosperity (L1, L2)

CO 2: Identify one's self, and one's surroundings (family, society nature) (L1, L2)

CO 3: Apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life (L3)

CO 4: Relate human values with human relationship and human society. (L4)

CO 5: Justify the need for universal human values and harmonious existence (L5)

CO 6: Develop as socially and ecologically responsible engineers (L3, L6)

Course Topics

The course has 28 lectures and 14 tutorials in 5 modules. The lectures and tutorials are of 1-hour duration. Tutorial sessions are to be used to explore and practice what has been proposed during the lecture sessions.

The Teacher's Manual provides the outline for lectures as well as practice sessions. The teacher is expected to present the issues to be discussed as propositions and encourage the students to have a dialogue.

UNIT I Introduction to Value Education (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 1: Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education)

Understanding Value Education

Tutorial 1: Practice Session PS1 Sharing about Oneself Lecture 3: self-exploration as the Process for Value Education

Lecture4: Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations

Tutorial 2: Practice Session PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness

Lecture 5: Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario Lecture 6: Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations Tutorial 3: Practice Session PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

UNIT II

Harmony in the Human Being (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session) Lecture 7: Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the self and the body.

Lecture 8: Distinguishing between the Needs of the self and the body

Tutorial 4: Practice Session PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body.

Lecture 9: The body as an Instrument of the self Lecture 10: Understanding Harmony in the self

Tutorial 5: Practice Session PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self Lecture 11: Harmony of the self with the body

Lecture 12: Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health

Tutorial 6: Practice Session PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body

UNIT III

Harmony in the Family and Society (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 13: Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction Lecture 14: 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship

Tutorial 7: Practice Session PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust Lecture 15: 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation

Tutorial 8: Practice Session PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect Lecture 16: Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship Lecture 17: Understanding Harmony in the Society

Lecture 18: Vision for the Universal Human Order

Tutorial 9: Practice Session PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

UNIT IV

Harmony in the Nature/Existence (4 lectures and 2 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 19: Understanding Harmony in the Nature

Lecture 20: Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfilment among the Four Orders of Nature

Tutorial 10: Practice Session PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature Lecture 21: Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels

Lecture 22: The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence

Tutorial 11: Practice Session PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence.

UNIT V

Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 23: Natural Acceptance of Human Values Lecture 24: Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct

Tutorial 12: Practice Session PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

Lecture 25: A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order

Lecture 26: Competence in Professional Ethics

Tutorial 13: Practice Session PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

Lecture 27: Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies

Lecture 28: Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession Tutorial 14: Practice Session PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

Practice Sessions for UNIT I – Introduction to Value Education PS1 Sharing about Oneself

PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

Practice Sessions for UNIT II – Harmony in the Human Being PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body

PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body

Practice Sessions for UNIT III – Harmony in the Family and Society PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust

PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect

PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

Practice Sessions for UNIT IV – Harmony in the Nature (Existence) PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence

Practice Sessions for UNIT V – Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look Professional Ethics

PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

Textbook and Teachers Manual

a. The Textbook

R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, *A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics*, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1

b. The Teacher's Manual

R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, *Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics*, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2

Reference Books

1. *JeevanVidya: EkParichaya*, A Nagaraj, JeevanVidyaPrakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
2. *Human Values*, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
3. *The Story of Stuff* (Book).
4. *The Story of My Experiments with Truth* - by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
5. *Small is Beautiful* - E. F Schumacher.
6. *Slow is Beautiful* - Cecile Andrews
7. *Economy of Permanence* - J C Kumarappa
8. *Bharat Mein Angreji Raj* – PanditSunderlal
Rediscovering India - by Dharampal

Mode of Conduct:

Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.

Tutorial hours are to be used for practice sessions.

While analyzing and discussing the topic, the faculty mentor's role is in pointing to essential elements to help in sorting them out from the surface elements. In other words, help the students explore the important or critical elements.

In the discussions, particularly during practice sessions (tutorials), the mentor encourages the student to connect with one's own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and self-exploration.

Scenarios may be used to initiate discussion. The student is encouraged to take up "ordinary" situations rather than "extra-ordinary" situations. Such observations and their analyses are shared and discussed with other students and faculty mentor, in a group sitting.

Tutorials (experiments or practical) are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practical are how you behave and work in real life.

Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignment and/or activity are included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic human values.

It is recommended that this content be placed before the student as it is, in the form of a basic foundation course, without including anything else or excluding any part of this content. Additional content may be offered in separate, higher courses. This course is to be taught by faculty from every teaching department, not exclusively by any one department.

Teacher preparation with a minimum exposure to at least one 8-day Faculty Development Program on Universal Human Values is deemed essential.

Online Resources:

1. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%201-Introduction%20to%20Value%20Education.pdf>
2. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%202-Harmony%20in%20the%20Human%20Being.pdf>
3. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%203-Harmony%20in%20the%20Family.pdf>
4. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV%20I%20Teaching%20Material/D3-S2%20Respect%20July%202023.pdf>
5. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%205-Harmony%20in%20the%20Nature%20and%20Existence.pdf>
6. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/download/FDPTeachingMaterial/3-days%20FDP-SI%20UHV%20Teaching%20Material/Day%203%20Handouts/UHV%203D%20D3-S2A%20Und%20Nature-Existence.pdf>
7. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV%20II%20Teaching%20Material/UHV%20II%20Lecture%2023-25%20Ethics%20v1.pdf>
8. <https://www.studocu.com/in/document/kiet-group-of-institutions/universal-human-values/chapter-5-holistic-understanding-of-harmony-on-professional-ethics/62490385>
https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/aic22_ge23/preview

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2103		SURVEYING					

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course are to:

1. Know the principle and methods of surveying and measuring of horizontal and vertical-distances and angles
2. Identification of source of errors and rectification methods
3. Know surveying principles to determine areas and volumes\
4. Setting out curves and use modern surveying equipments for accurate results
5. Know the basics of Photogrammetry Surveying

Course Outcomes:

Course will enable the student to:

- CO 1 Apply the principle and methods of surveying and measuring of horizontal and vertical- distances and angles
- CO 2 Identify the source of errors and rectification methods
- CO 3 Apply surveying principles to determine areas and volumes
- CO 4 Setting out curves and using modern surveying equipments
- CO 5 Apply the basics of Photogrammetry Surveying in field

Course Articulation Matrix:

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	2	1	3	-	3	3	3	-	1	1	1
CO2	3	2	-	2	2	2	-	2	2	2	-	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	2	2	-	2	3	1
CO4	3	3	-	3	3	1	-	1	1	1	-	2	1	2
CO5	3	1	-	3	3	1	-	1	1	1	-	2	3	2

Syllabus:

UNIT - I

Introduction and Basic Concepts: Introduction, Objectives, classification and principles of surveying, Surveying accessories. Introduction to Compass, leveling and Plane table surveying.

Linear distances- Approximate methods, Direct Methods- Chains- Tapes, ranging, Tape corrections.

Prismatic Compass- Bearings, included angles, Local Attraction, Magnetic Declination, and dip –systems and W.C.B and Q.B systems of locating bearings.

UNIT - II

Leveling- Types of levels, methods of levelling, and Determination of levels, Effect of Curvature of Earth and Refraction.

Contouring- Characteristics and uses of Contours, methods of contour surveying.

Areas - Determination of areas consisting of irregular boundary and regular boundary. Volumes -Determination of volume of earth work in cutting and embankments for level section, capacity of reservoirs.

UNIT - III

Theodolite Surveying: Types of Theodolites, temporary adjustments, measurement of horizontal angle by repetition method and reiteration method, measurement of vertical Angle, Trigonometrical leveling when base is accessible and inaccessible.

Traversing: Methods of traversing, traverse computations and adjustments, Introduction to Omitted measurements.

UNIT - IV

Curves: Types of curves and their necessity, elements of simple, compound, reverse curves. Introduction to Tacheometric Surveying.

Modern Surveying Methods: Principle and types of E.D.M. Instruments, Total station- advantages and Applications. Introduction to Global Positioning System. Introduction to Drone survey and LiDAR Survey(Light Detection And Ranging).

UNIT - V

Photogrammetry Surveying:

Introduction, Basic concepts, perspective geometry of aerial photograph, relief and tilt displacements, terrestrial photogrammetry, flight planning; Stereoscopy, ground control extension for photographic mapping- aerial triangulation, radial triangulation, methods; photographic mapping- mapping using paper prints, mapping using stereo-plotting instruments, mosaics, map substitutes.

Text Books:

1. Surveying (Vol – 1 & 2) by Duggal S K, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi, 5th edition, 2019.
2. Textbook of Surveying by C Venkatramaiah , Universities Press 1st Edition, 2011.

Reference Books:

Surveying (Vol – 1), by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain – Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi, 18th edition 2024.

Surveying (Vol – 2), by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain - Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi 17th 2022.

Surveying (Vol – 3), by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain - Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi 16th 2023.

1. Plane Surveying and Higher Surveying by Chandra A M, New age International Pvt. Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2015.
2. Surveying and Levelling by N.Basak Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi, 4th edition, 2014.
3. Surveying (Vol 1, 2 & 3), by Arora K R, Standard Book House, Delhi. Edition: 12th, 2015.

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2103	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS						

Course Learning Objectives:

1. To impart Fundamental concepts of Strength of Material and Principles of Elasticity and Plasticity Stress
2. To impart concepts of shear force and bending moment on various types of beams and loading conditions
3. To impart concepts of stresses developed in the cross section and bending equations calculation of section modulus of sections with different cross sections.
4. To the concepts above will be utilized in measuring deflections in beams under various loading and support conditions.
5. To classify cylinders and columns based on their thickness and to derive equations for measurement of stresses across the cross section when subjected to external pressure

Course Outcomes:

At the end of completion of the course, the student will be able

- CO 1 To understand the basic materials behavior under the influence of different external loading conditions and the support conditions.
- CO 2 To draw the diagrams indicating the variation of the key performance features like axial forces, bending moment and shear forces in structural members.
- CO 3 To acquire knowledge of bending concepts and calculation of section modulus and for determination of stresses developed in the beams
- CO 4 To analyze the deflections due to various loading conditions.
- CO 5 To assess stresses across section of the thin, thick cylinders and columns to arrive at optimum sections to withstand the internal pressure using Lamé's equation

Course Articulation Matrix:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	3	1
CO2	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	3	1
CO3	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	3	2
CO4	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	3	2
CO5	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	3	2

UNIT — I: Simple Stresses and Strains: Elasticity and plasticity — Types of stresses and strains — Hooke's law — Factor of safety, Poisson's ratio - Relationship between Elastic constants — Bars of varying section — stresses in composite bars.

UNIT — II:

Shear Force and Bending Moment: Definition of beam — Types of beams — Concept of shear force and bending moment — Point of contra flexure — Relation between S.F., B.M and

rate of loading at a section of a beam; S.F and B.M diagrams for cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed loads, uniformly varying loads, partial uniformly distributed loads, couple and combination of these loads.

UNIT — III:

Flexural and Shear Stresses:

Flexural Stresses: Theory of simple bending — Assumptions — Derivation of bending equation, Neutral axis — Determination of bending stresses — section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I, T, Angle and Channel sections — Design of simple beams

Shear Stresses: Derivation of formula — Shear stress distribution across various beam sections like rectangular, circular, I, T Angle sections.

Torsion – circular shafts only.

UNIT — IV:

Deflection of Beams: Double integration and Macaulay's methods — Determination of slope and deflection for cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed loads, uniformly varying loads, partial uniformly distributed loads, couple and combination of these loads. Mohr's theorems — Moment area method — application to simple cases of cantilever.

UNIT — V:

Introduction – Classification of columns – Axially loaded compression members – Euler's crippling load theory – Derivation of Euler's critical load formulae for various end conditions – Equivalent length – Slenderness ratio – Euler's critical stress – Limitations of Euler's theory – Rankine – Gordon formula – Eccentric loading and Secant formula – Prof. Perry's formula.

Thin and Thick cylindrical shells — Derivation of formula for longitudinal and circumferential stresses — hoop, longitudinal and volumetric strains — changes in diameter, and volume of thin cylinders. Lames theory for thick cylinders, Derivation of Lames formulae, distribution of hoop and radial stresses across the thickness, compound cylinders- distribution of stresses

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Strength of Materials by R. K. Bansal, Lakshmi Publications, 16th Edition, 2022.
2. Strength of Materials by B. S. Basavarajaiah and P. Mahadevappa, Universities Press 3rd Edition, 2010
3. Strength of Materials by J.K. Gupta and S.K. Gupta, Cengage publications 2nd edition, 2024

REFERENCES:

1. Advanced Mechanics of Solids, L.S Srinath, McGraw Hill Education, 2017, 3rd Edition
2. Strength of Materials - Fundamentals and Applications, T.D.Gunneswara Rao and MudimbyAndal, Cambridge University Press, 2018, 1st Edition
3. Mechanics of Materials, Beer and Johnston, McGraw Hill India Pvt. Ltd., 2020, 8th Edition (SI Units).
4. Mechanics of Solids — E P Popov, Prentice Hall, 2nd Edition, 2015.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2104	FLUID MECHANICS						

Pre-requisite:

Course Objectives:

1. To explain basics of statics, kinematics and dynamics of fluids and various measuring techniques of hydrostatic forces on objects.
2. To impart ability to solve engineering problems in fluid mechanics
3. To enable the students measure quantities of fluid flowing in pipes, tanks and channels
4. To teach integral forms of fundamental laws of fluid mechanics to predict relevant pressures, velocities and forces.
5. To strengthen the students with fundamentals useful in application-intensive courses dealing with hydraulics, hydraulic machinery and hydrology in future courses.

Course Outcomes:

On Completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1 Understand the principles of fluid statics, kinematics and dynamics

CO2 Apply the laws of fluid statics and concepts of buoyancy

CO3 Understand the fundamentals of fluid kinematics and differentiate types of fluid flows

CO4 Apply the Principle of conservation of energy for flow measurement.

CO5 Analyse the losses in pipes and discharge through pipe network.

Course Articulation Matrix:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	1	3	1
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	1
CO3	3	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	1	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	2	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	2

UNIT - I

Basic concepts and definitions: Distinction between a fluid and a solid; Density, Specific weight, Specific gravity, Kinematic and dynamic viscosity; Variation of viscosity with temperature, Newton law of viscosity; Vapor pressure, Boiling point, Surface tension, Capillarity, Bulk modulus of elasticity, Compressibility

UNIT – II

Fluid statics: Fluid Pressure: Pressure at a point, Pascal’s law, pressure variation with temperature, density and altitude. Piezometer, U-Tube Manometer, Single Column Manometer, U Tube Differential Manometer. Pressure gauges, Hydrostatic pressure and

force: horizontal, vertical and inclined surfaces. Buoyancy and stability of floating bodies

UNIT - III

Fluid kinematics:

Classification of fluid flow : steady and unsteady flow; uniform and non-uniform flow; laminar and turbulent flow; rotational and irrotational flow; compressible and incompressible flow; ideal and real fluid flow; one, two and three dimensional flows; Stream line, path line, streak line and stream tube; stream function, velocity potential function. One, two and three - Dimensional continuity equations in Cartesian coordinates.

UNIT - IV

Fluid Dynamics: Surface and body forces; Equations of motion - Euler's equation; Bernoulli's equation – Derivation; Energy Principle; Practical applications of Bernoulli's equation : Venturimeter, orifice meter and Pitot tube; Momentum principle; Forces exerted by fluid flow on pipe bend; Vortex Flow – Free and Forced; Definitions of Reynolds Number, Froude Number, Mach Number, Weber Number and Euler Number;

UNIT - V

Analysis Of Pipe Flow: Energy losses in pipelines; Darcy – Weisbach equation; Minor losses in pipelines; Hydraulic Grade Line and Total Energy Line; Concept of equivalent length – Pipes in Parallel and Series.

Textbooks:

1. P. M. Modi and S. M. Seth, Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, Standard Book House 22nd, 2019.
2. K. Subrahmanya, Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd edition 2018

Reference Books:

1. R. K. Bansal, A text of Fluid mechanics and hydraulic machines, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi 11th edition, 2024.
2. N. Narayana Pillai, Principles of Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines, Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 3rd Edition 2009.
3. Fluid Mechanics by Frank M. White, Henry Xue, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th edition , 2022.
4. C. S. P. Ojha, R. Berndtsson and P. N. Chadramouli, Fluid Mechanics and Machinery, Oxford University Press, 2010.
5. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics & Fluid Machines by S K Som, Gautam Biswas, S Chakraborty Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd edition 2011

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE21L1	SURVEYING LAB						

Course Objectives:

By the end of this course student will be able to

1. Know about various linear and angular measuring instruments
2. Take Measurements in the linear and angular view
3. Determine the area and volume by interpreting the data obtained from surveying activities
4. Know modern equipment such as total station
5. Draft field notes from survey data

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will able to:

1. Handle various linear and angular measuring instruments
2. Measure the linear and angular measurements
3. Calculate the area and volume by interpreting the data obtained from surveying activities
4. Handle modern equipment such as total station
5. Prepare field notes from survey data

Course Articulation Matrix:

CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO1	2	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	2	-
CO2	2	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	2	-
CO3	2	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	2	-
CO4	1	2			3				3	2	2	1	1	
CO5	2	1			-				3	2	2	1	1	

List of Field Works:

1. Chain survey of road profile with offsets in case of road widening.
2. Determination of distance between two inaccessible points by using compass.
3. Plane table survey ;finding the area of a given boundary by the method of Radiation
4. Fly levelling : Height of the instrument method (differential leveling)
5. Fly levelling: rise and fall method.
6. Theodolite survey: determining the horizontal and vertical angles by the method of repetition method

7. Theodolite survey: finding the distance between two in accessible points.
8. Theodolite survey: finding the height of far object.
9. Determination of area perimeter using total station.
10. Determination of distance between two inaccessible point by using total station.
11. Setting out a curve
12. Determination the levels of contours.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE21L2	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LAB						

Course objectives: By the end of this course student will be able to

1. To determine the tensile strength and yield parameters of mild steel
2. To find out flexural strengths of Steel/Wood specimens and measure deflections
3. To determine the torsion parameters of mild steel bar
4. To determine the hardness numbers, impact and shear strengths of metals
5. To determine the load-deflection parameters for springs

Course Outcomes:

1. Conduct tensile strength test and draw stress-strain diagrams for ductile metals
2. Perform bending test and determine load-deflection curve of steel/wood
3. Able to conduct torsion test and determine torsion parameters
4. Perform hardness, impact and shear strength tests and calculate hardness numbers, impact and shear strengths
5. Able to conduct tests on closely coiled and open coiled springs and calculate deflections

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Tension test.
2. Bending test on (Steel/Wood) Cantilever beam.
3. Bending test on simply supported beam.
4. Torsion test.
5. Hardness test.
6. Compression test on Open coiled springs
7. Tension test on Closely coiled springs
8. Compression test on wood/ concrete
9. Izod / Charpy Impact test on metals
10. Shear test on metals
11. Use of electrical resistance strain gauges.
12. Continuous beam deflection test.

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	1	2	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CE21L3	BUILDING PLANNING AND DRAWING						

Course Objectives:

1. Initiating the student to different building bye-laws and regulations.
2. Imparting the planning aspects of residential buildings and public buildings.
3. Giving training exercises on various signs and bonds.
4. Giving training exercises on different building units.
5. Imparting the skills and methods of planning of various buildings.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course the students will be able to:

1. Plan various buildings as per the building by-laws.
2. Distinguish the relation between the plan, elevation and cross section and identify the form and functions among the buildings.
3. Draw signs and bonds
4. Draw different building units
5. Learn the skills of drawing building elements and plan the buildings as per requirements.

Course Articulation Matrix:

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	2	-	-	3	3	2	-	2	2	2	3	-	2
CO2	1	1	2	-	-	3	2	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-
CO3	1	1	2	-	-	3	3	2	-	2	2	2	3	1	1
CO4	1	1	2	-	-	3	3	2	-	2	2	2	3	1	1
CO5	1	1	2	-	-	3	3	2	-	2	2	2	3	1	1

Syllabus:

1. Detailing & Drawing of Sign Conventions.
2. Detailing & Drawing of English Bond.
3. Detailing & Drawing of Flemish Bond.
4. Detailing & Drawing of Doors.
5. Detailing & Drawing of Windows.
6. Detailing & Drawing of Ventilators & Roofs.
7. Drawing of Line Diagram of Residential Buildings by using Building Bye- Laws.

8. Drawing of Plan, Elevation & Section from line diagram for a single Storey Building.
9. Drawing of Plan, Elevation & Section for Hospital Building.
10. Drawing of Plan, Elevation & Section for Industrial Building.

Text Books:

1. Planning, designing and Scheduling, Gurcharan Singh and Jagdish Singh
2. Building planning and drawing by M. Chakraborti.
3. Building drawing, M G Shah, C M Kale and S Y Patki, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

1. National Building Code 2016 (Volume- I & II).
2. Principles of Building Drawing, M G Shah and C M Kale, Trinity Publications, New Delhi.
3. Civil Engineering drawing and House planning, B. P. Verma, Khanna publishers, NewDelhi.
4. Civil Engineering Building practice, Suraj Singh: CBS Publications, New Delhi, and Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	2	0	0	30	70	100	-
SUB CODE: R23CE21L3	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE						

Course Objectives:

- To make the students to get awareness on environment
- To understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day-to-day activities of human life
- To save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

Course Outcomes:

COs	Statements	Blooms Level
CO1	Grasp multi-disciplinary nature of environmental studies and various renewable and non-renewable resources.	L2
CO2	Understand flow and bio-geo- chemical cycles and ecological pyramids.	L2
CO3	Understand various causes of pollution and solid waste management and related preventive measures.	L2
CO4	Understand the rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion and waste land reclamation.	L2
CO5	Illustrate the causes of population explosion, value education and welfare programmes.	L3

UNIT – I

Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies: – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources : Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:

UNIT – II

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features,

structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity and Its Conservation : Introduction and Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-spots of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT – III

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT – IV

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, and watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

UNIT – V

Human Population And The Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

Field Work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc.

Textbooks:

1. ErachBharucha, Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses, Universities Press (India) Private Limited, 2019.
2. Palaniswamy, Environmental Studies, 2/e, Pearson education, 2014.
3. S.Azeem Unnisa, Environmental Studies, Academic Publishing Company, 2021.
4. K.Raghavan Nambiar, “Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses as per UGC model syllabus”, SciTech Publications (India), Pvt. Ltd, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Deeksha Dave and E.Sai Baba Reddy, Textbook of Environmental Science, 2/e, Cengage Publications, 2012.
2. M.Anji Reddy, “Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology”, BS Publication, 2014.
3. J.P. Sharma, Comprehensive Environmental studies, Laxmi publications, 2006.
4. J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke, Environmental Sciences and Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Private limited, 1988.
5. G.R. Chatwal, A Text Book of Environmental Studies, Himalaya Publishing House, 2018.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech II SEMESTER										
S.No	Subject	Course Code	Cat.Cod e	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	L	T	P	Credits
1	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	R23CC2201	MC-I	30	70	100	2	0	0	2
2	Engineering Geology	R23CE2202	ES/BS	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
3	Concrete Technology	R23CE2203	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
4	Structural Analysis	R23CE2204	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
5	Hydraulics&Hydraulic Machinery	R23CE2205	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
6	Concrete Technology Lab	R23CE22L1	PC	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
7	Engineering Geology lab	R23CE22L2	PC	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
8	Remote Sensing& Geographical Information Systems	R23CE22L4	SC	30	70	100	0	1	2	2
9	Design Thinking & Innovation	R23CC22L3	ES	30	70	100	1	0	2	2
10	Building materials and Construction	R23CE22MC	MC				3	0	0	-
Mandatory Community Service Project Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer vacation										
TOTAL										21

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	2	0	0	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CC2201	MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS						

Course Objectives:

- To inculcate the basic knowledge of microeconomics and financial accounting
- To make the students learn how demand is estimated for different products, input-output relationship for optimizing production and cost
- To Know the Various types of market structure and pricing methods and strategy
- To give an overview on investment appraisal methods to promote the students to learn how to plan long-term investment decisions.
- To provide fundamental skills on accounting and to explain the process of preparing financial statements.

Course Outcomes:

CO 1: Define the concepts related to Managerial Economics, financial accounting and management (L2)

CO 2: Understand the fundamentals of Economics viz., Demand, Production, cost, revenue and markets (L2)

CO 3: Apply the Concept of Production cost and revenues for effective Business decision (L3)

CO 4: Analyze how to invest their capital and maximize returns (L4)

CO 5: Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques. (L5)

CO 6: Develop the accounting statements and evaluate the financial performance of business entity (L5)

UNIT - I Managerial Economics

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions, and advantages. Demand-Concept, Function, Law of Demand - Demand Elasticity- Types – Measurement. Demand Forecasting- Factors governing Forecasting, Methods. Managerial Economics and Financial Accounting and Management.

UNIT - II Production and Cost Analysis

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Production Function– Least- cost combination– Short run and long run Production Function- Isoquants and Is costs, Cost & Break-Even Analysis - Cost concepts and Cost behaviour- Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problems).

UNIT - III Business Organizations and Markets

Introduction – Forms of Business Organizations- Sole Proprietary - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises. Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition Monopoly- Monopolistic Competition– Oligopoly-Price-Output Determination - Pricing Methods and Strategies

UNIT - IV Capital Budgeting

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance. Types of Working Capital, Components, Sources of Short-term and Long-term Capital, Estimating Working capital requirements. Capital Budgeting– Features, Proposals, Methods and Evaluation. Projects- Pay back Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) Net Present Value (NPV) Internal Rate Return (IRR) Method (sample problems)

UNIT - V Financial Accounting and Analysis

Introduction – Concepts and Conventions- Double-Entry Bookkeeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). Introduction to Financial Analysis - Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability.

Textbooks:

1. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand.
2. Aryasri: Business Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/e, MGH.

Reference Books:

1. Ahuja Hl Managerial economics Schand.
2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International.
3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.
4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage.

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2202	ENGINEERING GEOLOGY						

Course Learning Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

1. To know the importance of Engineering Geology to the Civil Engineering.
2. To enable the students understand what minerals and rocks are and their formation and identification.
3. To highlight significance/ importance/ role of Engineering Geology in construction of Civil Engineering structures.
4. To enable the student realize its importance and applications of Engineering Geology in Civil Engineering constructions.
5. concepts of Groundwater and its geophysical methods.

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the significance of geological agents on Earth surface and its significance in Civil Engineering.
2. Identify and understand the properties of Minerals and Rocks.
3. Understand the concepts of Groundwater and its geophysical methods.
4. Classify and measure the Earthquake prone areas, Landslides and subsidence to practice the hazard zonation.
5. Investigate the project site for mega/mini civil engineering projects and site selection for mega engineering projects like Dams, Reservoirs and Tunnels.

Course Articulation Matrix:

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
CO.2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO.3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO.4	3	3	3	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2
CO.5	3	3	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Branches of Geology, Importance of Geology in Civil Engineering with case studies, weathering of rocks, Geological agents, weathering process of Rock, Rivers and geological work of rivers.

UNIT-II

Mineralogy And Petrology: Definitions of mineral and rock-Different methods of study of mineral and rock. Physical properties of minerals and rocks for megascopic study for the following minerals and rocks. Common rock forming minerals: Feldspar, Quartz Group, Olivine, Augite, Hornblende, Mica Group, Asbestos, Talc, Chlorite, Kyanite, Garnet, Calcite and ore forming minerals are Pyrite, Hematite, Magnetite, Chlorite, Galena, Pyrolusite, Graphite, Chromite, Magnetite and Bauxite. Classification, structures ,textures and forms of Igneous rocks, Sedimentary rocks, Metamorphic rocks, and their megascopic study of granite varieties, (pink, gray, green). Pegmatite, Dolerite, Basalt etc., Shale, Sand Stone, Lime Stone, Laterite, Quartzite, Gneiss, Schist, Marble, Khondalite and Slate.

UNIT-III

Structural Geology: Strike , Dip and Outcrop study of common geological structures associating with the rocks such as Folds, Faults, Joints and Unconformities- parts, types, mechanism and their importance in Civil Engineering.

UNIT-IV

Ground Water: Water table, Cone of depression, Geological controls of Ground Water Movement, Ground Water Exploration Techniques.

Earthquakes and Land Slides: Terminology, Classification, causes and effects, Shield areas and Seismic bells, Richter scale intensity, Precautions of building constructions in seismic areas. Classification of Landslides, Causes and Effects, measures to be taken prevent their occurrence at Landslides.

Geophysics: Importance of Geophysical methods, Classification, Principles of Geophysical study by Gravity method, Magnetic method, Electrical methods, Seismic methods, Radiometric method and Electrical resistivity, Seismic refraction methods and Engineering properties of rocks.

UNIT-V

Geology of Dams, Reservoirs and Tunnels: Types and purpose of Dams, Geological considerations in the selection of a Dam site. Geology consideration for successful constructions of reservoirs, Life of Reservoirs. Purpose of Tunneling, effects, Lining of Tunnels. Influence of

Geology for successful Tunnelling.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Geology by N. ChennaKesavulu, Laxmi Publications. 2ndEdn 2014.
2. Engineering & General Geology by Parbin Singh Katson educational series 8th 2023

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Geology by SubinoyGangopadhay Oxford University press 1st edition, 2012.
2. Engineering Geology by D. Venkat Reddy, Vikas Publishing, 2ndEdn , 2017,
3. Geology for Engineers and Environmental Society' Alan E Kehew, 3rd edn., 2013)Pearson publications.
4. 'Environmental Geology' (2013) K.S.Valdiya, 2nd ed., McGraw Hill Publications.

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2203	CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY						

Course Learning Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

1. Learn materials and their properties used in the production of concrete
2. Learn the behavior of concrete at fresh stage
3. Learn the behavior of concrete at hardened stage
4. Learn the influence of elasticity, creep and shrinkage on concrete
5. Learn the mix design methodology and special concretes

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Familiarise the basic ingredients of concrete and their role in the production of concrete and its behaviour in the field.

CO2: Test the fresh concrete properties and the hardened concrete properties. Understand the basic concepts of concrete. Design the concrete mix by BIS method.

CO3: Evaluate the ingredients of concrete through lab test results. realise the importance of quality of concrete

CO4: Understand the behaviour of concrete in various environments.

CO5: Familiarize the basic concepts of special concrete and their production and applications.

Detailed Syllabus:

UNIT- I CEMENTS: Portland cement – Chemical composition – Hydration, Setting of cement, Fineness of cement, Structure of hydrate cement – Test for physical properties – Different grades of cements – Admixtures – Mineral and chemical admixtures – accelerators, retarders, air entrainers, plasticizers, super plasticizers, fly ash and silica fume

AGGREGATES: Classification of aggregate – Particle shape & texture – Bond, strength & other mechanical properties of aggregates – Specific gravity, Bulk density, porosity, adsorption & moisture content of aggregate – Bulking of sand –Deleterious substances – Soundness – Alkali aggregate reaction – Thermal properties – Sieve analysis – Fineness modulus – Grading curves – Grading of fine & coarse Aggregates – Maximum aggregate size- Quality of mixing water

UNIT- II FRESH CONCRETE: Steps inManufacture of Concrete–proportion, mixing, placing, compaction, finishing, curing – including various types in each stage. Properties of

fresh concrete-Workability – Factors affecting workability – Measurement of workability by different tests, Setting times of concrete, Effect of time and temperature on workability – Segregation & bleeding – Mixing and vibration of concrete, Ready mixed concrete, Shortcrete.

UNIT- III HARDENED CONCRETE: Water / Cement ratio – Abram’s Law – Gel/space ratio – Nature of strength of concrete –Maturity concept – Strength in tension & compression Factors affecting strength – Relation between compression & tensile strength – Curing, Testing of Hardened Concrete: Compression test – Tension test – Factors affecting strength – Flexure test–Splitting test – Non-destructive testing methods – Codal provisions for NDT.

UNIT- IV ELASTICITY, CREEP & SHRINKAGE – Modulus of elasticity –Dynamic modulus of elasticity – Poisson’s ratio – Creep of concrete – Factors influencing creep – Relation between creep & time – Nature of creep – Effects of creep – Shrinkage –types of shrinkage.

UNIT- V MIX DESIGN AND SPECIAL CONCRETES: Ready mixed concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete – Different types of fibres – Factors affecting properties of FRC, High performance concrete – Self consolidating concrete, Self-healing concrete.

Factors in the choice of mix proportions –Quality control of concrete- Statistical methods- Acceptance Criteria-Concepts Proportioning of concrete mixes by ACI method and IS Code method.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Properties of Concrete by A.M. Neville – PEARSON – 4th edition
2. Concrete Technology by M.L. Gambhir. – Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishers, New Delhi 5th edition 2013.
3. Concrete Technology by Job Thomas, Cengage Publications, 1st edition, 2015.

References

1. Concrete Microstructure, Properties of Materials by P.K. Mehta and Moterio. McGraw Hill 4th edition 2014
2. Concrete Technology, J.J. Brooks and A. M. Neville, Pearson, 2019, 2nd Edition.
3. Concrete Technology by M. S. Shetty. – S. Chand & Co.; 2004.

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2204	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS						

Course Learning Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

1. Learn energy theorems
2. Learn the analysis of indeterminate structures
3. Analysis of fixed and continuous beams
4. Learn about slope-deflection method
5. Learn about Moment – distribution method

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

1. Apply energy theorems to analyze trusses
2. analyze indeterminate structures by using Castigliano's-II theorem
3. Analysis of fixed and continuous beams
4. Analyze continuous beams and portal frames by using slope-deflection method
5. Analyze continuous beams and portal frames by using Moment – distribution method

UNIT – I

ENERGY THEOREMS: Introduction-Strain energy in linear elastic system, expression of strain energy due to axial load, bending moment and shear forces – Castigliano's first theorem Deflections of simple beams and pin jointed trusses.

UNIT - II

ANALYSIS OF INDETERMINATE STRUCTURES: Indeterminate Structural Analysis – Determination of static and kinematic indeterminacies – Solution of trusses with upto two degrees of internal and external indeterminacies – Castigliano's-II theorem.

UNIT - III

FIXED BEAMS & CONTINUOUS BEAMS : Introduction to statically indeterminate beams with uniformly distributed load, central point load, eccentric point load, number of point loads, uniformly varying load, couple and combination of loads – Shear force and Bending moment diagrams – Deflection of fixed beams effect of sinking of support, effect of rotation of a support.

UNIT – IV

SLOPE-DEFLECTION METHOD: Introduction-derivation of slope deflection equations-application to continuous beams with and without settlement of supports - Analysis of single bay portal frames without sway.

UNIT - V

MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD: Introduction to moment distribution method- Application to continuous beams with and without settlement of supports-Analysis of single bay storey portal frames without sway.

Textbooks:

1. Analysis of Structures – Vol-I&II by V.N.Vazirani&M.M.Ratwani, Khanna Publications, New Delhi.
2. Basic Structural Analysis by C.S.Reddy., Tata McGraw Hill Publishers. 3rd edition 2017.

Reference Books:

1. Structural analysis by Aslam Kassimali Cengage publications 6th edition 2020.
2. Structural analysis Vol.I and II by Dr.R.Vaidyanathan and Dr.PPerumal– Laxmi publications. 3rd 2016
3. Introduction to structural analysis by B.D.Nautiyal, New Age international publishers, New Delhi.
4. Structural Analysis – D.S.Prakasarao -Univeristy press.

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE2205	HYDRAULICS AND HYRAULIC MACHINERY						

Pre-requisite: Fluid Mechanics Course Objectives:

1. To Introduce concepts of laminar and turbulent flows
2. To teach principles of uniform flows through open channel.
3. To teach principles of non-uniform flows through open channel.
4. To impart knowledge on design of turbines.
5. To impart knowledge on design of pumps

Course Outcomes:

On Completion of the course, the students will be able to:

COs	STATEMENTS	Blooms level
CO1	Understand the characteristics of laminar and turbulent flows.	L2
CO2	Apply the knowledge of fluid mechanics to address the uniform flow problems in open channels.	L3
CO3	Solve non-uniform flow problems and hydraulic jump phenomenon in open channel flows.	L3
CO4	Evaluate the performance of impact of jets on plates and design Pelton wheel, Francis and Kaplan turbine	L5
CO5	Understand the principles, losses and its efficiencies of centrifugal pumps	L2

Course Articulation Matrix:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	1
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	1
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	1
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	2

UNIT – I

Laminar & Turbulent flow in pipes: Laminar Flow- Laminar flow through: circular pipes, annulus and parallel plates. Stoke's law, Measurement of viscosity. Reynolds experiment, Transition from laminar to turbulent flow. Resistance to flow of fluid in smooth and rough pipes- Moody's diagram – Introduction to boundary layer theory.

UNIT - II

Uniform flow in Open Channels: Open Channel Flow - Comparison between open channel flow and pipe flow, geometrical parameters of a channel, classification of open channels, classification of open channel flow, Velocity Distribution of channel section. Hydraulically

efficient channel sections: Rectangular, trapezoidal and triangular channels, Energy and Momentum correction factors.

UNIT - III

Non-Uniform flow in Open Channels: Specific energy, critical flow, discharge curve, Specific force, Specific depth, and Critical depth. Measurement of Discharge and Velocity – Gradually Varied Flow- Dynamic Equation of Gradually Varied Flow. Hydraulic Jump and classification - Elements and characteristics- Energy dissipation.

UNIT - IV

Impact of Jets: Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined and curved vanes - Velocity triangles at inlet and outlet - Work done and efficiency Hydraulic Turbines: Classification of turbines; pelton wheel and its design. Francis turbine and its design - efficiency - Draft tube: theory - characteristic curves of hydraulic turbines. Cavitation: causes and effects.

UNIT – V

pumps: Working principles of a centrifugal pump, work done by impeller; heads, losses and efficiencies; minimum starting speed; Priming; specific speed; limitation of suction lift, net positive suction head (NPSH); Performance and characteristic curves; Cavitation effects; Multistage centrifugal pumps; troubles and remedies.

TEXT BOOKS: -

1. P. M. Modi and S. M. Seth, Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, Standard Book House 22nd, 2019.
2. K. Subrahmanya, Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd edition 2018

Reference Books:

1. R. K. Bansal, A text of Fluid mechanics and hydraulic machines, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi 11th edition, 2024.
2. Fluid Mechanics by Frank M. White, Henry Xue, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th edition , 2022.
3. C. S. P. Ojha, R. Berndtsson and P. N. Chadramouli, Fluid Mechanics and Machinery, Oxford University Press, 2010.
4. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics & Fluid Machines by S K Som, Gautam Biswas, S Chakraborty 3rd edition 2011.

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE22L1	CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY						

Course Learning Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

To test basic properties of ingredients of concrete fresh and hardened concrete properties

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1 Outline importance of testing cement and its properties

CO2 Assess different properties of Aggregates

CO3 Assess fresh concrete properties and their relevance to hardened concrete

CO4 Assess hardened concrete properties

Detailed Syllabus:**1. Tests on Cement**

Normal Consistency and Fineness of cement. Initial setting time and Final setting time of cement. Specific gravity and soundness of cement.

Compressive strength of cement.

2. Tests on Fine Aggregates

Grading and fineness modulus of Fine aggregate by sieve analysis. Specific gravity of fine aggregate

Water absorption and Bulking of sand.

3. Tests on Coarse Aggregates

Grading of Coarse aggregate by sieve analysis. Specific gravity of coarse aggregate

Water absorption of Coarse aggregates

4. Tests on fresh Concrete

Workability of concrete by compaction factor method Workability of concrete by slump test

Workability of concrete by Vee-bee test.

5. Tests on Hardened Concrete

Compressive strength of cement concrete and Modulus of rupture Young's Modulus and Poisson's Ratio

Split tensile strength of concrete.

Non-Destructive testing on concrete (for demonstration)

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE22L2	ENGINEERING GEOLOGY LABORATORY						

Course Learning Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- To identify the megascopic types of Ore minerals & Rock forming minerals.
- To identify the Megascopic types of Igneous, Sedimentary, Metamorphic rocks.
- To identify the topography of the site & material selection

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Identify megascopic minerals & their properties.

CO 2: Identify megascopic rocks & their properties.

CO 3: Identify the site parameters such as contour, slope & aspect for topography.

CO 4: Know the occurrence of materials using the strike & dip problems.

Course Articulation Matrix:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1
CO4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Physical properties of minerals: Mega-scopic identification of
 - a. Rock forming minerals – Quartz group, Feldspar group, Garnet group, Mica group & Talc, Chlorite, Olivine, Kyanite, Asbestos, Tourmelene, Calcite, Gypsum, etc...
 - b. Ore forming minerals – Magnetite, Hematite, Pyrite, Pyralusite, Graphite, Chromite, etc...
2. Megascopic description and identification of rocks.

- a) Igneous rocks – Types of Granite, Pegmatite, Gabbro, Dolerite, Syenite, Granite Poryphery, Basalt, etc.
 - b) Sedimentary rocks – Sand stone, Ferruginous sand stone, Lime stone, Shale, Laterite, Conglamorate, etc.
 - c) Metamorphic rocks–Biotite –Granite Gneiss, Slate,Muscovite&Biotiteschist, Marble, Khondalite, etc.
3. Interpretation and drawing of sections for geological maps showing tilted beds, faults, unconformities etc.
 4. Simple Structural Geology problems.
 5. Bore hole data.
 6. Strength of the rock using laboratory tests.
 7. Field work – To identify Minerals, Rocks, Geomorphology& Structural Geology.

LAB EXAMINATION PATTERN:

1. Description and identification of FOUR minerals
2. Description and identification of FOUR (including igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks).
3. ONE Question on Interpretation of a Geological map along with a geological section.
4. TWO Questions on Simple strike and Dip problems.
5. Bore hole problems.
6. Project report on geology.

REFERENCES:

1. ‘Applied Engineering Geology Practicals’ by M T Mauthesha Reddy, New Age International Publishers,
2. ‘Foundations of Engineering Geology’ by Tony Waltham, Spon Press, 3rd Edition.

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	1	2	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CE22L3	REMOTE SENSING AND GIS						

Course Learning Objectives:

The course is designed to

- Introduce the basic principles of Remote Sensing and GIS techniques and its application to Civil Engineering.
- Learn various types of sensors and platforms and understand the principles of spatial analysis techniques in GIS.
- Introduce GIS software to understand the process of digitization, creation of thematic map from toposheets and maps.

Course outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO 1: Acquire knowledge about concepts of remote sensing, sensors and their characteristics.

CO 2: Familiarize with data models and data structures to introduce various Raster and Vector Analysis capabilities in GIS.

CO 3: Digitize and create thematic map and extract important features to calculate geometry.

CO 4: Perform surface analysis over Contour to develop digital elevation model.

CO 5: Use GIS software to perform simple analysis in water resources and transportation engineering.

Course Articulation Matrix:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO.1	2		1	1			2					2	1	
CO.2	2		1	1			2					2	1	
CO.3	1	2	2	1	2	2	3		2	2	1	3	1	
CO.4	1	2	2	1	2	2	3		2	2	1	3	2	
CO.5	1	2	2	1	2	2	3		2	2	1	3	2	

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I Introduction to Remote sensing: History of Remote Sensing, Electromagnetic Radiation, Electromagnetic Spectrum, Energy Interaction with Atmosphere, Energy Interaction

with the Earth Surfaces - Characteristics of Remote Sensing Systems, Sensor Resolutions, Advantages & Limitations - Platforms: Types of Sensors, Airborne Remote Sensing, Spaceborne Remote Sensing - IRS, LANDSAT, SPOT & Recent satellite.

UNIT – II

Digital Image analysis: Digital Image Characteristics, Digital Image Data Formats, Band Interleaved by Pixel (BIP), Band Interleaved by Line (BIL), Band Sequential (BSQ) - Visual Interpretation Elements, Preprocessing, Enhancement, Classification, Supervised classification, Unsupervised classification.

UNIT – III

Introduction to Geographic Information System: Principles, Components and Applications of GIS - Map projections, Spatial Data Structures, Raster and Vector Data Formats, Data Inputs, Data Manipulation, Data Retrieval, Data Analysis - Spatial data analysis: Overlay Function-Vector Overlay Operations, Raster Overlay Operations, Arithmetic Operators, Comparison and Logical Operators, Conditional Expressions - Network Analysis: Components of network, Transportation network - Optimum path analysis.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. BasudebBhatta (2021). 'Remote sensing and GIS', 3rdedn., Oxford University Press.
2. S. Kumar, (2016) 'Basics of Remote sensing & GIS', Laxmi Publications.
3. Lillesand, T.M, R.W. Kiefer and J.W. Chipman (2022) 'Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation', 7thedn., Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
4. Demers, M.N, (2013) 'Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems', 4thedn., Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

List of Experiments:

- Expt. 1: Georeferencing a Topo sheet or Map
- Expt. 2: Digitization and Attribute table creation.
- Expt. 3: Creation of Thematic Map
- Expt. 4: Calculation of Feature geometry – Length, Area & Perimeter.
- Expt. 5: Contour map – developing TIN & DEM from Contour.
- Expt. 6: Stream network – Stream ordering map.
- Expt. 7: Watershed - calculate Hydro-geomorphological parameters.
- Expt. 8: Transportation Network Map – Route analysis.

GIS SOFTWARE: QGIS / ArcGIS

Textbook for Practical

1. QGIS User Guide
2. ArcGIS User Manual by ESRI

REFERENCES:

1. Schowengerdt, R. A (2006) 'Remote Sensing', Elsevier publishers.
2. Burrough P A and R.A. McDonnell, (1998) 'Principals of Geographical Information Systems', Oxford University Press.
3. George Joseph (2013) 'Fundamentals of Remote Sensing', Universities Press.

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	1	0	2	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CC22L3	DESIGN THINKING & INNOVATION						

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to

- Bring awareness on innovative design and new product development.
- Explain the basics of design thinking.
- Familiarize the role of reverse engineering in product development.
- Train how to identify the needs of society and convert into demand.
- Introduce product planning and product development process.

Course Outcomes:

CO1 Define the concepts related to design thinking.

CO2 Explain the fundamentals of Design Thinking and innovation.

CO3 Apply the design thinking techniques for solving problems in various sectors.

CO4 Analyse to work in a multidisciplinary environment.

CO5 Evaluate the value of creativity.

UNIT – I Introduction to Design Thinking

Introduction to elements and principles of Design, basics of design-dot, line, shape, form as fundamental design components. Principles of design. Introduction to design thinking, history of Design Thinking, New materials in Industry.

UNIT – II Design Thinking Process

Design thinking process (empathize, analyze, idea & prototype), implementing the process in driving inventions, design thinking in social innovations. Tools of design thinking - person, costumer, journey map, brainstorming, product development

Activity: Every student presents their idea in three minutes, Every student can present design process in the form of flow diagram or flow chart etc. Every student should explain about product development.

UNIT – III Innovation

Art of innovation, Difference between innovation and creativity, role of creativity and innovation in organizations. Creativity to Innovation. Teams for innovation, Measuring the impact and value of creativity.

Activity: Debate on innovation and creativity, Flow and planning from idea to innovation, Debate on value-based innovation.

UNIT – IV Product Design

Problem formation, introduction to product design, Product strategies, Product value, Product planning, product specifications. Innovation towards product design Case studies.

Activity: Importance of modeling, how to set specifications, Explaining their own product design.

UNIT – V Design Thinking in Business Processes

Design Thinking applied in Business & Strategic Innovation, Design Thinking principles that redefine business – Business challenges: Growth, Predictability, Change, Maintaining Relevance, Extreme competition, Standardization. Design thinking to meet corporate needs. Design thinking for Startups. Defining and testing Business Models and Business Cases. Developing & testing prototypes.

Activity: How to market our own product, about maintenance, Reliability and plan for startup.

Textbooks:

1. Tim Brown, Change by design, 1/e, Harper Bollins, 2009.
2. Idris Mootee, Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation, 1/e, Adams Media, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. David Lee, Design Thinking in the Classroom, Ulysses press, 2018.
2. Shrrutin N Shetty, Design the Future, 1/e, Norton Press, 2018.
3. William lidwell, Kritinaholden, &Jill butter, Universal principles of design, 2/e, Rockport Publishers, 2010.
4. Chesbrough.H, The era of open innovation, 2003.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

II B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0				-
SUB CODE: R23CC22L3	BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION						

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the fundamental properties and classifications of building materials like stone, brick, lime, and cement.
- To familiarize students with the composition, manufacturing, testing, and field applications of binding materials and concrete.
- To explain various construction techniques for masonry, walls, floors, and roofs, including different bonding and roofing systems.
- To describe the structure, properties, seasoning, and defects of timber and its alternatives used in construction.
- To study temporary works like formwork and scaffolding and different types of finishing materials like paints and plasters.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion, students will be able to

CO 1: Select appropriate building materials (stones, bricks, tiles, timber, and glass) based on their structural requirements and properties.

CO 2: Identify the composition, types, and quality tests for binding materials like lime and cement and understand their use in concrete.

CO 3: Differentiate between various masonry bonds (English, Flemish) and wall types (rubble, ashlar, and cavity) for specific applications.

CO 4: Analyze the structural design principles and types of building components such as arches, lintels, roofs (trusses), and staircases.

CO 5: Specify suitable finishing materials (plasters, paints, waterproofing) and temporary structures (scaffolding, formwork) for construction work.

UNIT-I

STONES, BRICKS AND TILES:

Properties of building stones – relation to their structural requirements, classification of stones – stone quarrying – precautions in blasting, dressing of stone, composition of good brick earth,

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

various methods of manufacturing of bricks. Characteristics of good tile – manufacturing methods, types of tiles. Uses of materials like Aluminum, Gypsum, Glass and Bituminous materials – their quality.

UNIT-II

MASONRY: Types of masonry, English and Flemish bonds, Rubble and Ashlar Masonry. Cavity and Partionwalls

WOOD: Structure – Properties- Seasoning of timber- Classification of various types of woods used in buildings- Defects in timber. Alternative materials for wood – Galvanized Iron, Fiver – Reinforced Plastics, Steel, Aluminum.

UNIT-III

LIME AND CEMENT:

Various ingredients of lime- constituents of lime stone classification of lime- various methods of manufacture of lime.

CEMENT: Portland cement- Chemical Composition – Hydration, setting and fineness of cement. Various types of cement and their properties. Various field and laboratory tests for Cement. Various ingredients of cement concrete and their importance – various tests for concrete.

UNIT-IV

BUILDING COMPONENTS:

Lintels, arches, vaults, stair cases – types. Different types of floors – Concrete, Mosaic, Terrazzo floors, Pitched, flat roofs. Lean to roof, Coupled Roofs. Trussed roofs – King and Queen post Trusses. R.C.C Roofs, Madras Terrace and Pre-fabricated roofs.

UNIT-V

FINISHINGS:

Damp Proofing and water proofing materials and uses – Plastering Pointing, white washing and distempering.

PAINTS: Constituents of paint – Types of paints – Painting of new/old wood- Varnish. Form Works and Scaffoldings.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S.S. Bhavikatti, —*Building Materials*”, Vices publications House private ltd.
2. B.C. Punmia, Laxmi “*Building Materials*” Publications private ltd.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. S.K.Duggal, "*Building Materials*" New Age International Publications.
2. P.C.Vergheese, "*Building Materials*" PHI learning (P) ltd.
3. M.L.Gambhir, "*Building Materials*", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER

S.No	Subject	Course Code	Cat.Code	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks	L	T	P	Credits
1	Design and Drawing of Reinforced Concrete Structures	R23CE3101	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
2	Engineering Hydrology	R23CE3102	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
3	Geotechnical Engineering -I	R23CE3103	PC	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
4	Construction Technology and Management	R23CE3106	PE-1	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
5	1. Entrepreneurship Development & Venture Creation 2. Green Buildings 3. Environmental Pollution & Control 4. Climate Change impact on Eco system	R230E3103	OE-1	30	70	100	3	0	0	3
6	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	R23CE31L1	PC	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
7	Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines Lab	R23CE31L2	PC	30	70	100	0	0	3	1.5
8	Estimation, Costing & Contracts	R23CE31L3	SEC	30	70	100	0	1	2	2
9	Tinkering Lab	R23CE31L4	ES	30	70	100	0	0	2	1
10	Evaluation of Community Service Internship	R23CE31CSP					-	-	-	2
Mandatory Community Service Project Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer vacation										
TOTAL										23

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year II Semester

S.No	Category	Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	Professional Core	Design and Drawing of Steel Structures	3	0	0	3
2	Professional Core	Highway Engineering	3	0	0	3
3	Professional Core	Environmental Engineering	3	0	0	3
4	Professional Elective-II	1. Ground Improvement Techniques 2. Repair and Rehabilitation of Structures 3. Valuation and Quantity Survey	3	0	0	3
5	Professional Elective-III	1. Finite element method 2. Bridge Engineering 3. Water Resource Engineering	3	0	0	3
6	Open Elective-II	1. Disaster management 2. Sustainability in Engineering practices 3. Water Supply Systems 4. Environmental Pollution and Control	3	0	0	3
7	Professional Core	Environmental Engineering lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	Professional Core	High Way Engineering lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	Skill Enhancement course	CAD Lab	0	1	2	2
Total			18	1	08	23
10	Audit course	Technical paper writing & IPR	2	0	0	-
Mandatory Industry Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer vacation						

OPEN ELECTIVES

S.NO	Category	Titles
1	Open Elective -1	1. Entrepreneurship Development & Venture Creation 2. Green Buildings 3. Environmental Pollution & Control 4. Climate Change impact on Eco system
2	Open Elective-2	1. Disaster management 2. Sustainability in Engineering practices 3. Water Supply Systems 4. Alternative Construction Technology
3	Open Elective-3	1. Building technology for engineers 2. Environmental impact assessment 3. Ground water development and management 4. Low Cost Housing
4	Open Elective-4	1. Geo-Spatial Technologies 2. Solid waste management 3. Air Pollution and control 4. Traffic Safety

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3101	DESIGN AND DRAWING OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- Familiarize Students with different types of design philosophies.
- Equip student with concepts of design of flexural members.
- Understand Concepts of shear, bond and torsion.
- Familiarize students with different types of compressions members and Design.
- Understand different types of footings and their design.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course the student will be able to

CO1: Work on different types of design philosophies

CO2: Carryout analysis and design of flexural members and detailing

CO3: Design structures subjected to shear, bond and torsion.

CO4: Design different type of compression members and footings

SYLLABUS:

UNIT –I

Introduction: Working stress method Design codes and handbooks, loading standards – Dead, live, wind and earthquake loads, elastic theory, design constants, modular ratio, neutral axis depth and moment of resistance, balanced, under-reinforced and over-reinforced sections, working stress method of design of singly and doubly reinforced beams.

Limit State Design: Concepts of limit state design – Basic statistical principles – Characteristic loads –Characteristic strength – Partial load and safety factors – representative stress-strain curves for cold worked deformed bars and mild steel bars. Assumptions in limit state design – stress - block parameters – limiting moment of Resistance.

UNIT –II

Design for Flexure: Limit state analysis and design of singly reinforced sections- effective depth-

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Moment of Resistance- Doubly reinforced and flanged (T) beam sections- Minimum depth for a given capacity- Limiting Percentage of Steel- Minimum Tension Reinforcement-Maximum Flexural Steel- Design of Flanged Sections (T)- Effective width of flange –Behavior- Analysis and Design.

UNIT – III

Design for Shear, Torsion and Bond: Limit state analysis and design of section for shear and torsion for L Beam – concept of bond, anchorage and development length, I.S. code provisions. Design examples in simply supported and continuous beams, detailing. **Limit state design for serviceability:** Deflection, cracking and code provision.

UNIT – IV

Design of Compression members: Effective length of a column, Design of short and long columns – under axial loads, uniaxial bending and biaxial bending – Braced and un-braced columns – I S Code provisions.

Footings: Different types of footings – Design of isolated footings, Square footings – Rectangular footings – circular footing – spread & sloped footings - subjected to axial loads.

UNIT – V

Slabs: Classification of slabs, design of one - way slabs, two - way slabs, and continuous slabs using IS Coefficients (conventional), design of waist-slab staircase.

NOTE: All the designs to be taught in Limit State Method. Drawing classes must be conducted every week and the Following plates should be prepared by the students.

- Reinforcement detailing of T-beams, L-beams and continuous beams and cantilevers.
- Reinforcement detailing of columns and isolated footings.
- Detailing of one-way, two-way and continuous slabs and waist-slab staircase.

FINAL EXAMINATION PATTERN:

The end examination paper should consist of Part A and Part B. Part A consists of two questions in Design and Drawing out of which one question is to be answered. Part B should consist of five questions and design out of which three are to be answered. Weightage for Part – A is 40% and Part- B is 60%.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. 'Limit State Design' by A. K. Jain
2. 'Reinforced Concrete Structures' by S. Unnikrishna Pillai & Devdas Menon, Tata Mc.Graw Hill, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Design of concrete structures' by N. Krishna Raju.
2. 'Reinforced Concrete Structures' by Park and Pauley, John Wiley and Sons.

IS Codes:

1. IS -456-2000 (Permitted to use in examination hall)
2. IS – 875
3. SP-16

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3102	ENGINEERING HYDROLOGY						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course is designed to make the students,

- Understand hydrologic cycle and its relevance to Civil engineering.
- Learn physical processes and their interactions in hydrology.
- Learn measurement and estimation of the components of hydrologic cycle.
- Have an overview and understanding of Hydrographs.
- Learn flood frequency analysis, design flood and flood routing methods.
- Study the concepts of groundwater movement and well hydraulics.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students are expected to

CO1: Understand the hydrologic cycle and its components, and analyze precipitation data for the design of hydraulic structures.

CO2: Quantify and analyze the processes of evaporation, infiltration, and evapotranspiration.

CO3: Analyze runoff characteristics and apply hydrograph techniques, including the unit hydrograph, for hydrologic analysis.

CO4: Perform flood frequency analysis and carry out flood routing for flood management.

CO5: Determine aquifer parameters and the yield of wells in confined and unconfined aquifers.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT - I

Introduction: Engineering hydrology and its applications, Hydrologic cycle, hydrological data-sources of data.

Precipitation: Types and forms, measurement, introduction to radar measurement of rain fall, rain gauge network, presentation of rainfall data, average rainfall, continuity and consistency of rainfall data, frequency of rainfall, Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curves, Depth-Area-Duration (DAD) curves, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), design storm

UNIT-II

Abstractions: Initial abstractions, Evaporation: factors affecting, measurement, estimation, reduction, Evapotranspiration: factors affecting, measurement, estimation, control, Infiltration:

factors affecting, Infiltration capacity curve, measurement, infiltration indices.

UNIT-III

Runoff: Factors affecting runoff, components, empirical formulae, tables and curves, stream gauging, rating curve, flow mass curve and flow duration curve.

Hydrograph analysis: Components of hydrograph, separation of base flow, effective rainfall hyetograph and direct runoff hydrograph, unit hydrograph, assumptions, derivation of unit hydrograph, unit hydrographs of different durations, principle of superposition and S-hydrograph methods, limitations and applications of unit hydrograph, dimensionless unit hydrograph, synthetic unit hydrograph, introduction to IUH.

UNIT-IV

Floods: Causes and effects, frequency analysis- Gumbel's and Log-Pearson type III distribution methods, Standard Project Flood (SPF) and Probable Maximum Flood (MPF), flood control methods and management.

Flood Routing: Hydrologic routing, channel and reservoir routing-Muskingum and Puls methods of routing.

UNIT-V

Groundwater: Occurrence, types of aquifers, aquifer parameters, porosity, specific yield, permeability, transmissivity and storage coefficient, types of wells, Darcy's law, Dupuit's equation- steady radial flow to wells in confined and unconfined aquifers, yield of an open well-recuperation test.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. 'Engineering Hydrology' by Subramanya, K, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt Ltd, (2013), New Delhi.
2. 'Engineering Hydrology' by Jayarami Reddy, P, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., (2013), New Delhi
3. 'Applied hydrology' by Chow V.T., D.R Maidment and L.W. Mays, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, (2011), New Delhi.
4. 'Engineering Hydrology' by Ojha C.S.P, R. Berndtsson and P. Bhunya, Oxford University Press, (2010).

REFERENCES:

1. 'Water Resources Engineering', Mays L.W, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, (2013).
2. 'Hydrology' by Raghunath. H.M., New Age International Publishers, (2010)

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

3. 'Engineering Hydrology – Principles and Practice' by Ponce V.M., Prentice Hall International, (1994)
4. 'Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering' by Patra K.C., Narosa Publications, (2011).

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3103	GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING – I						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- To enable the student to determine the index properties of the soil and classify it.
- To impart the concept of seepage of water through soils and determine the discharge of water through soils.
- To impart the principles of compaction and consolidation of soils and determine the magnitude and the rate of consolidation settlement.
- To enable the student to understand the concept of shear strength of soils, determine the shear parameters of sands and clays and the areas of their application.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand soil formation, its index properties and classification.

CO2: Understand soil moisture and flow of water through soils and its effects.

CO3: Understand stress distribution in soils.

CO4: Understand Compressibility characteristics under partially saturated and fully saturated conditions.

CO5: Understand shear strength of soil at different loading & drainage conditions for different soils.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I

Introduction: Soil formation – Structure of Soils – Texture of Soils – Three phase system and phase relationships.

Index Properties and Classification Tests of Soils: Index properties – Density Index - Grain size analysis – Sieve and Hydrometer methods – Consistency of Clay Soils – Activity of Clays – Thixotropy of clays - soil Classification – Unified soil classification and I.S. Soil classification.

UNIT – II

Soil moisture and Capillarity: Soil moisture and modes of occurrence – Total, Neutral and Effective Pressures – Capillary Rise in soils.

Permeability: Flow of water through soils -- One dimensioned flow of water through soils – Darcy’s law- permeability – Factors affecting –laboratory determination of coefficient of permeability –Permeability of layered systems.

UNIT –III

Seepage and Flow Nets: Flow net for one-dimensional flow – two-dimensional flow – Basic equation for Seepage – Flow nets & Characteristics and Uses – Quicksand condition –Seepage forces

Stress Distribution in Soils: Stresses induced by applied loads - Boussinesq’s and Westergaard’s theories for point loads and areas of different shapes– Newmark’s influence chart – 2:1 stress distribution method. - Pressure Blubs.

UNIT – IV

Compaction: Mechanism of compaction – factors affecting – effects of compaction on soil properties - compaction control.

Consolidation: Compressibility of soils – e-p and e-log p curves – Stress history – Concept of consolidation - Spring Analogy - Terzaghi’s theory of one-dimensional Consolidation – Time rate of consolidation and degree of consolidation – Determination of coefficient of consolidation (c_v) - Over consolidated and normally consolidated clays.

UNIT - V

Shear Strength of Soils: Basic mechanism of shear strength - Mohr – Coulomb Failure theories – total and effective shear strength parameters – Stress-Strain behavior of Sands - Critical Void Ratio – Stress-Strain behavior of clays – Shear Strength determination- various drainage conditions – stress paths.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. ‘Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering by Dr. K.R. Arora, Standard Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
2. Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics’ by Gopal Ranjan and A.S.R.Rao, New Age International Publishers.
3. ‘Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering’ by V.N.S.Murthy ,CBS publishers
4. ‘Geotechnical Engineering’ by C. Venkataramaiah, New Age International Publishers.

REFERENCES:

1. ‘Fundamentals of Soil Mechanics’ by D.W.Taylor., Wiley.
2. ‘An introduction to Geotechnical Engineering’ by Holtz and Kovacs; Prentice Hall

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3104	ADVANCED STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course:

- Estimate the deflection of simple beams using Strain – Energy method (Castigliano’s theorem)
- Enable students to analyze beams and frames by Moment Distribution and Kani’s Method.
- Equip student with concepts of Arches
- Equip student with quick and approximate analysis of building frames for gravity and lateral
- Familiarize Cables and Suspension Bridges.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course; the student will be able to:

CO1: Differentiate Determinate and Indeterminate Structures

CO2: Carryout lateral Load analysis of structures

CO3: Analyze Cable and Suspension Bridge structures

CO4: Analyze structures using Moment Distribution, Kani’s Method

CO5: Analyze structures using Matrix method.

UNIT-I

Energy Theorems: Introduction-Strain energy in linear elastic system, expression of strain energy due to axial load, bending moment and shear forces - Castigliano’s first theorem- Deflections of simple beams and pin jointed plane trusses.

INDETERMINATE TRUSSES: Determination of static and kinematic indeterminacies – Analysis of trusses having single and two degrees of internal and external indeterminacies – Castigliano’s second theorem.

UNITII

Three Hinged Arches: Elastic theory of arches – Eddy’s theorem – Determination of horizontal thrust, bending moment, normal thrust and radial shear – effect of temperature. Hinges with supports at different levels.

Two Hinged Arches: Determination of horizontal thrust, bending moment, normal thrust and radial shear – Rib shortening and temperature stresses, Tied arches – Fixed arches – (No analytical question)

UNIT-III Approximate Methods of Analyses: Application to building frames. (i) Portal Method

(ii) Cantilever Method (iii) Substitute frame method for approximate analysis of multi-storey frames subjected to gravity loads and lateral loads. Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

UNIT – IV Cable Structures and Suspension Bridges: Introduction, characteristics of cable, analysis of cables subjected to concentrated and uniformly distributed loads, anchor cable, temperature stresses, analysis of simple suspension bridge, three hinged and two hinged stiffening girder suspension bridges.

UNIT – V Moment Distribution Method: Analysis of Portal frames – including Sway- Substitute frame analysis by two cycle. Sloped deflection method: Analysis of Portal frames – including Sway. Analysis of inclined frames. Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

Kani's Method: Analysis of continuous beams—including settlement of supports and single bay portal frames with and without side sway. Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Structural Analysis by R.C. Hibbeler, Pearson, New Delhi.
- 2 Analysis of Structures- Vol. I and II, V. N. Vazirani and M. M. Ratwani, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.

References:

1. Mechanics of Structures Vol – II by H.J.Shah and S.B.Junnarkar, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
2. Structural Analysis by Devdas Menon, Narosa Publishing Housing Pvt. Ltd.
3. Structural Analysis: A Matrix Approach, G.S.Pandit and S.P.Gupta, Mc Graw Hill Pvt Ltd.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3105	ARCHITECTURE AND TOWN PLANNING						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of this course are:

- Initiating the students to different architectures of the world. The distinctions between the eastern and western architecture styles are focused.
- The salient features of Egyptian, Greek, Roman, and Indian Vedic, Indus valley civilization, Buddhist, Hindu and Indo-Sarsanic Architecture are introduced.
- Architectural design concepts, principles of planning and composition are imparted.
- Enabling the student to understand town planning from ancient times to modern times.
- To impart the concepts of town planning standards, land scaping and expansion of towns.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Distinguish architectural styles of eastern and western world.

CO2: Understand the importance of Orders of architecture.

CO3: Compose spaces of buildings using design concepts, planning principles.

CO4: Understand the town planning standards, landscaping features and regulations controlling expansion of the towns and the cities.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

History of Architecture: Western Architecture: Egyptian, Greek, Roman Architectures- Orders. Indian Architecture: Vedic age, Indus valley civilization.

Temples of Religions: Buddhist period: Stambas, Stupas, Toranas, Chaityas, Viharas – Hindu temples: Dravidian and Indo Aryan Styles-Temple of Aihole, Madurai, Bhubaneshwar, Mount Abu. Indo Sarsanic (Islamic) Architecture: Mosque - Palace - Fort - Tomb.

UNIT-II

Principles of designing and Planning: Principles of planning a residence-site selection, site orientation- aspect, prospect, grouping, circulation, privacy, furniture requirements, services and other factors.

Post-classic Architecture: Introduction of post-classic architecture-contribution of eminent architects to modern period-Edward Lutyens, Le Corbusier, Frank Lloyd Wrigt, Walter Groping.

UNIT-III

Historical Back Ground of Town Planning: Town planning in India –Town plans of mythological Manasa-Town plans of ancient towns: Harappa, Mohenjo- Daro, Pataliputra, Delhi, Acropolis (Greece), Jerusalem, Mecca, Rome, London.

UNIT-IV

Modern Town Planning: Zoning- Roads and road traffic- Housing- Slums, Parks, Play grounds- Public Utility Services- Surveys and maps for planning- Neighborhood Planning.

Standards of Town planning: Planning new towns, planning standards and specifications, national and regional planning, town planning and legislation-planning regulations and limitations.

UNIT-V

Land Scaping and Expansion of Towns: Land scaping for the towns, horizontal and vertical expansion of towns-garden cities, satellite towns-floating towns-skyscrapers-pyramidal cities.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. 'The great ages of World Architecture 'by G.K.Hiraskar.
2. 'Planning and Design of Buildings by Section of Architecture' by Y.S.Sane.
3. 'Professional Practice'by G.K. Krishnamurthy, S.V.Ravindra, PHI Learning,New Delhi.
4. 'Indian Architecture–Vol.I&II'byPercy Brown, Taraporevala Publications, Bombay.
5. 'Fundamentals of Town Planning' by G.K.Haraskar.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Drafting and Design for Architecture'by Hepler, Cengage Learning
2. 'Architect's Portable Hand book' by John Patten Guthrie–McGraw Hill International Publications.
3. 'Modern Ideal Homes for India'by R.S.Deshpande.
4. 'Town and County Planning' by A.J.Brown and H.M.Sherrard.
5. 'Town Design'by Federik Glbbard, Architectural press,London.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3106	CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY & MANAGEMENT						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- To introduce to the student, the concept of project management including network drawing and monitoring
- To introduce the various equipment related to construction like earth moving equipment, trucks and handling equipment, aggregate production and construction equipment and machinery
- To introduce the importance of safety in construction projects

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Appreciate the importance of construction planning

CO2: Understand the functioning of various earth moving equipment

CO3: Know the methods of production of aggregate products and concreting

CO4: Apply the gained knowledge to project management and construction techniques

SYLLABUS:

UNIT- I

Construction project management and its relevance – qualities of a project manager – project planning – coordination – scheduling - monitoring – bar charts – milestone charts – critical path method.

UNIT -II

Project evaluation and review technique – cost analysis - updating – crashing for optimum cost – crashing for optimum resources – allocation of resources introduction to software's for construction management, project management using PRIMAVERA (or) equivalent.

UNIT- III

Construction equipment – economical considerations – earthwork equipment – Trucks and handling equipment – rear dump trucks – capacities of trucks and handling equipment – calculation of truck production – compaction equipment – types of compaction rollers.

Hoisting and earthwork equipment – hoists – cranes – tractors - bulldozers – graders –

Scrapers– draglines - clamshell buckets.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT -IV

Concreting equipment — concrete mixers – Batching plants, mobile using plants like “Ajax” etc. mixing and placing of concrete – consolidating and finishing.

UNIT -V

Construction methods – earthwork – piling – placing of concrete – form work – fabrication and erection – quality control and safety engineering. BIM for Civil Engineers (Building Information Modelling)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. ‘Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods’ by Peurifoy and Schexnayder, Shapira, Tata McGraw hill.
2. ‘Construction Project Management Theory and Practice’ by Kumar NeerajJha (2011), Pearson.
3. ‘Construction Technology’ by Subir K. Sarkar and Subhajit Sarasvati, Oxford University press.

REFERENCES:

1. ‘Construction Project Management - An Integrated Approach’ by Peter Fewings , Taylor and Francis
2. ‘Construction Management Emerging Trends and Technologies’ by Trefor Williams , Cengage learning.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23OE3104	ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT & VENTURE PLANNING						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- This course aims at instituting entrepreneurial skills in the students by giving an overview of entrepreneurship and the competencies that are needed to become an entrepreneur.
- To enable students to explore and launch entrepreneurial ventures in their own areas of interest.

COURSE OUTCOMES: After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1: Describe distinct entrepreneurial traits.

CO2: Recognise the process and nature of entrepreneurship.

CO3: Identify the different ways in which entrepreneurs manifest in start-ups.

CO4: Comprehend the entrepreneurial process for initiating new venture creation.

CO5: Design strategies for the successful implementation of innovative ideas of new ventures.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – 1:

Introduction

What is Green Building, Why to go for Green Building, Benefits of Green Buildings, Green Building Materials and Equipment in India, What are key Requisites for Constructing a Green Building, Important Sustainable features for Green Building,

UNIT – 2:

Green Building Concepts And Practices Indian Green Building Council, Green Building Moment in India, Benefits Experienced in Green Buildings, Launch of Green Building Rating Systems, Residential Sector, Market Transformation; Green Building Opportunities And Benefits: Opportunities of Green Building, Green Building Features, Material and Resources, Water Efficiency, Optimum Energy Efficiency, Typical Energy Saving Approach in Buildings, LEED India Rating System and Energy Efficiency,

UNIT-3:

Green Building Design Introduction, Reduction in Energy Demand, Onsite Sources and Sinks, Maximise System Efficiency, Steps to Reduce Energy Demand and Use Onsite Sources and Sinks,

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Use of Renewable Energy Sources. Eco friendly captive power generation for factory, Building requirement,

UNIT- 4:

Air Conditioning Introduction, CII Godrej Green business centre, Design philosophy, Design interventions, Energy modeling, HVAC System design, Chiller selection, pump selection, Selection of cooling towers, Selection of air handing units, Precooling of fresh air, Interior lighting system, Key feature of the building. Eco-friendly captive power generation for factory, Building requirement.

UNIT -5:

Material Conservation Handling of non-process waste, waste reduction during construction, materials with recycled content, local materials, material reuse, certified wood, Rapidly renewable building materials and furniture; Indoor Environment Quality And Occupational Health: Air conditioning, Indore air quality, Sick building syndrome, Tobacco smoke control, Minimum fresh air requirements avoid use of asbestos in the building, improved fresh air ventilation, Measure of IAQ, Reasons for poor IAQ, Measures to achieve Acceptable IAQ levels,

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Handbook on Green Practices published by Indian Society of Heating Refrigerating and Air conditioning Engineers, 2009.
2. Green Building Hand Book by Tom woolley and Samkimings, 2009. Recommended

REFERENCES:

1. Complete Guide to Green Buildings by Trish riley
2. Standard for the design for High Performance Green Buildings by Kent Peterson,

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23OE3101	GREEN BUILDING						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- To make students to learn principles of Green buildings & sustainability
- To understand the concepts of green building council.
- To evaluate the analysis, design and site development layout.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Achieve Knowledge of Indian green building council.

CO2: Understand the principles of Green buildings.

CO3: Achieve the knowledge of site issues, water issues, and sustainable materials.

CO4: Understand the concepts of economics of green homes.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – 1:

Introduction

What is Green Building, Why to go for Green Building, Benefits of Green Buildings, Green Building Materials and Equipment in India, What are key Requisites for Constructing a Green Building, Important Sustainable features for Green Building,

UNIT – 2:

Green Building Concepts And Practices Indian Green Building Council, Green Building Moment in India, Benefits Experienced in Green Buildings, Launch of Green Building Rating Systems, Residential Sector, Market Transformation; Green Building Opportunities And Benefits: Opportunities of Green Building, Green Building Features, Material and Resources, Water Efficiency, Optimum Energy Efficiency, Typical Energy Saving Approach in Buildings, LEED India Rating System and Energy Efficiency,

UNIT-3:

Green Building Design Introduction, Reduction in Energy Demand, Onsite Sources and Sinks, Maximise System Efficiency, Steps to Reduce Energy Demand and Use Onsite Sources and Sinks, Use of Renewable Energy Sources. Eco friendly captive power generation for factory, Building requirement,

UNIT- 4:

Air Conditioning Introduction, CII Godrej Green business centre, Design philosophy, Design interventions, Energy modeling, HVAC System design, Chiller selection, pump selection, Selection of cooling towers, Selection of air handing units, Precooling of fresh air, Interior lighting system, Key feature of the building. Eco-friendly captive power generation for factory, Building requirement.

UNIT –5:

Material Conservation Handling of non process waste, waste reduction during construction, materials with recycled content, local materials, material reuse, certified wood, Rapidly renewable building materials and furniture; Indoor Environment Quality And Occupational Health: Air conditioning, Indore air quality, Sick building syndrome, Tobacco smoke control, Minimum fresh air requirements avoid use of asbestos in the building, improved fresh air ventilation, Measure of IAQ, Reasons for poor IAQ, Measures to achieve Acceptable IAQ levels,

Text Books:

1. Handbook on Green Practices published by Indian Society of Heating Refrigerating and Air conditioning Engineers, 2009.
 2. Green Building Hand Book by Tom woolley and Samkimings, 2009. Recommended
- References:
3. Complete Guide to Green Buildings by Trish riley

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23OE3102	CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY & MANAGEMENT						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- To introduce to the student, the concept of project management including network drawing and monitoring
- To introduce the various equipment related to construction like earth moving equipment, trucks and handling equipment, aggregate production and construction equipment and machinery
- To introduce the importance of safety in construction projects

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Appreciate the importance of construction planning

CO2: Understand the functioning of various earth moving equipment

CO3: Know the methods of production of aggregate products and concreting

CO4: Apply the gained knowledge to project management and construction techniques

SYLLABUS:

UNIT- I

Construction project management and its relevance – qualities of a project manager – project planning – coordination –scheduling - monitoring – bar charts – milestone charts – critical path method.

UNIT -II

Project evaluation and review technique – cost analysis - updating – crashing for optimum cost – crashing for optimum resources – allocation of resources introduction to software's for construction management, project management using PRIMAVERA (or) equivalent.

UNIT- III

Construction equipment – economical considerations – earthwork equipment – Trucks and handling equipment – rear dump trucks – capacities of trucks and handling equipment – calculation of truck production – compaction equipment – types of compaction rollers.

Hoisting and earthwork equipment – hoists – cranes – tractors - bulldozers – graders – Scrapers– draglines - clamshell buckets.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT -IV

Concreting equipment — concrete mixers – Batching plants, mobile using plants like “Ajax” etc. mixing and placing of concrete – consolidating and finishing.

UNIT -V

Construction methods – earthwork – piling – placing of concrete – form work – fabrication and erection – quality control and safety engineering. BIM for Civil Engineers (Building Information Modelling)

TEXT BOOKS:

4. ‘Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods’ by Peurifoy and Schexnayder, Shapira, Tata McGraw hill.
5. ‘Construction Project Management Theory and Practice’ by Kumar NeerajJha (2011), Pearson.
6. ‘Construction Technology’ by Subir K. Sarkar and Subhajit Sarasvati, Oxford University press.

REFERENCES:

3. ‘Construction Project Management - An Integrated Approach’ by Peter Fewings , Taylor and Francis
4. ‘Construction Management Emerging Trends and Technologies’ by Trefor Williams , Cengage learning.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23OE3103	CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT ON ECO-SYSTEM						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is

- Understand the scientific principles of climate change and identify various ecosystems along with their key functions relevant to environmental engineering.
- They will analyze how climate change affects ecosystem dynamics and evaluate its implications on water, soil, and pollution control systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand and analyze the Earth's climate system and its processes, applying this knowledge to evaluate climate change and its environmental impacts.

CO2: Explain the hydrologic cycle, analyze the global water balance, and apply simple water balance models to understand water cycling on land.

CO3: Explain how diverse climate variables and hydrological processes collectively govern the spatial and temporal distribution of water in the environment.

CO4: Analyze and differentiate forms of climate variability (floods, droughts, heat waves, and other extremes) by understanding their causes and impacts.

CO5: Explain climate change causes, comprehend GCM principles, apply downscaling techniques to regional climate projections, and interpret IPCC scenarios for understanding future impacts.

SYLLABUS:

Unit I:

Climate System; Climate, weather and Climate Change; Overview of Earth's Atmosphere; Vertical Structure of Atmosphere; Radiation and Temperature; Laws of Radiation; Heat-Balance of Earth Atmosphere System; Random Temperature Variation; Modelling Vertical Variation in Air Temperature; Temporal Variation of Air temperature; Temperature Change in Soil; Thermal Time and Temperature Extremes.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Unit II:

Hydrologic Cycle: Introduction; Global water balance; Cycling of water on land, a simple water balance model.

Unit III:

Climate Variables affecting Precipitation: Precipitation and Weather, Humidity, Vapor Pressure, Forms of Precipitation, Types of Precipitation; Cloud; Atmospheric Stability; Monsoon; Wind Pattern in India; Global Wind Circulation; Evaporation and Transpiration, Processes of Vadose Zone, Surface Runoff, Stream flow.

Unit IV:

Climate Variability: Floods, Droughts, Drought Indicators, Heat waves, Climate Extremes.

Unit V:

Climate Change: Introduction; Causes of Climate Change; Modeling of Climate Change, Global Climate Models, General Circulation Models, Downscaling; IPCC Scenarios.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Climate Change Impact on Ecosystem by A.L. Boojh, R.,Sonnenschen, Lenand,Sreekesh, S.,Sundaresan, J.,Ramanathan , Scientific Publishers
2. Impact of Climate Change Biodiversity and Environment by A K & Anila George Vashisht, Daya Publishing House

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Impact of Global Climate change on Earth Ecosystems by Dr.D.R.Khanna.Biotech Books

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE31L1	GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LAB						

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is

- To determine the index properties for soil classification – Grain size distribution & Atterberg’s limits.
- To determine the engineering properties – Permeability, Compaction, consolidation, shear strength parameters & CBR value.
- To find the degree of swelling by DFS test.
- To impart knowledge of determination of index properties required for classification of soils.
- To teach how to determine compaction characteristics and consolidation behavior from relevant lab tests; to determine permeability of soils.
- To teach how to determine shear parameters of soil through different laboratory tests.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to

CO1: Determine index properties of soil and classify them.

CO2: Determine permeability of soils.

CO3: Determine Compaction, Consolidation and shear strength characteristics.

SYLLABUS:

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Specific gravity
2. Atterberg’s Limits.
3. Field density-Core cutter and Sand replacement methods
4. Grain size analysis by sieving
5. Permeability of soil - Constant and Variable head tests
6. Compaction test
7. Consolidation test (to be demonstrated)
8. Direct Shear test

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

9. Triaxial Compression test
10. Unconfined Compression test
11. Vane Shear test
12. Differential free swell (DFS)
13. Field Plate Load Test demo
14. Field CBR demo

At least **eight** experiments shall be conducted.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT:

1. Casagrande's liquid limit apparatus.
2. Apparatus for plastic and shrinkage limits
3. Field density apparatus for
 - a) Core cutter method
 - b) Sand replacement method
4. Set of sieves: 4.75mm, 2mm, 1mm, 0.6mm, 0.42mm, 0.3mm, 0.15mm, and 0.075mm.
5. Hydrometer
6. Permeability apparatus for
 - a) Constant head test
 - b) Variable head test
7. Universal auto compactor for I.S light and heavy compaction tests.
8. Shaking table, funnel for sand raining technique.
9. Apparatus for CBR test
10. 10 tons loading frame with proving rings of 0.5 tons and 5 tons capacity
11. One dimensional consolidation test apparatus with all accessories.
12. Triaxial cell with provision for accommodating 38 mm dia specimens.
13. Box shear test apparatus
14. Laboratory vane shear apparatus.
15. Hot air ovens (range of temperature 50⁰ - 150⁰C)
16. Field plate load Test equipment
17. Field CBR test equipment

References:

1. 'Determination of Soil Properties' by J. E. Bowles.
2. IS Code 2720 – relevant parts.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE31L2	FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINES LAB						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- To verify theoretical concepts with experimental results of flow measuring devices.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Students will be able to know the principles of discharge measuring devices. Evaluate the friction factor of a pipe flow.

CO 2: Students will be able to distinguish and calibrate different flow measuring devices.

CO 3: Students will be able to know the head loss due to sudden contraction/expansion and bend in pipes.

SYLLABUS:

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Verification of Bernoulli's equation.
2. Calibration of Venturimeter.
3. Calibration of orifice meter.
4. Determination of coefficient of discharge of a small orifice by constant head method
5. Determination of coefficient of discharge of an external cylindrical mouthpiece by variable head method.
6. Calibration of a contracted rectangular notch.
7. Calibration of a triangular notch.
8. Determination of friction factor of the pipe material.
9. Determination of coefficient of head loss due to a sudden expansion/contraction in a pipeline.
10. Determination of head loss coefficient due to a bend in pipeline.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	1	2	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CE31L3	ESTIMATION, COSTING AND CONTRACTS						

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to enable the students to:

- Understand the quantity calculations of different components of the buildings.
- Understand the rate analysis of different quantities of the buildings components.
- Learn various specifications and components of the buildings.

Course Outcomes

Upon the successful completion of this course:

CO 1: The student should be able to determine the quantities of different components of buildings.

CO 2: The student should be in a position to find the cost of various building components.

CO 3: The student should be capable of finalizing the value of structures.

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Contracts – Types of contracts – Contract Documents – Conditions of contract, Valuation of buildings- concepts of e-procurement and reverse auctions. Standard specifications for different items of building construction.

UNIT – II

General items of work in Building – Standard Units Principles of working out quantities for detailed and abstract estimates – Approximate method of Estimating.

UNIT – III

Rate Analysis – Working out data for various items of work over head and contingent charges. Earthwork for roads and canals, Reinforcement bar bending and bar requirement schedules.

UNIT-IV

Detailed Estimation of Buildings using individual wall method for single, double and four roomed buildings.

UNIT -V

Detailed Estimation of Buildings using center line method for single, double and four roomed buildings. Standard software's like building estimator etc.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. 'Estimating and Costing' by B.N. Dutta, UBS publishers, 2000.
2. 'Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates' by B. S. Patil, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., Hyd.
3. 'Construction Planning and Technology' by Rajiv Gupta, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
4. 'Estimating and Costing' by G.S. Birdie.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Standard Schedule of rates and standard data book' by public works department.
2. IS 1200 (Parts I to XXV-1974/ Method of Measurement of Building & Civil Engg Works – B.I.S.)
3. 'Estimation, Costing and Specifications' by M. Chakraborti; Laxmi publications.
4. National Building Code.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	2	30	70	100	1
SUB CODE: R23CE31L4	TINKERING LAB						

The aim of tinkering lab for engineering students is to provide a hands-on learning environment where students can explore, experiment, and innovate by building and testing prototypes. These labs are designed to demonstrate practical skills that complement theoretical knowledge.

Course Objectives: To

1. Encourage Innovation and Creativity
2. Provide Hands-on Learning
3. Impart Skill Development
4. Foster Collaboration and Teamwork
5. Enable Interdisciplinary Learning
6. Impart Problem-Solving mind-set
7. Prepare for Industry and Entrepreneurship

These labs bridge the gap between academia and industry, providing students with the practical experience. Some students may also develop entrepreneurial skills, potentially leading to start-ups or innovation-driven careers. Tinkering labs aim to cultivate the next generation of engineers by giving them the tools, space, and mind-set to experiment, innovate, and solve real-world challenges.

List of experiments:

- 1) Make your own parallel and series circuits using breadboard for any application of your choice.
- 2) Demonstrate a traffic light circuit using breadboard.
- 3) Build and demonstrate automatic Street Light using LDR.
- 4) Simulate the Arduino LED blinking activity in Tinkercad.
- 5) Build and demonstrate an Arduino LED blinking activity using Arduino IDE.
- 6) Interfacing IR Sensor and Servo Motor with Arduino.
- 7) Blink LED using ESP32.
- 8) LDR Interfacing with ESP32.
- 9) Control an LED using Mobile App.
- 10) Design and 3D print a Walking Robot
- 11) Design and 3D Print a Rocket.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

- 12) Build a live soil moisture monitoring project, and monitor soil moisture levels of a remote plan in your computer dashboard.
- 13) Demonstrate all the steps in design thinking to redesign a motor bike. Students need to refer to the following links:
- 1) <https://aim.gov.in/pdf/equipment-manual-pdf.pdf>
 - 2) <https://atl.aim.gov.in/ATL-Equipment-Manual/>
 - 3) <https://aim.gov.in/pdf/Level-1.pdf>
 - 4) <https://aim.gov.in/pdf/Level-2.pdf>
 - 5) <https://aim.gov.in/pdf/Level-3.pdf>

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech I SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	-	-	-	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CE31CSP	EVALUATION OF COMMUNITY SERVICE INTERNSHIP						

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III Year II Semester

	Category	Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	Professional Core	Design and Drawing of Steel Structures	3	0	0	3
2	Professional Core	Highway Engineering	3	0	0	3
3	Professional Core	Environmental Engineering	3	0	0	3
4	Professional Elective-II	1. Ground Improvement Techniques 2. Repair and Rehabilitation of Structures 3. Valuation and Quantity Survey	3	0	0	3
5	Professional Elective-III	1. Finite element method 2. Bridge Engineering 3. Water Resource Engineering	3	0	0	3
6	Open Elective-II	1. Disaster management 2. Sustainability in Engineering practices 3. Water Supply Systems 4. Environmental Pollution and Control	3	0	0	3
7	Professional Core	Environmental Engineering lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	Professional Core	High Way Engineering lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	Skill Enhancement course	CAD Lab	0	1	2	2
Total			18	1	08	23
10	Audit course	Technical paper writing & IPR	2	0	0	-
Mandatory Industry Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer vacation						

OPEN ELECTIVES

S.NO	Category	Titles
1	Open Elective -1	1. Entrepreneurship Development & Venture Creation 2. Green Buildings 3. Environmental Pollution & Control 4. Climate Change impact on Eco system
2	Open Elective-2	1. Disaster management 2. Sustainability in Engineering practices 3. Water Supply Systems 4. Alternative Construction Technology
3	Open Elective-3	1. Building technology for engineers 2. Environmental impact assessment 3. Ground water development and management 4. Low Cost Housing
4	Open Elective-4	1. Geo-Spatial Technologies 2. Solid waste management 3. Air Pollution and control 4. Traffic Safety

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3201	DESIGN AND DRAWING OF STEEL STRUCTURES						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to:

- Familiarize students with different types of connections and relevant IS codes.
- Equip student with the concepts of designing flexural members.
- Understand design concepts of tension and compression members in trusses.
- Familiarize students with different types of columns and column bases and their design.
- Familiarize students with Plate girder and Gantry Girder and their design.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course the student will be able to:

CO 1: Analyze and design steel structural members with relevant IS codes.

CO 2: Carryout analysis and design of flexural members and detailing.

CO 3: Design compression members of different types with connection detailing.

CO 4: Design Plate Girder and Gantry Girder with connection detailing.

CO 5: Produce the drawings pertaining to different components of steel structure.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I

Connections: Riveted connections – definition, rivet strength and capacity, Welded connections: Introduction, Advantages and disadvantages of welding- Strength of welds-Butt and fillet welds: Permissible stresses – IS Code requirements. Design of fillet weld subjected to moment acting in the plane and at right angles to the plane of the joints.

UNIT – II

Beams: Allowable stresses, design requirements as per IS Code-Design of simple and compound beams-Curtailment of flange plates, Beam to beam connection, check for deflection, shear, buckling, check for bearing, laterally unsupported beams.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT –III

Tension Members and compression members: Effective length of members, slenderness ratio-permissible stresses. Design compression members subjected to axial and eccentric loading. Design of members subjected to direct tension and bending. **Roof Trusses:** Different types of roof trusses – Design loads – Load combinations as per IS Code recommendations, structural details –Design of purlins, members and joints.

UNIT – IV

Design of Columns: Built up compression members – Design of lacings and battens. Design Principles of Eccentrically loaded columns, Splicing of columns.

Design of Column Foundations: Design of slab base and gusseted base. Column bases subjected to moment.

UNIT – V

Design of Plate Girder: Design consideration – IS Code Recommendations Design of plate girder- Welded – Curtailment of flange plates, stiffeners – splicing and connections.

Design of Gantry Girder: impact factors - longitudinal forces, Design of Gantry girders.

NOTE: Welding connections should be used in Units II – V. Drawing classes must be conducted every week and the students should prepare the following plates.

Plate 1 Detailing of simple beams

Plate 2 Detailing of Compound beams including curtailment of flange plates. Plate

3 Detailing of Column including lacing and battens.

Plate 4 Detailing of Column bases – slab base and gusseted base Plate

5 Detailing of steel roof trusses including joint details.

Plate 6 Detailing of Plate girder including curtailment, splicing and stiffeners. Plate

7 Detailing of gantry girder.

FINAL EXAMINATION PATTERN:

The end examination paper should consist of Part A and Part B. part A consist of two questions in Design and Drawing out of which one question is to be answered. Part B should consist of five questions and design out of which three are to be answered. Weightage for Part – A is 40% and Part-B is 60%.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

TEXTBOOKS

1. 'Steel Structures Design and Practice' by N.Subramanian, Oxford University Press.
2. 'Design of Steel Structures' by Ramachandra, Vol – 1, Universities Press.
3. 'Design of steel structures' by S.K. Duggal, Tata Mcgraw Hill, and New Delhi .

REFERENCES

1. 'Structural Design in Steel' by Sarwar Alam Raz, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
2. 'Design of Steel Structures' by P. Dayaratnam; S. Chand Publishers.
3. 'Design of Steel Structures' by M. Raghupathi, Tata Mc. Graw-Hill.
4. 'Structural Design and Drawing' by N. Krishna Raju; University Press.

IS Codes:

- 1) IS -800 – 2007
- 2) IS – 875
- 3) Steel Tables.

These codes and steel tables are permitted to use in the examinations.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3202	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of this course are:

- To impart different concepts in the field of Highway Engineering.
- To acquire design principles of Highway Geometrics and Pavements.
- To acquire design principles of Intersections.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO 1:** Plan highway network for a given area.
- CO 2:** Determine Highway alignment and design highway geometrics.
- CO 3:** Design Intersections and prepare traffic management plans.
- CO 4:** Judge Suitability of pavement materials and design flexible and rigid pavements.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT - I Highway Planning and Alignment: Highway development in India; Classification of Roads; Road Network Patterns; Necessity for Highway Planning; Different Road Development Plans– First, second, third road development plans, road development vision 2021, Rural Road Development Plan – Vision 2025; Planning Surveys; Highway Alignment- Factors affecting Alignment-Engineering Surveys – Drawings and Reports.

UNIT – II Highway Geometric Design: Importance of Geometric Design- Design controls and Criteria- Highway Cross Section Elements- Sight Distance Elements-Stopping Sight Distance, Overtaking Sight Distance and Intermediate Sight Distance- Design of Horizontal Alignment- Design of Super elevation and Extra widening- Design of Transition Curves- Design of Vertical Alignment- Gradients- Vertical curves.

UNIT – III Traffic Engineering: Basic Parameters of Traffic-Volume, Speed and Density- Traffic Volume Studies; Speed studies –spot speed and speed & delay studies; Parking Studies; Road Accidents-Causes and Preventive measures - Condition Diagram and Collision Diagrams; PCU Factors, Capacity of Highways – Factors Affecting; LOS Concepts; Road Traffic Signs; Road markings; Types of Intersections; At-Grade Intersections – Design of Plain, Flared, Rotary and Channelized Intersections; Design of Traffic Signals –Webster Method –IRC Method.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

~~UNIT – IV Highway Materials: Subgrade soil. classification – Group Index – Subgrade soil strength~~

– California Bearing Ratio – Modulus of Subgrade Reaction. Stone aggregates: Desirable properties

–Tests for Road Aggregates – Bituminous Materials: Types – Desirable properties — Tests on Bitumen -Bituminous paving mixes: Requirements – Marshall Method of Mix Design

UNIT – V Design of Pavements: Types of pavements; Functions and requirements of different components of pavements; Design Factors

Flexible Pavements: Design factors – Flexible Pavement Design Methods – CBR method – IRC method – Burmister method – Mechanistic method – IRC Method for Low volume Flexible pavements.

Rigid Pavements: Design Considerations – wheel load stresses – Temperature stresses – Frictional stresses – Combination of stresses – Design of slabs – Design of Joints – IRC method – Rigid pavements for low volume roads – Continuously Reinforced Cement Concrete Pavements – Roller Compacted Concrete Pavements.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Highway Engineering, Khanna S. K., Justo C. E. G and Veeraragavan A, Nem Chand Bros., Roorkee.
2. Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning, Kadiyali L. R, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

1. Principles of Highway Engineering, Kadiyali L. R, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
2. Principles of Transportation Engineering, Partha Chakraborty and Animesh Das, PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3203	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course will address the following:

- Outline planning and the design of water supply systems for a community/town/city.
- Provide knowledge of water quality requirement for domestic usage and knowledge on design of water distribution network.
- Selection of valves and fixture in water distribution systems.
- Outline the planning and design of Sewerage System for a community/town/city.
- To impart knowledge on waste water treatment and disposal.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Plan and design the water and distribution networks and sewerage systems.

CO 2: Able to identify the appropriate source of water based on quality and quantity requirements.

CO 3: Select a suitable treatment for raw water treatment as well as sewage treatment.

CO 4: Decide the manner of disposal of wastewater.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

Introduction: Importance and Necessity of Protected Water Supply systems. Water borne diseases. Planning of public water supply systems. Per capita demand and factors influencing it, types of water demands and its variations, factors affecting water demand, Design Period, Factors affecting the Design period, estimation of water demand for a town or city, Population Forecasting.

Sources of Water: Various surface and subsurface sources considered for water supply and their comparison- Capacity of storage reservoirs, Conveyance of Water from the source to the point of interest: Gravity and Pressure conduits, Types of Pipes and Pipe joints.

UNIT-II

Quality and Analysis of Water: Physical, Chemical and Biological characteristics of water. Water quality criteria for different uses- Rural, Municipal, Industrial and Agricultural uses. Drinking water quality standards: IS and WHO guidelines.

Distribution of Water: Requirements- Methods of Distribution system, Layouts of Distribution networks, Pressures in the distribution layouts, Analysis of Distribution networks: Hardy Cross and equivalent pipe methods – Appurtenances of water distribution system–Laying and testing of pipe lines.

UNIT-III

Treatment of Water: Typical treatment flow of a municipal water treatment plant, Unit operations of water treatment: Theory and Design of Sedimentation, Coagulation, flocculation, Filtration, Water conditioning and softening, Disinfection, Removal of color and odors – Removal of Iron and manganese – Fluoridation and De-fluoridation –Ion Exchange - Ultra filtration- Reverse Osmosis.

UNIT-IV

Planning and Design of Sewerage System

Characteristics and composition of sewage — population equivalent -Sanitary sewage flow estimation — Sewer materials — Hydraulics of flow in sanitary sewers — Sewer design — Storm drainage-Storm runoff estimation — sewer appurtenances — corrosion in sewers — prevention and control — sewage pumping-drainage in buildings-plumbing systems for drainage.

Primary Treatment of Sewage

Secondary Treatment of Sewage

Objectives — Selection of Treatment Methods — Principles, Functions, — Activated Sludge Process and Extended aeration systems -Trickling filters– Sequencing Batch Reactor (SBR) — Membrane Bioreactor — UASB — Waste Stabilization Ponds — Other treatment methods - Reclamation and Reuse of sewage — Recent Advances in Sewage Treatment — Construction, Operation and Maintenance aspects.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Disposal of Sewage

Standards for– Disposal — Methods — dilution — Mass balance principle — Self-purification of river - Oxygen sag curve — de-oxygenation and re-aeration — Streeter–Phelps model — Land disposal — Sewage farming — sodium hazards — Soil dispersion system.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Environmental Engineering – Howard S. Peavy, Donald R. Rowe, Teorge George Tchobanoglus – McGraw-Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1985.
2. Water Supply Engineering. Dr. P.N. Modi, Standard Book House, Delhi.

REFERENCES

1. Elements of Environmental Engineering – K.N. Duggal, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Water Supply Engineering.– Dr. B.C. Punmia, A.K. Jain and A.K. Jain. Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
3. Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering – G.S. Birdie and J.S. Birdie

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3204	GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES						

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- To make the student appreciate the need for different ground improvement methods adopted for improving the properties of remolded and in-situ soils by adopting different techniques such as in situ densification and dewatering methods.
- To make the student understand how the reinforced earth technology and soil nailing can obviate the problems posed by the conventional retaining walls.
- To enable the students to know how geotextiles and geo synthetics can be used to improve the engineering performance of soils.
- To make the student learn the concepts, purpose and effects of grouting.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: By the end of the course, the student should be able to possess the knowledge of various methods of ground improvement and their suitability to different field situations.

CO2: The student should be in a position to design a reinforced earth embankment and check its stability.

CO3: The student should know the various functions of Geo synthetics and their applications in Civil Engineering practice.

CO 4: The student should be able to understand the concepts and applications of grouting.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT- I

In situ densification methods- in situ densification of granular soils- vibration at ground surface and at depth, impact at ground and at depth – in situ densification of cohesive soils – pre loading – vertical drains – sand drains and geo drains – stone columns.

UNIT -II

Dewatering – sumps and interceptor ditches – single and multi-stage well points – vacuum well points, horizontal wells – criteria for choice of filler material around drains – electro osmosis .

UNIT- III

Stabilization of soils – methods of soil stabilization – mechanical – cement – lime – bitumen and polymer stabilization – use of industrial wastes like fly ash and granulated blast furnace slag.

Grouting – objectives of grouting – grouts and their applications – methods of grouting – stage of grouting – hydraulic fracturing in soils and rocks – post grout tests. Introduction to Liquefaction & its effects & applications.

UNIT- IV

Reinforce earth – principles – components of reinforced earth – design principles of reinforced earth walls – stability checks – soil nailing.

UNIT- V

Geosynthetics – geotextiles – types – functions, properties and applications – geogrids, geomembranes and gabions - properties and applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. ‘Ground Improvement Techniques’ by Purus Hotham Raj, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
2. ‘Ground Improvement Techniques’ by Nihar Ranjan Patro ,Vikas Publishing House (p) limited, New Delhi.
3. ‘An introduction to Soil Reinforcement and Geosynthetics’ by G.L.Siva Kumar Babu, Universities Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. ‘Ground Improvement’ by MP Moseley, Blackie Academic and Professional, USA.
2. ‘Designing with Geosynthetics’ by RM Koerner , Prentice Hall

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	REPAIR AND REHABILITATION OF STRUCTURES						

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO 1:** Recognize the mechanisms of degradation of concrete structures and to design durable Concrete structures.
- CO 2:** Conduct field monitoring and non-destructive evaluation of concrete structures.
- CO 3:** Design and suggest repair strategies for deteriorated concrete structures including.
- CO 4:** Repairing with composites.
- CO 5:** Understand the methods of strengthening methods for concrete structures
- CO 6:** Assessment of the service ability and residual life span of concrete structures by Visual inspection and in situ tests.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT: I

Materials for repair and rehabilitation-Admixtures-types of admixtures-purposes of using admixtures-chemical composition-Natural admixtures-Fibers-wraps-Glass and Carbon fiber wraps-Steel Plates-Nondestructive evaluation :Importance-Concrete behavior under corrosion, disintegrated mechanisms- moisture effects and thermal effects –Visual investigation- Acoustical emission methods-Corrosion activity measurement- chloride content–Depth of carbonation- Impact echo methods-Ultra sound pulse velocity methods- pull out tests.

UNIT: II

Strengthening and stabilization-Techniques-design considerations-Beam shear capacity strengthening-Shear Transfer strengthening-stress reduction techniques- Column strengthening-flexural strengthening-Connection stabilization and strengthening, Crack stabilization.

UNIT: III

Bonded installation techniques-Externally bonded FRP-Wet layup sheet, bolted plate, near surface mounted FRP, fundamental de bonding mechanisms-intermediate crack de bonding- CDC de bonding-plate end de bonding-strengthening of floor of structures post grout tests. Introduction to Liquefaction& its effects & applications.

UNIT: IV

Fiber reinforced concrete-Properties of constituent materials-Mix proportions, mixing and casting methods-Mechanical properties of fiber reinforced concrete-applications of fiber reinforced concretes-Lightweight concrete-properties of light weight concrete-No fines concrete-design of light weight concrete-Fly ash concrete-Introduction-classification of fly ash-properties and reaction mechanism of fly ash-Properties of fly ash concrete in fresh state and hardened state-Durability of fly ash concretes.

UNIT: V

High performance concretes-Introduction-Development of high performance concretes-Materials of high performance concretes-Properties of high performance concretes-Self Consolidating concrete-properties-qualifications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Maintenance Repair Rehabilitation & Minor works of Buildings-P.C.Varghese, PHI Publications.
2. Repair and Rehabilitation of Concrete Structures-P.I.Modi, C.N.Patel, PHI Publications.
3. Rehabilitation of Concrete Structures-B.Vidivelli, Standard Publishers Distributors.
4. Concrete Bridge Practice Construction Maintenance & Rehabilitation-V.K.Raina, Shroff Publishers and Distributors.

REFERENCE:

1. Concrete Technology Theory and Practice-M.S.Shetty, S Chand and Company.
2. Concrete Repair and Maintenance illustrated- Peter Hemmons.
3. Concrete Chemical Theory and Applications-Santa Kumar A.R., Indian Society for Construction Engineering and Technology, Madras.
4. Handbook on Repair and Rehabilitation of RC Buildings published by CPWD, Delhi.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	VALUATION AND QUANTITY SURVEY						

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO 1: Define basic terms related to estimation, quantity surveying and contract document.

CO 2: Interpret the item of work from drawings and explain its general specification and unit of measurement.

CO 3: Make use of given data from CPWD DAR/DSR for calculating the unit rate of different items of work associated with building Construction.

CO 4: Develop detailed measurement (including BBS) and BoQ of a various work like buildings, earthwork for road, sanitary and water supply work.

CO 5: Explain various basic terms related to valuation of land and Building.

CO 6: Develop valuation of buildings using different methods of valuation.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

Introduction- Quantity Surveying- Basic principles, Role/responsibility of Quantity surveyor at various stages of construction. Estimate-Details required, Type of estimate, purposes. Contingencies, Work-charge establishment, Tools and Plant, centage charge, Day work, Prime cost, Provisional sum & provisional Quantity, Overhead charges, Cost index, Contract documents (Brief description only) Bill of Quantity -Typical format-use Item of works- Identify various item of work from the drawings-units of measurement of various materials and works (focus may give to RCC residential building) General rule & method of measurement with reference to Indian Standard Specifications- IS1200.

UNIT- II

Introduction to the use of CPWD schedule of rates as per latest DSR and Analysis of rate as per latest DAR. Specifications-General specification of all items of a residential building. Detailed specification (CPWD specifications) of major item of work like Earth work excavation in foundation, masonry, Reinforced cement concrete, finishing of building work Analysis of rates for Earth work in excavation for foundation, mortars, reinforced cement concrete Works, finishing work, masonry work, stone works, flooring with reference to latest DSR and latest DAR (Data should be given).

UNIT- III

Detailed Estimate- Preparation of detailed measurement using Centre line method & Short wall long wall (separate wall) method for RCC single storied building (Flat roof) including stair cabin- Residential/office/school building. BOQ preparation of a single storied RCC building work. Material quantity calculation of the items of work (Rubble, Brick work, Concrete work, Plastering) in detailed estimate prepared for building work. (Data for unit quantity should be provided from DAR).

UNIT- IV

Bar Bending Schedule- Preparation of BBS of RCC beams, slabs, Column footings, Retaining wall. Road estimation- Estimation of earthwork from longitudinal section- metalled road. Estimation of sanitary and water supply work - Water tank, Septic tank, Manhole (No Detailed estimate needed- concept of item of work, its general specification and unit of measurement). (Valuation – purpose, factor affecting, introduction to terms- Value, Cost, Price, kinds of values Income- Gross income, net income, outgoings, annuity, sinking fund, Year's purchase, Depreciation, obsolescence - Free hold and leasehold properties.)

UNIT- V

Methods of calculating depreciation – straight line method – constant percentage method, sinking fund method and quantity survey method. Methods of valuation– rental method, direct comparison of capital cost, valuation based on profit, depreciation method. Various method of valuation of land (Brief description only)

Text Books:

1. B. N. Dutta, Estimation and costing in civil engineering, UBS publishers.
2. Rangwala, Estimation Costing and Valuation, Charotar publishing house pvt. Ltd.
3. Dr. S. Seetha Raman, M.Chinna swami, Estimation and quantity surveying, Anuradha publications Chennai.
4. M Chakraborty, Estimating, Costing, Specification and valuation, published by the author, 21 B, Babanda Road, Calcutta 26.

References:

1. B S Patil, Civil Engineering contracts and estimates, university press.
2. V N Vazirani & S P Chandola, Civil Engineering Estimation and Costing, Khanna Publishers.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

3. IS 1200-1968; Methods of measurement of building & civil engineering works.
4. CPWD DAR 2018 and DSR 2018 or latest.
5. CPWD Specifications Vol1 & 2 (2019 or latest edition).

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	FINITE ELEMENT METHOD						

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO 1: Develop finite element formulations of 1 degree of freedom problems and solve them.

CO 2: Understand any Finite Element software to perform stress, thermal and modal Analysis

CO 3: Compute the stiffness matrices of different elements and system.

CO 4: Interpret displacements, strains and stress resultants.

CO 5: Analyze planar structural systems using finite element modeling

SYLLABUS:

UNIT: I

Introduction: Review of stiffness method-Principle of Stationary potential energy-Potential energy of an elastic body-Rayleigh-Ritz method of functional approximation-variational approaches-weighted residual methods

UNIT: II

Finite Element formulation of truss element: Stiffness matrix-properties of stiffness matrix –Selection of approximate displacement functions-solution of a plane truss-transformation matrix and stiffness matrix for a 3-D truss- Inclined and skewed supports- Galerkin's method for 1-D truss–Computation of stress in a truss element.

UNIT: III

Finite element formulation of Beam elements: Beam stiffness-assembly of beam stiffness matrix-Examples of beam analysis for concentrated and distributed loading-Galerkin's method - 2D arbitrarily oriented beam element – inclined and skewed supports –rigid plane frame examples

UNIT: IV

Finite element formulation for plane stress, plane strain and axi-symmetric problems-Derivation of CST and LST stiffness matrix and equations-treatment of body and surface forces-Finite Element solution for plane stress and axi-symmetric problems-comparison of CST and LST elements–convergence of solution-interpretation of stresses

UNIT: V

Iso-parametric Formulation: Iso-parametric bar element- plane bilinear Iso-parametric element – quadratic plane element-shape functions, evaluation of stiffness matrix, consistent modal load vector- Gauss quadrature-appropriate order of quadrature–element and mesh instabilities– spurious zero energy modes, stress computation-patch test.

TEXT BOOKS

1. A first course in the Finite Element Method–Daryl L.Logan, Thomson Publications.
2. Concepts and applications of Finite Element Analysis–Robert D.Cook, Michael EPlesha, John Wiley & Sons Publication.

REFERENCES:

1. Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering- Tirupati R. Chandrupatla, Ashok D. Belgunda, PHI publications.
2. Finite Element Methods(For Structural Engineers)WailNRifaie, Ashok KGovil, New Age International(P)Limited.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	BRIDGE ENGINEERING						

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to:

- Familiarize students with different types of Bridges and IRC standards.
- Equip student with the concepts and design of Slab Bridges, T Beam Bridges, Box Culverts.
- Understand concepts of design of Plate Girder Bridges.
- Familiarize with different methods of inspection of bridges and their maintenance.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course the student will be able to

CO 1: Explain different types of Bridges with diagrams and Loading standards.

CO 2: Carryout analysis and design of Slab bridges, T Beam bridges, Box culverts and suggest structural detailing.

CO 3: Carryout analysis and design of Plate girder bridges.

CO 4: Organize for attending inspections and maintenance of bridges and prepare reports.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

General Introduction to types of Bridges- (Slab bridges, T Beam, Arch bridges, Cable Stayed bridges, prestressed concrete bridges, Truss Bridges, Culverts) - Nomenclature- Selection of Bridge Site- Economical span- Abutments pier and end connections- types of foundations- Open, Pile, Well Foundations, Bearings – Types- Introduction to Loading standards- Railway and IRC Loading

UNIT-II

Slab bridges- Wheel load on slab- effective width method- slabs supported on two edges- cantilever slabs- dispersion length- Design of interior panel of slab- Guyon's – Massonet Method –Hendry- Jaegar Methods- Courbon's theory- Pigeaud's metho

UNIT-III

T-Beam bridges- Analysis and design of various elements of bridge –Design of deck slab, longitudinal girders, Secondary beams- Reinforcement detailing.

UNIT-IV

Plate Girder Bridges: Elements of plate girder and their design-web- flange- intermediate stiffener- vertical stiffeners- bearing stiffener- Splices, Design problem with detailing.

UNIT-V

Box Culverts: Loading – Analysis and Design- Reinforcement detailing.

Inspection and Maintenance of Bridges: Procedures and methods for inspection – Testing of bridges- Maintenance of Sub Structures and Superstructures- Maintenance of bearings- Maintenance Schedules.

TEXT BOOK

1. 'Essentials of Bridge Engineering' by Johnson Victor D.
2. 'Design of Bridge Structures' by T. R. Jagadeesh, M.A. Jayaram, PHI.
3. 'Design of RC Structures' by B. C. Punmai, Jain & Jain, Lakshmi Publications.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Design of Concrete Bridges' by Aswini, Vazirani, Ratwani.
2. 'Design of Steel Structures' by B. C. Punmai, Jain & Jain, Lakshmi Publications.
3. 'Design of Bridges' by Krishna Raju.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE: R23CE3205	WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING						

Course Objectives:

The course is designed to make the students,

- Learn the types of irrigation systems.
- Understand the concepts of planning and design of irrigation systems.
- Study the relationships among soil, water and plant and their significance in planning an irrigation system.
- Understand design principles of erodible and non-erodible canals.
- Know the principles of design of weirs on permeable foundations.
- Know the concepts for analysis and design of storage head works.
- Learn design principles of canal structures.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to **CO**

1: Estimate irrigation water requirements. **CO 2:**

Design irrigation canals.

CO 3: Design irrigation canal structures.

CO 4: Plan and design diversion head works.

CO 5: Analyze stability of gravity and earth dams.

CO 6: Design hydraulic ogee spillways.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

Irrigation: Necessity and importance, principal crops and crop seasons, types, methods of application, soil-water-plant relationship, soil moisture constants, consumptive use, estimation of consumptive use, crop water requirement, duty and delta, factors affecting duty, depth and frequency of irrigation, irrigation efficiencies, water logging and drainage, standards of quality for irrigation water, crop rotation.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT-II

Canals: Classification, design of non-erodible canals - methods of economic section and maximum permissible velocity, economics of canal lining, design of erodible canals -Kennedy's silt theory and Lacey's regime theory, balancing depth of cutting.

UNIT- III

Canal Structures:

Falls: Types and location, design principles of Sarda type fall and straight glacis fall. (Description only)

Regulators: Head and cross regulators, design principles (Description only)

Cross Drainage Works: Types, selection, design principles of aqueduct, siphon aqueduct and super passage. (Description only)

Outlets: Types, proportionality, sensitivity and flexibility

River Training: Objectives and approaches

UNIT-IV

Diversion Head Works: Types of diversion head works, weirs and barrages, layout of diversion head works, components. causes and failures of weirs on permeable foundations, Bligh's creep theory, Khosla's theory, design of impervious floors for subsurface flow, exit gradient.

UNIT-V

Reservoir Planning: Investigations, site selection, zones of storage, yield and storage capacity of reservoir, reservoir sedimentation.

Dams: Types of dams, selection of type of dam, selection of site for a dam.

Gravity dams: Forces acting on a gravity dam, causes of failure of a gravity dam, elementary profile and practical profile of a gravity dam, limiting height of a dam, stability analysis.

Earth Dams: Types, causes of failure, criteria for safe design, seepage, measures for control of seepage-filters.

Spillways: Types, design principles of Ogee spillways, types of spillways crest gates.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

TEXTBOOKS:

1. 'Irrigation and Waterpower Engineering' by Punmia B C, P.B.B Lal, A.K. Jain and A.K. Jain (2009), Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
2. 'Irrigation and Water Resources Engineering' by Asawa G L (2013), New Age International Publishers
3. 'Irrigation Engineering' by Raghunath H.M (2012), Wiley India.
4. 'Irrigation Water Resources and Waterpower Engineering' by Modi P N (2011), Standard Book House, New Delhi

REFERENCES:

1. 'Water Resources Engineering' by Mays L.W (2013), Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
2. 'Irrigation Engineering' by Sharma R.K. and Sharma, T. K (2012), S. Chand & Co Publishers.
3. 'Water Resources Engineering' by Satyanarayana Murthy Challa (2008), New Age International Publishers.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	DISASTER MANAGEMENT						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is:

- Develop an understanding of why and how the modern disaster manager is involved with pre-disaster and post-disaster activities.
- Develop an awareness of the chronological phases of natural disaster response and refugee relief operations. Understand how the phases of each are parallel and how they differ.
- Understand the ‘relief system’ and the ‘disaster victim.’
- Describe the three planning strategies useful in mitigation.
- Identify the regulatory controls used in hazard management.
- Describe public awareness and economic incentive possibilities.
- Understand the tools of post-disaster management.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Affirm the usefulness of integrating management principles in disaster mitigation work.

CO 2: Distinguish between the different approaches needed to manage pre- during and post- disaster periods.

CO 3: Explain the process of risk management.

CO 4: Relate to risk transfer.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

Natural Hazards and Disaster Management: Introduction of DM – Inter disciplinary nature of the subject– Disaster Management cycle – Five priorities for action. Case study methods of the following: Vegetal Cover floods, droughts – Earthquakes – landslides – global warming, cyclones & Tsunamis – Post Tsunami hazards along the Indian coast.

UNIT-II

Man Made Disaster and Their Management Along With Case Study Methods Of The Following:

Fire hazards – transport hazard dynamics – solid waste management – post disaster – bio terrorism -threat in mega cities, rail and aircraft accidents, ground water, industries - Emerging infectious diseases and Aids and their management.

UNIT-III

Risk and Vulnerability: Building codes and land use planning – Social Vulnerability – Environmental vulnerability – Macro-economic management and sustainable development, Climate change risk rendition – Financial management of disaster – related losses.

UNIT-IV

Role of Technology in Disaster Managements: Disaster management for infra structures, taxonomy of infra-structure – treatment plants and process facilities-electrical substations- roads and bridges-mitigation programme for earth quakes – flowchart, geospatial information in agriculture drought assessment - Multimedia Technology in disaster risk management and training - Transformable Indigenous Knowledge in disaster reduction – Role of RS & GIS.

UNIT-V

Multi-sectional Issues, Education and Community Preparedness: Impact of disaster on poverty and deprivation - Climate change adaptation and human health - Exposure, health hazards and environmental risk-Forest management and disaster risk reduction -The Red cross and red crescent movement - Corporate sector and disaster risk reduction- Education in disaster risk reduction- Essentials of school disaster education - Community capacity and disaster resilience-Community based disaster recovery - Community based disaster management and social capital-Designing resilience- building community capacity for action.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

TEXT BOOKS:

1. An Introduction of Disaster Management- Natural Disasters & Vulnerable Hazards– S.Vaidyanathan: CBS Punblishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
2. Natural Hazards & Disaster Management, Vulnerability and Mitigation by RB Singh- Rawat Publications
3. ‘Disaster Science & Management’ by Tushar Bhattacharya, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
4. ‘Disaster Management – Future Challenges and Opportunities’ by Jagbir Singh (2007), I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
5. I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. ‘Disaster Management’ edited by H K Gupta (2003), Universities press.
2. ‘Disaster Management – Global Challenges and Local Solutions’ by Rajib shah & R R Krishnamurthy (2009), Universities press.R. Nishith, Singh AK,
3. “Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, Issues and strategies” New Royal Book Company.”

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	SUSTAINABILITY IN ENGINEERING PRACTICES						

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Explain sustainable development and different environmental agreements and protocols.
- CO2:** Discuss real time activities causing environmental issues and different methods to use renewable energy resources.
- CO3:** Explain local and global environmental issues.
- CO4:** Differentiate between carbon emissions for regular and sustainable cities and explain different practices to move industries towards sustainability.
- CO5:** Discuss different renewable energy resources and explain methods to implement green technology.

UNIT- I

Introduction to Sustainable Engineering- Sustainable development, concepts of sustainable development: three pillar model, egg of sustainability model, Atkisson’s pyramid model, prism model, principles of sustainable development, sustainable engineering, threats for sustainability.

Environmental Ethics and Legislations – Environmental ethics and education, multilateral environmental agreements and protocols, enforcement of environmental laws in India – The Water Act, The Air Act, The Environment Act.

UNIT- II

Local Environmental Issues- Solid waste, impact of solid waste on natural resources, zero waste concept and three R concept, waste to energy technology: thermo-chemical conversion, biochemical conversion.

Global Environmental Issues- Resource degradation: deterioration of water resources, land degradation, air pollution, climate change and global warming, ozone layer depletion, carbon footprint, carbon trading.

UNIT-III

Tools for Sustainability - Environmental management System (EMS), concept of ISO14000, life cycle assessment (LCA): basic components, advantages, disadvantages, case study. Environmental impact assessment (EIA), environmental auditing, bio mimicking, case studies.

UNIT- IV

Sustainable Habitat - Concept of green building, green building materials, green building certification and rating: green rating for integrated habitat assessment (GRIHA), leadership in energy and environmental design (LEED) rating, energy efficient buildings, sustainable cities, sustainable transport, sustainable pavements, case studies in sustainability engineering: Green building, sustainable city, sustainable transport system.

Sustainable Industrialization and Urbanization – Sustainable urbanization, industrialization, material selection, pollution prevention, industrial ecology, industrial symbiosis, poverty reduction.

UNIT- V

Renewable energy resources- Conventional and non- conventional forms of energy, solar energy, fuel cells, wind energy, small hydro plants, biogas systems, biofuels, energy from ocean, geothermal energy, conservation of energy.

Green technology and Green Business: Sustainable business, green technology, green energy, green construction, green transportation, green chemistry, green computing

Text Book:

R. L. Rag and Lekshmi Dinachandran Remesh. Introduction to Sustainable Engineering. 2nd Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2016.

References:

1. D. T. Allen and D. R. Shonnard. Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, 1st Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
2. A.S. Bradley, A. O. Adebayo, P. Maria. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, 1st Edition, Cengage learning, 2016.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS						

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Outline of the various facets of water usage in daily life.

CO2: Explain the origin of Natural waters and also to synthesize it for regular use.

CO3: Discuss the utilization of non-potable water.

CO4: Describe water supply system from a reservoir.

CO5: Explain the characteristics of wastewater.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

WATER AND LIFE:

Necessity of water – Domestic demand – Public demand – Irrigation – Transportation – Sanitation – Dilution of waste waters – Dust palliative – Recreation – Fire protection.

UNIT-II

SOURCES OF WATER:

Surface sources – Ground sources – Water from atmosphere – Desalination – Recycling of waste water – Recharging of aquifers.

UNIT-III

DUAL SUPPLY OF WATER:

Potable and non-potable water – Protected water – Grey water – Black water – Water borne diseases – water related diseases – Sewage Irrigation.

UNIT-IV

DISTRIBUTION OF WATER:

Based on topography – Gravity distribution – Direct pumping – Combined pumping and gravity flow. Service Reservoirs – Continuous supply – Intermittent supply – Networks of distribution – Emergency water supply as in case of fire accidents – Valves, hydrants and meters.

UNIT-V

INDUSTRIAL WATER:

Location of Industry with reference to surface sources of water – Quality of water required for industrial operations – characteristics of waste water produced – Standards for letting industrial effluents into sources of water.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. K.N. Duggal, “Elements of Environmental Engineering”, 7th Edition, S. Chand Publishers, 2010.
2. Hammer and Hammer “Water and wastewater Technology”, 4th Edition, Prentice hall of India, 2003.
3. Howard S. Peavy, Donand P. Rowe, George Technobanoglous, “Environmental Engineering”, 1st Edition Mc Graw –Hill Publications, Civil Engineering Series, 1985.

REFERENCES:

1. B.C.Punmia, “Water Supply Engineering”, Vol. 1, “Waste water Engineering Vol. II”, 2nd Edition, Ashok Jain & Arun Jain, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
2. Fair, Geyer and Okun, “Water and Waste Water Engineering”, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 2010.
3. Metcalf and Eddy, “Waste Water Engineering”, 3rd Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2008.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUB CODE:	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONTROL						

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The objective of this course is:

- Impart knowledge on fundamental aspects of air pollution & control, noise pollution, and solid waste management.
- Provide basic knowledge on sustainable development.
- Introduces some basics of sanitation methods essential for protection of community health.
- Provide basic knowledge on solid waste management.

COURSE OUTCOMES: By the end of successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Identify the air pollutant control devices

CO 2: Have knowledge on the NAAQ standards and air emission standards

CO3: Differentiate the treatment techniques used for sewage and industrial wastewater treatment methods.

CO4: Understand the fundamentals of solid waste management, practices adopted in his town/village and its importance in keeping the health of the city.

CO 5: Appreciate the methods of environmental sanitation and the management of community facilities without spread of epidemics.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I Air Pollution: Air pollution Control Methods–Particulate control devices – Methods of Controlling Gaseous Emissions – Air quality standards. Noise Pollution: Noise standards, Measurement and control methods – Reducing residential and industrial noise – ISO14000.

UNIT –II Industrial Wastewater Management: – Strategies for pollution control - Volume and Strength reduction – Neutralization – Equalization – Proportioning – Common Effluent Treatment Plants - Recirculation of industrial wastes – Effluent standards.

UNIT – III Solid Waste Management: Solid waste characteristics – basics of on-site handling and collection – separation and processing – Incineration-Composting-Solid waste disposal methods –

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

fundamentals of Land filling.

UNIT – IV Environmental Sanitation: Environmental Sanitation Methods for Hostels and Hotels, Hospitals, Swimming pools and public bathing places, social gatherings (melas and fares), Schools and Institutions, Rural Sanitation-low cost waste disposal methods.

UNIT- V Sustainable Development: Definition- elements of sustainable developments -Indicators of sustainable development- Sustainability Strategies- Barriers to Sustainability–Industrialization and sustainable development – Cleaner production in achieving sustainability- sustainable development.

TEXT BOOKS: 1. Environmental Engineering, by Ruth F. Weiner and Robin Matthews – 4th Edition Elsevier, 2003.

2. Environmental Science and Engineering by J.G. Henry and G.W. Heinke – Pearson Education.

3. Environmental Engineering by Mackenzie L Davis & David A Cornwell. McGraw Hill Publishing.

REFERENCE BOOKS: 1. Air Pollution and Control by M.N. Rao & H.N. Rao

2. Solid Waste Management by K. Sasi Kumar, S.A. Gopi Krishna. PHI New Delhi.

3. Environmental Engineering by Gerard Kiley, Tata McGraw Hill.

4. Industrial Water Pollution Control by Nemerow Jr., McGraw Hill Publishing.

5. Unit Operations and Processes in Environmental Engineering by Reynolds. Richard – Cengage Learning.

6. Environmental Engineering by D. Srinivasan, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2011.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE32L1	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The course will address the following:

- Estimation of some important characteristics of water and wastewater in the laboratory.
- It also gives the significance of the characteristics of the water and wastewater.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO 1: Estimate some important characteristics of water and wastewater in the laboratory.

CO 2: Draw some conclusion and decide whether the water is suitable for construction or not, drinking or not; ultimate disposal as per effluent standards or not.

CO 3: Decide whether the water body is polluted or not with reference to the state parameters in the list of experiments.

CO 4: Estimate and study the strength of the raw and treated effluents in terms of BOD, COD, pH, TDS and chloride of the neutralization tank treating effluents from Chemistry lab or Environmental Engineering Laboratory.

SYLLABUS:

List of Experiments

1. Determination of pH and Electrical Conductivity (Salinity) of Water.
2. Determination and estimation of Total Hardness–Calcium & Magnesium.
3. Determination of Alkalinity/Acidity.
4. Determination of Chlorides in water.
5. Determination and Estimation of Total Solids, Organic Solids and Inorganic Solids and Settleable Solids by Imhoff Cone.
6. Determination of Iron.
7. Determination of Dissolved Oxygen with D.O. Meter & Wrinklers Method and B.O.D.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

8. Determination of N, P, K values in solid waste
9. Physical parameters – Temperature, Colour, Odour, Turbidity, Taste.
10. Determination of C.O.D.
11. Determination of Optimum coagulant dose.
12. Determination of Chlorine demand.
13. Presumptive Coliform test.
14. Visit a Water Treatment Plant and give a technical report.

NOTE: At least 10 of the above experiments are to be conducted.

List of Equipments:

- 1) pH meter
- 2) Turbidity meter
- 3) Conductivity meter
- 4) Hot air oven
- 5) Muffle furnace
- 6) Dissolved Oxygen meter
- 7) U–V visible spectrophotometer
- 8) COD Reflux Apparatus
- 9) Jar Test Apparatus
- 10) BOD incubator
- 11) Autoclave
- 12) Laminar flow chamber
- 13) Hazen’s Apparatus

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Standard Methods for Analysis of Water and Waste Water – APHA.
2. Chemical Analysis of Water and Soil by KVSG Murali Krishna, Reem Publications, New Delhi.

REFERENCE:

1. Relevant IS Codes.
2. Chemistry for Environmental Engineering by Sawyer and Mc. Carty.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUB CODE: R23CE32L2	HIGHWAY ENGINEERING LAB						

Course Learning Objectives:

The objectives of this course are:

- To test crushing value, impact resistance, specific gravity and water absorption, attrition value, abrasion value, flakiness index and elongation index for the given road aggregates.
- To know penetration value, ductility value, softening point, flash and fire point, viscosity and stripping for the given bitumen grade.
- To test the stability for the given bituminous mix.
- To carry out surveys for traffic volume, speed and parking.

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO 1:** Test aggregates and judge the suitability of materials for the road construction
- CO 2:** Test the given bitumen samples and judge their suitability for the road construction.
- CO 3:** Obtain the optimum bitumen content for Bituminous Concrete
- CO 4:** Determine the traffic volume, speed and parking characteristics.
- CO 5:** Draw highway cross sections and intersections.

SYLLABUS:

I. ROAD AGGREGATES:

1. Aggregate Crushing value Test
2. Aggregate Impact Test.
3. Specific Gravity and Water Absorption Test
4. Attrition Test
5. Abrasion Test.
6. Shape tests

II. BITUMINOUS MATERIALS:

1. Penetration Test.
2. Ductility Test.
3. Softening Point Test.
4. Flash and fire point tests.
5. Stripping Test
6. Viscosity Test.

III. BITUMINOUS MIX:

1. Marshall Stability test.

IV. TRAFFIC SURVEYS:

1. Traffic volume study at mid blocks.
2. Traffic Volume Studies (Turning Movements) at intersection.
3. Spot speed studies.
4. Parking study.

V. DESIGN & DRAWING

1. Earthwork calculations for road works
2. Drawing of road cross sections
3. Rotary intersection design

LIST OF EQUIPMENT:

1. Apparatus for aggregate crushing test.
2. Aggregate Impact testing machine
3. Pycnometers
4. Los angles Abrasion test machine
5. Deval's Attrition test machine
6. Elongation and thickness gauges
7. Bitumen penetration test setup.
8. Bitumen Ductility test setup.
9. Ring and ball apparatus
10. Viscometer.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

11. Marshal Mix design apparatus.
12. Enoscope for spot speed measurement.
13. Stop Watches

TEXTBOOKS:

1. 'Highway Material Testing Manual' by S.K. Khanna, C.E.G Justo and A.Veeraraghavan, Neam Chan Brothers New Chand Publications, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. IRC Codes of Practice
2. Asphalt Institute of America Manuals
3. Code of Practice of B.I.S.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	1	2	30	70	100	2
SUB CODE: R23CE32L3	CAD LAB						

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of the course are to

- **Learn** the usage of any fundamental software for design
- **Create** geometries using pre-processor.
- **Analyze** and Interpret the results using post processor.
- **Design** the structural elements.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of the course student should be able to

CO 1: Model the geometry of real-world structure Represent the physical model of structural element/structure.

CO 2: Perform analysis.

CO 3: Interpret from the Post processing results.

CO 4: Design the structural elements and a system as per IS Codes.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Analysis & Design determinate structures using a software.
2. Analysis & Design of fixed & continuous beams using a software.
3. Analysis & Design of Plane Frames.
4. Analysis & Design of space frames subjected to DL & LL.
5. Analysis & Design of residential building subjected to all loads (DL, LL, WL, EQL).
6. Analysis & Design of Roof Trusses.
7. Design and detailing of built up steel beam.
8. Developing a design program for foundation using EXCEL Spread Sheet.
9. Detailing of RCC beam and RCC slab.
10. Detailing of Steel built up compression member.

Note: Drafting of all the exercises is to be carried out using commercially available designing software's.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

III B.Tech II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	2	0	0				-
SUB CODE: R23CE32MC	TECHNICAL PAPER WRITING & IPR						

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

1. The course will explain the basic related to writing the technical reports and understanding the concepts related to formatting and structuring the report.
2. This will help students to comprehend the concept of proofreading, proposals and practice

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Define and frame a clear, research-worthy problem

CO2: Review literature rigorously and follow ethics

CO3: Write, structure, and present technical documents

effectively **CO4:** Develop skills to review, publish, and present research

CO5: Identify and understand different types of IPR

CO6: Learn detailed patenting processes and global treaties

CO7: Use patent databases and manage IP-driven technology

CO8: Stay abreast of evolving IPR trends and developments

Unit I: Introduction: An introduction to writing technical reports, technical sentences formation, using transitions to join sentences, Using tenses for technical writing.

Planning and Structuring: Planning the report, identifying reader(s), Voice, Formatting and structuring the report, Sections of a technical report, Minutes of meeting writing.

Unit II: Drafting report and design issues: The use of drafts, Illustrations and graphics.

Final edits: Grammar, spelling, readability and writing in plain English: Writing in plain English, Jargon and final layout issues, Spelling, punctuation and Grammar, Padding, Paragraphs, and Ambiguity.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Unit III: Proofreading and summaries: Proofreading, summaries, Activities on summaries. **Presenting final reports:** Printed presentation, Verbal presentation skills, Introduction to proposals and practice.

Unit IV: Using word processor: Adding a Table of Contents, Updating the Table of Contents, Deleting the Table of Contents, Adding an Index, Creating an Outline, Adding Comments, Tracking Changes, Viewing Changes, Additions, and Comments, Accepting and Rejecting Changes, Working with Footnotes and Endnotes, Inserting citations and Bibliography, Comparing Documents, Combining Documents, Mark documents final and make them read only., Password protect Microsoft Word documents., Using Macros,

Unit V: Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of **Patenting and Development:** technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kompal Bansal & Parshit Bansal, “Fundamentals of IPR for Beginner’s”, 1st Ed., BS Publications, 2016.
2. William S. Pfeiffer and Kaye A. Adkins, “Technical Communication: A Practical Approach”, Pearson.
3. Ramappa,T., “Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO”, 2nd Ed., S Chand, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011.
2. Day R, how to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press(2006)

E-resources:

1. <https://www.udemy.com/course/reportwriting/>
2. <https://www.udemy.com/course/professional-business-english-and-technical-report-writing/>
<https://www.udemy.com/course/betterbusinesswriting/>

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

B.Tech IV Year I Semester

S.No	Category	Title	L	T	P	C
1	Professional Core	Geotechnical Engineering-2	3	0	0	3
2	Management Course- II	Advance Construction management	2	0	0	2
3	Professional Elective-IV	1. Pre-stressed Concrete 2. Advanced Environmental Engineering 3. Design & drawing of Irrigation Structures	3	0	0	3
4	Professional Elective-V	1. Advanced Structural Engineering 2. Environmental Impact Assessment 3. Railways and Airport Engineering	3	0	0	3
5	Open Elective - III		3	0	0	3
6	Open Elective-IV	Quantum Science and Technology	3	0	0	3
7	Skill Enhancement Course	Skills on Civil Engineering software. (STAAD-Pro/E tabs/CAD/Revit/ BIM)	0	1	2	2
8	Audit Course	Constitution of India	2	0	0	-
9	Internship	Evaluation of Industry Internship	-	-	-	2
Total			19	1	02	21

B. Tech. IV Year II Semester

S.No.	Category	Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	PR	Internship and Project	-	-	24	12

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	PROFESSIONAL CORE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING- II	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Learning Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

1. To impart to the student knowledge of types of shallow foundations and theories required for the determination of their bearing capacity.
2. To enable the student to compute immediate and consolidation settlements of shallow foundations.
3. To impart the principles of important field tests such as SPT and Plate bearing test.
4. To enable the student to imbibe the concepts of pile foundations and determine their load carrying capacity.

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course:

CO1: Able to understand Soil exploration methods and field tests. CO2: Able to understand earth pressure theories. CO3: Able to understand stability of slopes. CO4: Able to analyze the shallow foundations. CO5: Able to analyze the deep foundations.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I

Soil Exploration: Need – Methods of soil exploration – Boring and Sampling methods – Plate load test – Standard Penetration and cone penetration. Earth Pressure theories: Rankine's & Coulomb's theory of earth pressure – Culmann's graphical method - earth pressures in layered soils.

UNIT – II

Stability of Slopes: Infinite and finite earth slopes in sand and clay – types of failures – factor of safety of infinite slopes – stability analysis by Swedish arc method, standard method of slices – Bishop's method -- Taylor's Stability Number-Stability of slopes of dams and embankments - different conditions.

Shallow foundations – Terzaghi's and Meyerhoff's bearing capacity theories, effect of water table; Combined footing and raft foundation; Contact pressure; Settlement analysis in sands and clays.

UNIT-III

Shallow Foundations – Bearing Capacity Criteria: Types of foundations and factors to be considered in their location - Bearing capacity – criteria for determination of bearing capacity – factors influencing bearing capacity – analytical methods to determine bearing capacity – Terzaghi’s theory Meyerhof theory- IS Methods – effect of water table.

UNIT-IV

Shallow Foundations – Settlement Criteria: Safe bearing pressure based on N- value – allowable bearing pressure; safe bearing capacity and settlement from plate load test – Types of foundation settlements and their determination - allowable settlements of structures.

Design of Shallow Foundations:

Proportioning of footings for Equal Settlement — Combine footing -- Rectangular, Trapezoidal and Strap footing – Principles of Design of Raft Foundation.

UNIT -V

Pile Foundation: Types of piles – Load carrying capacity of piles based on static pile formulae – Dynamic pile formulae– Pile load test – Pile under lateral loading -- Load carrying capacity of pile groups in sands and clays – Negative Skin Friction.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. ‘Principles of Foundation Engineering’ by Das, B.M., - (2011) –6th edition (Indian edition) Cengage learning
2. ‘Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics’ by Gopal Ranjan& ASR Rao, New Age International Pvt. Ltd, (2004).
3. Soil mechanics & foundation engineering by Arora

REFERENCES:

1. Foundation Analysis and Design’ by Bowles, J.E., (1988) – 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Newyork.
2. ‘Theory and Practice of Foundation Design’ by N.N.SOM & S.C.DAS PHI Learning Private limited

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	MANAGEMENT COURSE-II ADVANCED CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	2

Course Learning Objectives:

- To Impart to the Student, Knowledge of Core Quality Management and Quality assurance and Quality Control differentiation and know when and how to apply each effectively.
- To impart to the Student knowledge of Application of different Cost estimation techniques, understanding of key Components of Project budget, implementation of cost control techniques
- To Impart to the Student knowledge about Key functions of materials management, inventory management, Selection & Suppliers, Material requirement planning
- To impart to the Student knowledge about fundamental Concepts of Building Information modelling, understanding the integration of BIM with other project documentation Etc.,
- To Impart to the Student knowledge about Core principals & Sustainable Construction and green building, including energy efficiency, Water Conservation and waste seduction, Sustainable techniques and practices, knowledge about GRIHA rating, IGEC rating, LEED rating etc,

Course Outcomes:

1. Able to apply Quality assurance principles, implement Safety protocols, perform Risk Assessment, manage documentation etc
2. Able to develop accurate cost estimates, Analyse Project costs, Analyse project costs, Implement Cost Control methods, Utilize Predictive Models.
3. Able to utilize BIM for data integration, improve Collaboration, perform clash detection, Apply BIM for Sustainability analysis.
4. Able to Incorporate Green Building Principles, Reduce Environmental Impacts, Implement green building Strategies, address Sustainability Challenges

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I

Quality and Safety Management, Quality assurance and Control Principles and managing On-Site safety procedure to minimize risks

UNIT-II

Cost Estimation and Control methods for calculating project cost, managing budgets, and performing economic analysis such as benefit cost analysis

UNIT-III

Material and machinery management optimizing the procurement, use and maintenance of construction materials and heavy equipment.

UNIT-IV

Building Information Modeling (BIM)- The use of 3D Modeling and other technologies to improve Project Management, Collaboration and efficiency

UNIT-V

Sustainable Construction and Green Buildings techniques and Practices for reducing a project's Environmental impacts, including Green Building certification and Waste Management strategy

Text Books:-

1. Construction Safety Management, 1st Edition by Neeraj and Amarjit
2. Construction Quality management: Principles and practice by Tim Howrath
3. Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering by B.N.Dutta
4. Construction Management and Machinery by B.Gupta
5. BIM for Dummies by Stefen Mordue, Paul Swaddle and David Philip
6. GRIHA Manual

References:

1. Safety management in Construction (Principles and Practices) by Sk. Bhattacharjee
2. Construction Quality Management Principles and Practice by Tim Howrath
3. Cost management of Construction Projects by Donald Towey
4. BIM and Construction Management: Proven tools, methods and work flocas by Brad Hurdin and Daure Mccod
5. Sustainable Construction: Green building design and delivery by Charles J. Kibert

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE IV PRESTRESSED CONCRETE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Learning Objectives

- To understand the flexure, shear and Torsional stresses in prestressed concrete Members
- To Understand important concepts in designing continuous beams
- To Understand role of end block and different types and their design procedures
- To Apply the concepts to statically indeterminate structure.
- To Apply the concepts to design composite construction

Course Outcomes

1. Design of sections for flexure, Axial Tension, Compression and bending, shear, bond
2. Analysis and design of continuous beams and procedure for calculation

of deflections
3. Analysis and design of end blocks adopting different methods of anchoring procedure for calculation of stresses
4. Understand and Design of Continuous Prestressed Concrete Beams and Portal Frames
5. Understand and concept of composite and continuous construction using pre stressed concrete

Unit I

Flexural, shear; Torsional resistance and design of Prestressed concrete section. Types of flexural failure– code procedures- shear and principal stresses– Prestressed concrete members in torsion– Design of sections for flexure, Axial Tension, Compression and bending, shear, Bond

Unit II

Analysis of continuous beams –Elastic theory- Linear transformation and Concordant tendons-Deflections of pre-stressed concrete beams: Importance of control of deflections- factors influencing deflections -short term deflections of un-cracked member–prediction of long term deflections.

Unit III

Analysis of end blocks: By Guyon's method and Magnel's method, Anchorage zone stresses- Approximate method of design-anchorage zone reinforcement-transfer of prestresses- pretensioned members-Composite sections: Introduction Analysis for stresses- differential shrinkage- general design considerations.

Unit IV

Statically Indeterminate Structures: Advantages of Continuous Members— Effect of Prestressing Indeterminate Structures--Methods of Achieving Continuity-- Definitions of Common Terms--Methods of Analysis of Secondary Moments---Concordant Cable Profile- Guyon's Theorem-- Effect of Axial Deformation and Tertiary Moments---Ultimate Load Analysis of Continuous Prestressed Members ---Determination of Concordant Tendon Profile-- Design of Continuous Prestressed Concrete Beams---Design of Prestressed Portal Frames.

Unit V

Composite Construction of Prestressed and in situ Concrete: Composite Structural Members Types of Composite Construction --Analysis of Stresses--Differential Shrinkage ---Deflection of Composite Members -- Stresses at Serviceability Limit State--- Flexural Strength of Composite Sections -- Shear Strength of Composite Sections -- Design of Composite Sections.

Text books

1. Prestressed Concrete, 4 e by N. Krishna Raju, McGraw Hill Pu
2. Prestressed Concrete by N. Rajagopalan, Narosa Publishing
3. Prestressed Concrete by S. Ramamrutham, Dhanpatrai Publishing Company References
1. Prestressed Concrete Analysis and Design, Antone E.Naaman2e,TechnoPress3000
Design of Prestressed Concrete-T.Y.Lin, Ned H. Burns 3e,Wiley Publications

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE- IV ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- To explain the importance of self-purification of streams and to derive Streeter-Phelps equation and to discuss the effects of various pollutants on receiving streams.
- To introduce new concepts in biological treatment like nitrogen and phosphorous removal, anaerobic filters, RBC and U-tube aeration systems, their working principles and suitability.
- To understand the characteristics and the treatment and disposal methods of liquid wastes produced in Dairy industry, Sugar industry and Pulp & paper industry.
- To introduce various functional elements of urban solid waste management and to introduce various methods of solid waste treatment methods with special emphasis on recovery and reuse of solid waste.
- To introduce sources, global effects and the effects on human health, plants and materials of air pollution.
- To discuss about the effects of various meteorological parameters on air pollution and to explain various equipment for controlling particulate pollution and their suitability.
- To introduce sources, effects and controlling measures of noise pollution and to discuss noise rating systems and acceptable noise levels for various places.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Understand the importance of self-purification and the effects of various pollutants on receiving streams.
2. Determine the critical D.O. deficit and the degree of treatment required for wastewater at the treatment plant to maintain a minimum D.O. at any point in the stream.
3. Update his knowledge in biological treatment with new and more advanced treatment methods.
4. Understand the characteristics and suggest suitable methods of treatment and disposal of industrial wastewater.
5. Suggest suitable methods for collection, transport, recovery, reuse and treatment of urban solid waste.

6. Understand global implications of air pollution and suggest suitable methods of control of particulate pollution depending on concentration and size of the particulate matter.
7. Acquire knowledge on noise pollution and suggest suitable noise control techniques according to the situation.

UNIT – I

Stream Sanitation Introduction; Self-purification in streams; factors affecting self-purification; Dissolved Oxygen Balance in streams; Streeter-Phelps's Dissolved Oxygen Model; Zones of Self-purification; Impact of pollutants on stream waters and usage of stream water with special reference to flora and fauna

Unit- II

New Concepts in Biological Waste Treatment (theory only)
Introduction; Nitrogen removal by biological nitrification and de-nitrification; Phosphate removal from the activated sludge process; Rotating Disc Biological Contactor; Anaerobic filters; U-Tube aeration systems.

UNIT – III

Industrial Wastewater Treatment
Introduction to Industrial Wastewater treatment;
Sugar Plant: Quantity of liquid waste; Characteristics of liquid waste; Methods of its treatment and disposal. Dairy Industry: Quantity of liquid waste; Characteristics of liquid waste; Methods of its treatment and disposal. Pulp and Paper Industry: Quantity of liquid waste; Characteristics of liquid waste; Methods of its treatment and disposal.

UNIT – IV

Urban Solid Waste Management
Sources; Quantities and characteristics; Classification; Collection and transportation; Recovery and reuse; Treatment methods such as compositing, incineration, sanitary landfill and pyrolysis. Sources and Classification of Air Pollution Stationary and mobile sources; Primary and secondary pollutants; Natural contaminants; Particulate matter; Aerosols; Gaseous pollutants. Meteorology and Air Pollution Atmospheric stability and temperature inversions; Maximum Mixing Depth; Wind direction and speed; Plume behaviour; Gaussian Dispersion Model; Plume rise; Wind rose.

UNIT – V

Effects of Air Pollution

Global Effects: Global warming; Ozone depletion; Acid rains; Effects of air pollutants on human health; Effects on plants; Economical effects. Control of Air Pollution

Objectives; Types of collection equipment: Settling chamber; Inertial separators; Cyclones; Filters; Electrostatic Precipitators; Scrubbers. Noise Pollution

Introduction; Levels of noise; Noise rating systems; Measurement of noise; Sources of noise and their noise levels; Acceptable noise levels; Effects of noise; Control of noise.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Wastewater Treatment by M.N. Rao and A.K. Datta; Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
2. Environmental Pollution Control Engineering by C.S. Rao, New Age International, 2006

Course Learning Objectives:

1. The course is designed to make the students learn the hydraulic design principles of irrigation structures.

Course Outcomes:

1. At the end of the course the student will be able to understand, design and draw hydraulic structures of Surplus weir, Tank sluice with a tower head, Canal drop-Notch type, Canal regulator, Syphon aqueduct type III

SYLLABUS:

Unit I:

Design and drawing of Surplus weir

Unit II:
Design and drawing of Tank sluice with a tower head

Unit III:
Design and drawing of Canal drop-Notch type

Unit IV:
Design and drawing of Canal regulator

Unit V:
Design and drawing of Syphon aqueduct type III

Final Examination pattern: Any two question of the above five designs may be asked out of which the candidate has to answer one question. The duration of the examination is three hours

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Water Resources Engineering – Principles and Practice by C. Satyanarayana Murthy, New age International Publishers.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures by S.K. Garg, Standard Book House.
Irrigation and Water Power Engineering by B.C Punmia & Lal, Lakshmi Publications pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE- V	L	T	P	C
	ADVANCED STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING	3	0	0	3

Course Learning Objectives:

- The objective of this course is to:
- Familiarize students with the analysis and design of Raft Foundations and Retaining walls
- Equip student with the concepts of designing different types of RCC water tanks
- Understand concepts of flat slabs
- Familiarize different types of Bunkers, Silos and Chimneys
- Understand different types of transmission towers

Course Outcomes:

1. At the end of this course, the student will be able to
2. Design raft foundations and different types of RCC retaining walls
3. Carryout analysis and design of different types of RCC water tanks
4. Solve the problems regarding design of RCC Bunkers, Silos and Chimneys
5. Understand the concepts of prefabricated construction.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT – I

Analysis and Design of Raft Foundations – Design of RCC Retaining walls:
Cantilever and Counter fort

UNIT – II

Analysis and Design of RCC Water Tanks, Circular and Rectangular types- Intze tank including staging.

UNIT – III

Analysis and Design of Flat Slabs- Direct Design and Equivalent Frame Methods- Check for Punching shear

UNIT – IV

Analysis and Design of RCC Chimney, Concepts of loading

UNIT-V

Analysis and design of Pressed Steel Tanks

TEXT BOOKS:

1. 'Reinforced Concrete Structures' Vol-2 by B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi, publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
2. 'Reinforced Concrete Structures' by N. Subramanian, Oxford Publishers
'Design
Drawing of Concrete and Steel Structures' by N. Krishna Raju University
Press 2005.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Essentials of Bridge Engineering' by D. Johnson Victor, Oxford and IBM publication Co., Pvt. Ltd.
2. 'Reinforced concrete design' by S. U, Pillai and D. Menon, Tata Mc.Grawhill Publishing Company
3. Codes: Relevant IS: codes.

IV Year-I Semester	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE- V	L	T	P	C
	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT	3	0	0	3

Course Learning Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- To impart knowledge on different concepts of Environmental Impact Assessment
- To know procedures of risk assessment
- To learn the EIA methodologies and the criterion for selection of EIA methods
- To know pre-requisites for ISO 14001 certification
- To know the procedures for environmental clearances and audit
- To appreciate the importance of stakeholder participation in EIA

Course Learning Outcomes

1. Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
2. Prepare EMP, EIS and EIA report, estimate cost benefit ratio of a project
3. Selection of an appropriate EIA methodology
4. Evaluation of impacts on environment
5. Evaluation of risk assessment
6. Know the latest acts and guidelines of MoEF & CC

UNIT-I:

Basic concepts of EIA: Elements of EIA-factors affecting EIA-Initial Environmental Examination- life cycle analysis preparation of Environmental Base map- Classification of environmental parameters – role of stakeholders in the EIA preparation – stages in EIA, Environmental economics, Cost/benefit Analysis - EIS and EMP. Identification of activities- application of remote sensing and GIS for EIA.

UNIT-II:

EIA Methodologies: Introduction, Criteria for the selection of EIA Methodology, E I A methods, Ad-hoc methods, matrix methods, Network method Environmental Media Quality Index method, overlay methods. Impact of Developmental Activities and Land use: Introduction and Methodology for the assessment of soil and ground water, Delineation of study area.

UNIT-III

Procurement of relevant soil quality, Impact prediction, Assessment of Impact significance, Identification and Incorporation of mitigation measures - E I A with reference to surface water, Air and Biological environment: Methodology for the assessment of Impacts on surface water environment, generalized approach for assessment of Air pollution Impact.

UNIT-IV:

Assessment of Impact of development Activities on Vegetation and wildlife, Environmental Impact of Deforestation. Environmental Risk Assessment and Risk management in EIA: Risk assessment and treatment of uncertainty-key stages in performing an Environmental Risk Assessment- Advantages of Environmental Risk Assessment

UNIT-V

EIA: MoEF&CC Acts, Notifications and Guidelines: Provisions in the EIA notification, procedure for environmental clearance, and procedure for conducting environmental impact assessment report- evaluation of EIA report. Environmental legislation objectives, evaluation of Audit data and preparation of Audit report. Post Audit activities, Concept of ISO and ISO14000. Environmental compliance reports. Case studies and preparation of EIA statement for various Industries.

Text Books:

1. Environmental Impact Assessment, Canter Larry W., McGraw-Hill education Edi (1996)
2. Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies, Y. Anjaneyulu, B. S. Publication, Sultan Bazar, Hyderabad.

References:

1. Environmental Science and Engineering, J. Glynn and Gary W. Hein Ke Prentice Hall Publishers
2. Environmental Science and Engineering, Suresh K. Dhaneja, S. K. Katania& Sons Publication, New Delhi.
3. Environmental Pollution and Control, H. S. Bhatia, Galgotia Publication (P) Ltd, Delhi

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE- V	L	T	P	C
	RAILWAY AND AIRPORT ENGINEERING	3	0	0	3

Course Learning Objectives:

The objectives of this course are:

- To know various components and their functions in a railway track
- To acquire design principles of geometrics in a railway track.
- To know various techniques for the effective movement of trains.
- To acquire design principles of airport runway geometrics and pavements.
- To know the planning, construction and maintenance of Docks and

Harbours. Course Outcomes:

At the end of course, Student will be able to

1. Design geometrics in a railway track.
2. Plan track layouts and control movement of trains
3. Design airport geometrics and airfield pavements.
4. Plan, construct and maintain Docks and Harbours.

UNIT- I

Components of Railway Engineering: Permanent way components – Railway Track Gauge - Cross Section of Permanent Way - Functions of various Components like Rails, Sleepers and Ballast –Rail Fastenings – Creep of Rails- Theories related to creep – Adzing of Sleepers- Sleeper density – Rail joints.

UNIT – II

Geometric Design of Railway Track: Alignment – Engineering Surveys - Gradients- Grade Compensation- Cant and Negative Super elevation- Cant Deficiency – Degree of Curve – safe speed on curves – Transition curve – Compound curves – Reverse curves – Extra clearance on curves – widening of gauge on curves – vertical curves – cheek rails on curves.

UNIT – III

Turnouts & Controllers: Track layouts – Switches – Design of Tongue Rails – Crossings – Turnouts – Layout of Turnout – Double Turnout – Diamond crossing – Scissors crossing.

Signal Objectives – Classification – Fixed signals – Stop signals – Signalling systems – Mechanical signalling system – Electrical signalling system – System for Controlling Train Movement – Interlocking – Modern signalling Installations.

UNIT – IV

Airport Planning & Design: Airport Master plan – Airport site selection – Air craft characteristics – Zoning laws – Airport classification – Runway orientation – Wind rose diagram – Runway length – Taxiway design – Terminal area and Airport layout – Visual aids and Air traffic control

UNIT – V

Runway Design: Various Design factors – Design methods for Flexible pavements – Design methods for Rigid pavements – LCN system of Pavement Design – Airfield Pavement Failures – Maintenance and Rehabilitation of Airfield pavements – Evaluation & Strengthening of Airfield pavements – Airport Drainage – Design of surface and subsurface drainage.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Railway Engineering by Satish Chandra and Agarwal M.M., Oxford University Press, New Delhi
2. Airport Engineering by Khanna & Arora - Nemchand Bros, New Delhi.
3. Docks and Harbour Engineering by Bindra S.P. - Dhanpathi Rai & Sons, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Railway Engineering' by Saxena & Arora - Dhanpat Rai, New Delhi.
2. 'Transportation Engineering Planning Design' by Wright P.H. & Ashfort N.J. - John Wiley & Sons.
3. 'Airport Engineering' by Virendra Kumar, Dhanpat Rai Publishers, New Delhi.
4. 'Transportation Engineering' by Srinivasa Kumar R, University Press, Hyderabad
5. 'Highway, Railway, Airport and Harbour Engineering' by Subramanian KP, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt Limited, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year – I Semester	QUANTUM SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Prerequisites: Basic Physics, Linear Algebra, and Introduction to Modern Physics

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce fundamental concepts of quantum mechanics and its mathematical formalism.
2. To explore quantum computing and communication principles and technologies.
3. To understand the physical implementation and limitations of quantum systems.
4. To enable students to relate quantum theory to practical applications in computing, cryptography, and sensing.
5. To familiarize students with the emerging trends in quantum technologies.

Course Outcomes:

After completing this course, students will be able to:

- CO1. Explain core principles of quantum mechanics and their technological implications. CO2. Analyze quantum phenomena like superposition and entanglement.
- CO3. Apply mathematical tools to model and solve quantum systems.
- CO4. Demonstrate understanding of quantum algorithms and quantum circuits.
- CO5. Evaluate potential applications and challenges in quantum communication and sensing.

Unit 1: Fundamentals of Quantum Mechanics: Historical background: Blackbody radiation, photoelectric effect, and Compton scattering; Dual nature of light and matter; De Broglie hypothesis; Schrödinger equation; Free particle, infinite potential well, step potential; Operators and observables: position, momentum, Hamiltonian; Commutation relations and uncertainty principle; Quantum postulates and measurement theory; Eigenvalues, eigenfunctions.

Unit 2: Quantum Information Theory: Classical vs. quantum information; Qubit representation using Bloch sphere; Quantum superposition and quantum entanglement; Dirac notation (bra-ket), tensor products, and composite systems; Bell states and EPR paradox; Quantum gates: Pauli-X, Y, Z; Hadamard; Phase; T; CNOT; Quantum circuit models and notation; Measurement in computational basis; Quantum teleportation and no-cloning theorem; Quantum state tomography (introductory)

Unit 3: Quantum Computing: Classical computing review and limitations; Quantum parallelism and interference; Deutsch and Deutsch-Jozsa algorithms; Grover's search algorithm, Oracle and amplitude amplification; Shor's factoring algorithm (overview and significance); Quantum Fourier Transform (QFT); Quantum error correction: Bit-flip, phase-flip, and Shor's 9-qubit code; Introduction to quantum programming: Qiskit, Cirq, IBM

Unit 4: Quantum Communication: Introduction to quantum cryptography; Quantum key distribution (QKD): BB84 protocol; Entanglement-based QKD: Ekert protocol (E91); Eavesdropping and security of QKD; Quantum teleportation (circuit and protocol); Quantum dense coding; Quantum networks and entanglement swapping; Role of quantum repeaters; Single-photon sources and detectors; Implementation challenges (loss, decoherence, noise)

Unit 5: Quantum Technologies and Applications: Quantum sensors: magnetometry, gravimetry; Quantum metrology: standard time, atomic clocks; Quantum imaging and lithography; Quantum materials: topological insulators, graphene, quantum dots; NV centers in diamonds for sensing; Hardware platforms: Superconducting qubits, Trapped ions, Photonic quantum processors; Quantum supremacy and NISQ era; Global initiatives: IBM, Google, D-Wave, IonQ, India's NQM; Ethical concerns and future prospects

Text Books:

1. "Quantum Computation and Quantum Information" by Michael A. Nielsen and Isaac L. Chuang
2. "Quantum Mechanics: Concepts and Applications" by Nouredine Zettili

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104104082>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115104096>
3. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122106034>

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE	L	T	P	C
	SKILLS ON CIVIL ENGINEERING SOFTWARE	0	1	2	2

1. Introduction to ETABS
2. 3D analysis of multi-storey buildings
3. Analysis of continuous beams
4. Analysis of portal frames
5. Analysis of trusses

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Semester	AUDIT COURSE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	-

Course learning Objectives:

- Understand the concept of Indian constitution directive principle of state policy Analyze the History, features Evaluate Preamble Fundamental Rights and Duties
- Understand the structure of Indian government
- Understand the structure of state government role of Governor and Chief Minister Secretariat Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariat
- Understand the local Administration district administration Mayor and elected representatives of Municipalities Zillapanchayat block level organization
- Know the role of Election Commission role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissionerate state election commission SC/ST/OBC and women

Course Outcomes

1. Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
2. Understand the functioning of three wings of the government i.e., executive, legislative and judiciary.
3. Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
4. Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self- government.
5. Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.

UNIT-I

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution meaning of the term, Indian Constitution - Sources and constitutional history, Features - Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy

UNIT-II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism, Centre- State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, LokSabha, RajyaSabha, The Supreme Court and High Court: Powers and Functions;

UNIT-III

State Government and its Administration Governor - Role and Position - CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organization, Structure and Functions

UNIT-IV

A. Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance, Municipalities - Mayor and role of Elected Representative - CEO of Municipal Corporation Pachayati Raj: Functions PRI: Zila Panchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Panchayat: Block level Organizational Hierarchy - (Different departments), Village level

- Role of Elected and Appointed officials - Importance of grass root democracy

UNIT-V

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission:, Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

References:

1. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
2. Subash Kashyap, Indian Constitution, National Book Trust
3. J.A. Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics
4. D.C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics
5. H.M. Sreevai, Constitutional Law of India, 4th edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication)
6. J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics Hans

References

1. J. Raj Indian Government and Politics
2. M.V. Pylee, Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
3. Noorani, A.G., (South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre), Challenges to Civil Right),
4. Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford University Press 2012 resources:
5. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
6. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
7. nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
8. www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I Sem	OPEN ELECTIVE III BUILDING METEIRALS FOR ENGINEERS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Objectives of the Course:

- Initiating the student with the knowledge of basic building materials and their properties.
- Imparting the knowledge of course pattern in masonry construction and flat roofs and techniques of forming foundation, columns, beams, walls, sloped and flat roofs.
- The student is to be exposed to the various patterns of floors, walls, different types of paints and varnishes.
- Imparting the students with the techniques of form work and scaffolding.
- The students should be exposed to classification of aggregates, moisture content of the aggregate.

Course Outcomes:

1. Upon the successful completion of the course:
2. The student should be able to identify different building materials and their importance in building construction.
3. The student is expected to differentiate brick masonry, stone masonry construction and use of lime and cement in various constructions.
4. The student should have learnt the importance of building components and finishings.
5. The student is expected to know the classification of aggregates, sieve analysis and moisture content usually required in building construction.

UNIT I:

Stones, Bricks and Tiles:

Properties of building stones – relation to their structural requirements, classification of stones – stone quarrying – precautions in blasting, dressing of stone, composition of good brick earth, various methods of manufacturing of bricks. Characteristics of good tile - manufacturing methods, types of tiles. Uses of materials like Aluminium, Gypsum, Glass and Bituminous materials

UNIT II

Masonry:

Types of masonry, English and Flemish bonds, Rubble and Ashlar Masonry.

Cavity and partition walls. Wood: Structure – Properties- Seasoning of timber-

Classification of various types of woods used in buildings- Defects in timber.

Alternative materials for wood – Galvanized Iron, Fiber Reinforced Plastics, Steel, Aluminium.

UNIT III:

Lime and Cement: Lime: Various ingredients of lime – Constituents of lime stone – classification of lime – various methods of manufacture of lime. Cement: Portland cement- Chemical Composition – Hydration, setting and fineness of cement. Various types of cement and their properties. Various field and laboratory tests for Cement. Various ingredients of cement concrete and their importance – various tests for concrete.

UNIT IV:

Building Components:

Lintels, arches, vaults, stair cases – types. Different types of floors – Concrete, Mosaic, Terrazzo floors, Pitched, flat roofs. Lean to roof, Coupled Roofs. Trussed roofs – King and Queen post Trusses. R.C.C Roofs, Madras Terrace and Pre-fabricated roofs.

UNIT V:

Finishings and Aggregates:

Damp Proofing and water proofing materials and uses – Plastering Pointing, white washing and distempering. Paints: Constituents of a paint – Types of paints – Painting of new/old wood- Varnish. Form Works and Scaffoldings. Aggregates - Classification of aggregate – Coarse and fine aggregates- particle shape and texture – Bond and Strength of aggregate – Specific gravity – Bulk Density, porosity and absorption – Moisture content of Aggregate- Bulking of sand – Sieve analysis.

Text Books:

1. Building Materials, S. S. Bhavikatti, Vices publications House private ltd.
2. Building Construction, S. S. Bhavikatti, Vices publications House private ltd.
3. Building Materials, B. C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications private ltd.
4. Building Construction, B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications(p)ltd.

References:

1. Building Materials, S. K. Duggal, New Age International Publications.
2. Building Materials, P. C. Verghese, PHI learning(P)ltd.
3. Building Materials, M. L. Gambhir, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. NewDelhi.
4. Building construction, P. C. Verghese, PHI Learning(P)Ltd.
5. Building Materials, Construction and Planning, S.Mahaboob Basha, Anuradha Publications, Chennai.

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IV Year I sem	OPEN ELECTIVE III	L	T	P	C
	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT	3	0	0	3

Course Learning Objectives:

The objective of this course:

- To impart knowledge on different concepts of Environmental Impact Assessment
- To know procedures of risk assessment
- To learn the EIA methodologies and the criterion for selection of EIA methods
- To know pre-requisites for ISO14001 certification
- To know the procedures for environmental clearances and audit

To appreciate the importance of stakeholder participation in EIA

Course Learning Outcomes

1. Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
2. Prepare EMP, EIS and EIA report, estimate cost benefit ratio of a project
3. Selection of an appropriate EIA methodology
4. Evaluation of impacts on environment
5. Evaluation of risk assessment
6. Know the latest acts and guidelines of MoEF & CC

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I:

Basic concepts of EIA: Elements of EIA-factors affecting EIA-Initial environmental Examination- life cycle analysis preparation of Environmental Base map- Classification of environmental parameters – role of stakeholders in the EIA preparation – stages in EIA, Environmental economics, Cost/benefit Analysis - EIS and EMP. Identification of activities- application of remote sensing and GIS for EIA.

UNIT-II:

EIA Methodologies: Introduction, Criteria for the selection of EIA Methodology, E I A methods, Ad-hoc methods, matrix methods, Network method Environmental Media Quality Index method, overlay methods. Impact of Developmental Activities and Land use: Introduction and Methodology for the assessment of soil and ground water, Delineation of study area.

UNIT-III

Procurement of relevant soil quality, Impact prediction, Assessment of Impact significance, Identification and Incorporation of mitigation measures - E I A with reference to surface water, Air and Biological environment: Methodology for the assessment of Impacts on surface water environment, Generalized approach for assessment of Air pollution Impact.

UNIT-IV:

Assessment of Impact of development Activities on Vegetation and wildlife, environmental Impact of Deforestation. Environmental Risk Assessment and Risk management in EIA: Risk assessment and treatment of uncertainty-key stages in performing an Environmental Risk Assessment- Advantages of Environmental Risk Assessment

UNIT-V

EIA: MoEF&CC Acts, Notifications and Guidelines: Provisions in the EIA notification, procedure for environmental clearance, procedure for conducting environmental impact assessment report- evaluation of EIA report. Environmental legislation objectives, evaluation of Audit data and preparation of Audit report. Post Audit activities, Concept of ISO and ISO14000. Environmental compliance reports. Case studies and preparation of EIA statement for various Industries.

Text Books:

Environmental Impact Assessment, Canter Larry W., McGraw-Hill education Edi (1996) Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies, Y. Anjaneyulu, B. S. Publication, Sultan Bazar, Hyderabad.

References:

1. Environmental Science and Engineering, J. Glynn and Gary W. Hein Ke – Prentice Hall Publishers
2. Environmental Science and Engineering, Suresh K. Dhaneja, S. K. Katania & Sons Publication., New Delhi.
1. Environmental Pollution and Control, H. S. Bhatia, Galgotia Publication (P) Ltd, Delhi.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I sem	OPEN ELECTIVE III INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Learning Objectives:

- To know the fundamentals of ITS
- To study sensor technologies and Data requirements of ITS
- To know ITS functional areas and user services
- To study various kinds of ITS architecture
- To study ITS applications in various fields of transportation engineering

Course Outcomes:

1. Identify the benefits of ITS from various types
2. Determine various sensor applications and ITS data collection techniques
3. Identify ITS user services and functional areas
4. Determine various ITS models, evaluation methods and ITS planning.
5. Determine the suitable ITS technology and assess its effectiveness to solve transportation problems

SYLLA BUS

UNIT-I

Fundamentals of ITS: Definition of ITS s, the historical context of ITS from both public policy and market economic perspectives, Types of ITS; Historical Background, Benefits of ITS.

UNIT-II

Sensor technologies and Data requirements of ITS: Importance of telecommunications in the ITS system, Information Management, Traffic Management Centers (TMC). Application of sensors to Traffic management; Traffic flow sensor technologies; Transponders and Communication systems; Data fusion at traffic management centers; Sensor plan and specification requirements; Elements of Vehicle Location and Route Navigation and Guidance concepts; ITS Data collection techniques – Detectors, Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL), Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI), GIS, video data collection.

UNIT-III

ITS functional areas – Advanced Traffic Management systems (ATMS), Advanced Trav Information systems (ATIS), Commercial Vehicle Operations (CVO), Advanced Vehicle Control systems (AVCS), Advanced Public Transportation systems (APTS), Advanced Rural Transportation systems (ARTS). ITS User Needs and Services – Travel and Traffic management, Public Transportation Management, Electronic Payment, Commercial Vehicle Operations, Emergency Management, Advanced Vehicle safety systems, Information Management.

UNIT-IV

ITS Architecture – Regional and Project ITS architecture; Concept of operations; ITS Models and Evaluation Methods; Planning and human factor issues for ITS, Case studies on deployment planning and system design and operation; ITS and safety, ITS and security, ITS as a technology deployment program, research, development and business models, ITS planning.

UNIT-V

ITS applications: Traffic and incident management systems; ITS and sustainable mobility, travel demand management, electronic toll collection, ITS and road-pricing.; Transportation network operations; commercial vehicle operations and intermodal freight; public transportation applications; ITS and regional strategic transportation planning, including regional architectures: ITS and changing transportation institutions Automated Highway Systems- Vehicles in Platoons – Integration of Automated Highway Systems. ITS Programs in the World – Overview of ITS implementations in developed countries, ITS in developing countries

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of intelligent transportation systems planning By Mashrur A. Chowdhury, Adel Wadid Sadek
2. ITS Hand Book 2000: Recommendations for World Road Association (PIARC) by Kan Paul Chen, John Miles.

REFERENCES:

1. Sussman, J. M., Perspective on ITS, Artech House Publishers, 2005.
2. National ITS Architecture Documentation, US Department of Transportation, 2007

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I sem	OPEN ELECTIVE IV GEO-SPATIAL TECHNOLOGIES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- Understand the various spatial and non-spatial data types, and data base management techniques
- Develop the concepts and professional skills in utility of geo spatial techniques
- Improve the working knowledge of geospatial techniques in field problems

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Understand the geospatial technology relating to the data acquiring and processing that is associated with geographic locations
2. Apply Geospatial techniques in the decision support systems useful for decision makers and community services.
3. Ability to solve the problems related to the natural resource management, environment, urban planning and Infrastructure development, etc.
4. Able to generate the thematic maps using Geospatial techniques
5. Apply the concept of Geospatial Techniques to the Civil Engineering problems

UNIT I

Introduction – Basic concepts, socioeconomic challenges, fundamentals of geographical information systems (GIS), history of geographical information system, components of geographical information systems.

Projections and Coordinate Systems – Map definitions, representations of point, line, polygon, common coordinate system, geographic coordinate system, map projections, transformations, map analysis.

UNIT –II

Data Acquisition: Data Types, Spatial, Non-Spatial (Attribute) Data, Data Format – Vector and Raster Data, Manual Digitizing, Scanner, Aerial Photographic Data, Remotely Sensed Data, Digital Data, Cartographic Database, Digital Elevation Data.

Data Management: Data Storage and Maintenance, Data Compression, Data Quality and Standards, Precision, Accuracy, Error – Geometric errors and corrections,

Radiometric errors and corrections, types of Systematic and Non-systematic errors.

UNIT –III

Data Modeling: Spatial Data Analysis, Data Retrieval Query, Simple Analysis, Recode Overlay, Vector Data Model, Raster Data Model, Digital Elevation Model, Cost and Path Analysis, Knowledge Based System. GIS Analysis and Functions: Organizing data for analysis, analysis function, maintenance and analysis of spatial data, buffer analysis, overlay analysis, transformations, conflation, edge matching and editing, maintenance and analysis of spatial and non-spatial data.

UNIT –IV

Applications of GIS: Environmental and Natural Resource Management, Soil and Water Resources, Agriculture, Land Use Planning, Geology and Municipal Applications, Urban Planning and Project Management, GIS for decision making under Uncertainty, standard GIS packages, Introduction to Global Positioning Systems (GPS) and its applications.

UNIT – V

Text book:

1. Demers, M.N, (2013). ‘Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems’ Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.,
2. Burrough, P.A., and Mc Donnell R.A.(1998). Principles of Geographical Information Systems. Oxford University Press, New York.
3. Kang-tsung Chang. (2006). Introduction to Geographical Information Systems. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., Third Edition, NewDelhi.

George Joseph, (2013). ‘Fundamentals of Remote Sensing’ Universities Press.

References:

1. Sabins F.F. Jr. (1978). Remote Sensing Principles and Interpretations. W.H. Freeman and Company, SanFrancisco.
2. Tor Bernhardsen. (2002). Geographical Information System. Wiley India (P) Ltd., Third Edition, NewDelhi.
3. Hoffman-Wellenhof, B, et al. (1997). GPS Theory and Practice. Fourth Edition, Springer Wein, New York.
4. Lilys and T.M., and Kiefer R.W. (2002). Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation. John Wiley and Sons, Fourth Edition, NewYork.
5. Choudhury S., Chakrabarti, D., and Choudhury S. (2009). An Introduction to Geographic Information Technology. I.K. International Publishing House (P) Ltd, NewDelhi.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I sem	OPEN ELECTIVE IV SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

UNIT I

Introduction: Definition of solid waste – waste generation-sources and types of solid waste – sampling and characterization – Determination of composition of Municipal Solid Waste – Onsite storage and handling of solid waste – Future changes in waste composition, major legislation, monitoring responsibilities.

UNIT II

Collection and Transport of Solid Waste: Type and methods of waste collection systems, analysis of collection systems-Optimization of collection routes– alternative routes for collection system. Transfer and Transport: Need for transfer operation, transport means and methods, transfer station types and design requirements. Separation and Processing and Transformation of Solid Waste- Waste as a Resource- Disposable Materials, Recycling, Collection, Processing, and Potential for Reuse.

UNIT III

Processing and disposal: unit operations used for separation and processing, Materials Recovery facilities, Source reduction and waste minimization, Metal Separation & Recovery Waste transformation through combustion and composting, anaerobic methods for materials recovery and treatment – Energy recovery – biogas generation and cleaning– Incinerators.

UNIT IV

Landfills: Classification, Site selection, design and operation, methods of filling, drainage and leachate collection systems –designated waste landfill remediation, reclamation, environmental closure.

UNIT V

Hazardous Waste Management: Definition and identification of hazardous wastes-sources and characteristics – hazardous wastes in Municipal Waste – Hazardous wastes regulations – minimization of Hazardous Waste-compatibility, handling and storage of hazardous waste-collection and transport, e-waste - sources, collection, Design and operation of facilities for physical, chemical and thermal treatment of hazardous waste – Solidification, chemical fixation and encapsulation, incineration – reuse after treatment.

References:

1. George Tchobanoglous “Integrated Solid Waste Management”, McGraw Hill Publication, 1993.
2. Charles A. Wentz; “Hazardous Waste Management”, McGraw Hill Publication, 19

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year I sem	OPEN ELECTIVE IV APPLIED MECHANICS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To solve the resultant of any force system.
2. To analyze the types of friction for moving bodies and problems related to friction.
3. To determine the centroid of an area and center of gravity of body.
4. To understand the concept of area moment and mass moment about any axes.
5. Understand the work-energy principle

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course the student is able to

1. Determine the resultant of coplanar concurrent and special force systems and analyse the bodies for equilibrium to find the unknown forces.
2. Analyze the bodies on rough horizontal and inclined planes and connected Bodies
3. Determine the centroid of composite areas, centre of gravity of composite bodies
4. Determine the moment of inertia of simple areas and mass moment of inertia of simple bodies.
5. Apply work-energy principle to solve the rigid body problems.
6. Appraise the influences of human factor considerations on engineering design.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Mechanics: Basic Concepts, system of Forces Coplanar Concurrent Forces - Components in Space -Resultant -Moment of Forces and its Application - Couples and Resultant of Force Systems. Equilibrium of system of Forces: Free body diagrams, Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems.

UNIT - II

Friction: Types of friction -Limiting friction -Laws of Friction -static and Dynamic Frictions – Types of friction – Dry friction – Ladder friction – Wedge friction – Screw friction – Simple Screw Jack

UNIT - III

Centroid and Center of Gravity: Introduction – Centroids of lines – Centroids of area - Centroids of Composite figures - Theorem of Pappus -Centre of Gravity - Center of gravity of composite bodies.

UNIT - IV

Area moments of Inertia: Introduction – Definition of Moment of Inertia -Polar Moment of Inertia – Radius of gyration - Transfer Theorem for moment of inertia – Moments of inertia by integration - Moments of Inertia of Composite Figures. Mass Moment of Inertia: Introduction - Moment of Inertia of Masses – Radius of gyration - Transfer Formula for Mass Moments of Inertia – Mass moments of inertia by integration - Mass moment of inertia of composite bodies – Product of Inertia.

UNIT - V

Kinetics of Rigid Bodies: Types of motion, D'Alemberts principle and its applications in plane motion and connected bodies; Work energy principle and its application in plane motion of connected bodies; kinetic of rigid body rotation.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Mechanics by R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd.
2. Engineering Mechanics by S.S. Bhavikatti and K.G.Rajashekarappa, New Age International (P) Ltd Publishers.

REFERENCES:

1. Engineering Mechanics by S.P. Timoshenko & D.H. Young, J.V.Rao, Sukumar Pati, McGraw Hill Education.
2. Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics by R.C. Hibbeler, Pearson Education India.
3. Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics by Tayal A.K, Umesh Publications.
4. Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics by S.Rajasekaran and G.Sankarasubramaniam, Vikas Publishing house Pvt Ltd.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

IV Year II sem	INTERNSHIP AND PROJECT	L	T	P	C
					12

HONOURS DEGREE COURSES

GEO TECHNICAL ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	ADVANCED FOUNDATION ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Know the process of the soil exploration and sample collection, preservation and transportation of samples to the laboratory.
CO2	Interpret the results of field tests.
CO3	Determine the bearing capacity of soils for shallow foundations
CO4	Make the choice of foundation based on sub soil conditions.
CO5	Determine the settlement of foundations in different soils.

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Soil Exploration – Importance, Terminology - Geophysical methods. Borings Location, spacing and depth, Methods of Boring including Drilling, Stabilization of Boreholes, Methods of sampling Types of Samples and Samplers - Cleaning of Bore holes, Preservation, Labeling and Shipment of Samples - Design Considerations of Open Drive Samplers.

Unit: 2

Field tests - The Standard Penetration Test – its limitations and Corrections – Cone Penetration Test – Field Vane Shear Test – Borehole Shear Test – Dilatometer Test – Pressure meter test – Planning of exploration – Preparation of Soil Report– Bore log.

Unit: 3

Shallow Foundations – Bearing capacity –Terzaghi's, Meyerhof's, Hansen's and Vesic's Bearing Capacity Theories – IS method of Bearing Capacity - Factors - Bearing Capacity of Stratified Soils - Bearing Capacity Based on Penetration Resistances - Safe Bearing Capacity and Allowable Bearing Pressure

Unit: 4

Types of foundations and the choice of the type of foundations. Design Considerations including Location and Depth, Proportioning of Shallow Foundations - Isolated and Combined Footings and Mats –Design Procedure for Mats. Floating Foundation – Fundamentals of Beams on Elastic Foundations.

Unit: 5

Settlement Analysis – Elastic settlement in granular soils – Meyerhof's, De Beer and Marten' sand Scheurman's equations - Elastic settlements of surface and subsurface footings in clays

- Skempton and Bjerrum's pseudo three dimensional approach to consolidation settlement, settlement from insitu tests, Tolerable settlements.

REFERENCES:

1. Principles of Foundation Engineering by BrajaM. Das.
2. Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice by Terzagi and Peck
3. Foundation Design by Wayne C.Teng, JohnWiley & Co.,
4. Foundation Analysis and Design by J.E. Bowles Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co.,
5. Analysis and Design of substructures by Swami Saran
6. Design Aids in Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering by Shanbaga R.Kaniraj,Tata Mc Graw Hill.
7. Foundation Design and Construction by MJ Tomlinson –Longman Scientific
A short course in Foundation Engineering by Simmons and Menzes ELBS

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	PAVEMENT ANALYSIS, DESIGN AND EVALUATION	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Understand the design parameters of pavement design
CO2	Design flexible and rigid pavements for different field conditions
CO3	Compute the stress distribution in different pavement layers
CO4	Evaluate the pavements and design overlay systems

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Pavement Types, Wheel Loads and Design Factors: Definition of Pavement Types, Comparison of Highway pavements, Wheel Loads, Tyre pressure, Contact pressure, Design Factors: Traffic and Loading, Environment, Materials, Failure criteria, Reliability.

Unit: 2

Stresses in Pavements: Layered System Concepts: One Layer System: Boussinesq's Theory. Two Layer Theory: Burmister's Theory. Three Layer System. Stresses in Rigid Pavements. Relative Stiffness of Slabs, Modulus of Sub grade Reaction, Stresses due to Warping, Stresses due to Friction, Stresses due to Load, IRC Recommendations.

Unit: 3

Pavement Design: IRC Method of Flexible Pavement Design, AASHTO Method of Flexible Pavement Design, IRC Method for Rigid Pavements, use of Geo synthetics in pavements.

Unit: 4

Pavement Inventories: Serviceability Concepts, Visual Rating, Pavement Serviceability Index, Roughness Measurements, Measurement of Distress Modes Cracking, Rutting, Rebound Deflection using Benkleman Beam Deflection Method, Load Man Concept, Skid Resistance Measurement.

Unit: 5

Pavement Evaluation: Functional Pavement Performance Evaluation: AASHTO Method, Psycho Physical and Psycho Metric Scaling Techniques, Deduct Value Method. Structural Conditional Evaluation Technique: Benkelman Beam Deflection Method, Pavement Distress Rating Technique. Design of Overlays by Benkelman Beam Deflection Methods as per IRC – pavements on problematic soils.

REFERENCES:

1. Yoder and Witzorack, “Principles of Pavement Design”, John Willey and Sons.
2. Yang, H.Huang, “Pavement Analysis and Design”, Prentice Hall Publication, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.
3. Sargious, M.A. Pavements and Surfacing for Highways and Airports – Applied science Publishers limited
4. Ralphs Hass and Hudson, W.R. “Pavement Management System” McGraw Hill Book Company.
IRC codes of practice.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	EARTH RETAINING STRUCTURES	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Earth pressures – Different types and their coefficients - Classical Theories of Earth pressure – Rankine’s and Coulomb’s Theories for Active and Passive earth pressure – Computation of Lateral Earth Pressure in Homogeneous and Layered soils – Graphical solutions for Coulomb’s Theory in active and passive condition.

Unit: 2

Retaining walls – different types – Type of Failures of Retaining Walls – Stability requirements - Drainage behind Retaining walls – Provision of Joints –Relief Shells.

Unit: 3

Sheet Pile Structures – Types of Sheetpiles – Cantilever sheet piles in sands and clays– Anchored sheet piles– Free earth and Fixed earth support methods – Rowe’s moment reduction method – Location of anchors and Design of Anchorage system.

Unit: 4

Soil reinforcement – Reinforced earth – Different components – their functions –Design principles of reinforced earth retaining walls.

Unit:5

Braced cuts and Cofferdams: Lateral Pressure in Braced cuts– Design of Various Components of a Bracedcut–Stability of Braced cuts –Bottom Heavein cuts.– types of cofferdam, suitability, merits and demerits–Design of single – wall coffer dams and their stability aspects –TVA method and Cummins’ methods.

REFERENCES

1. Principles of Foundation Engineering by Braja M. Das.
2. Foundation analysis and design – Bowles, JE– Mc Graw Hill
3. Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice– Terzaghi, K and Rolf, B. peck 2ndEdn.– JohnWiley&Co
4. Analysis and Design of Foundations and Retaining Structures, Prakash, S– Saritha Prakashan, Mearut.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	APPLICATIONS OF GEO SYNTHETICS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Pre Requisites: None

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Use geo synthetic materials in the field of geo technical construction works.
CO2	Assess the properties of different materials of Geo synthetics
CO3	Distinguish and describe various manufacturing methods of geo textiles, geo grids, geo membranes and geo-composites
CO4	Understand concepts and design the geo synthetics for the functions of separation, reinforcement, stabilization, filtration, drainage and moisture barriers
CO5	Design reinforced earth retaining walls, gabions, pond liners, covers for reservoirs, canal liners, Landfill liners, caps and closures, dams and embankments etc
CO6	Distinguish survivability requirements of geo composites and design geo webs, geo cells, Sheet drains, strip drains and moisture barriers etc

SYLLABUS :

Unit 1:

Geosynthetics and Properties and Testing Methods: Introduction to Geosynthetics – Basic description –History – Manufacturing methods – Uses and Applications. Properties and Testing methods of Geo textiles –Geogrids– Geo membranes – Geo composites.

Unit 2:

Geo textiles: Designing for Separation – Reinforcement – Stabilization – Filtration – Drainage and Moisture barriers.

Unit 3:

Geo grids: Designing for Reinforcement– Stabilization – Designing Gabions – Construction methods – Design of retaining walls.

Unit 4:

Geo membranes: Survivability Requirements – Pond Liners – Covers for Reservoirs – Canal Liners – Landfill Liners– Caps and Closures – Dams and Embankments.

Unit 5:

Geocomposites: Geocomposites – Overview an added advantage –Geo composites in Separation– Reinforcement – Filtration – Geocomposites as Geoweb and Geocells – Sheet drains – Strip drains and Moisturebarriers.

REFERENCE:

1. “Designing with Geosynthetics” by Robert M. Koerner Prantice Hall, Eaglewood Cliffs, NJ 07632.2.“Construction and Geotechnical Engineering using Synthetic Fabrics” by Robert M. Koerner and Josoph P.Welsh.JohnWiley andSons, NewYork.
2. “Engineering with Geosynthetics”, by G. Venkatappa Rao and GVS Suryanarayana Raju – Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi. “Foundation Analysis and Design” by J.E.Bowles Mc Graw Hill Publications.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	SOIL DYNAMICS & MACHINE FOUNDATIONS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Pre Requisites: None Course Outcomes:

CO1	Use theory of vibrations to find the behavior of soil under dynamic loading
CO2	Design machine foundations under different loads and soil conditions
CO3	Understand the liquefaction phenomena
CO4	Conduct various laboratory and filed tests to determine the dynamic soil properties and its Interpretation
CO5	Design vibration isolators under any vibratory machines

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction: Types of motion- SHM - Fundamental definitions - SDOF systems - Free and forced vibration with and without damping- Types of damping - Equivalent stiffness of springs in series and parallel-Principles of vibration measuring devices - Introduction to two and multi degree freedom systems

Unit: 2

Theories of Vibration Analysis- EHS Theory and lumped parameter model-Different modes of vibration - Natural frequency of foundation soil system – Barkan and IS methods – Pressure bulb concept – Reisner Theory – Limitations of Reisner theory– Sung’s solutions - Pauw’s Analogy–Heigh’s Theory.

Unit: 3

Dynamic properties of soils, Determination of E, G and Poisons ratio from field and laboratory tests, recommendations of Indian codes-Stress waves in bounded elastic medium- Use of wave theory in the determination of elastic properties, Elastic coefficients of soils and their determination-damping factor from free and forced vibration tests.

Unit: 4

Machine Foundations: Classification based on the type of dynamic force and structural form, design data, design criteria, foundations for reciprocating, impact and high speed machined like turbo generators-IS code provisions for the design of the same

Unit: 5

Vibration Isolation and Special Topics: Transmissibility, Principles of isolation- Methods of Isolation-Vibration isolators-Types and their characterizes -Liquefaction of soils, Dynamic bearing capacity, Earth retaining structures under dynamic loads - Pile foundations

REFERENCES:

1. Vibrations of Soils and Foundations– Richart Hall and Woods
2. Vibration Analysis and Foundation Dynamics, NSVKameswaraRao, WheelerPublishing, NewDelhi.
3. Foundations of Machines- Analysis and Design – Prakash and Puri
4. Analysis and design of Foundations for Vibrations- PJMoore
5. Fundamentals of Soil Dynamics - BMDas
6. Dynamics of bases and Foundations – Dbarkar

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	1.f) EXPANSIVE SOILS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Pre Requisites: None Course Outcomes:

CO1	Understand the behavior of expansive soils
CO2	Assess the foundation practices on expansive soils
CO3	Perform the methods of stabilization expansive soils
CO4	Select additives and the methodology for stabilization
CO5	Apply the gained knowledge for suitable performance

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Clay mineralogy- Nature of soils-clay mineral structures- cation exchange- soil water-soil structure soil water interaction.

Unit: 2

Swelling characteristics: swelling - factors affecting swelling-swell potential - swelling pressure- methods of determination – factors affecting swell potential and swelling pressure – Heave factors affecting heave methods of determination of heave.

Unit: 3

Foundation Practices in Expansive Clays – Sand cushion – Belled Piers – CNS layer technique – Under –reamed pile foundations – Construction techniques – design specifications – Load -carrying capacity in compression and uplift of single and multi–under reamed piles in clays and sands–granular pile Anchors.

Unit: 4

Lime soil columns and Lime slurry pressure injection – Stabilization with admixtures – Pre ponding – Vertical and Horizontal Moisture Barriers.

Unit: 5

Shear strength of expansive soils-Katti's concept of bilinear strength envelope-
Stress state
variables in partly saturated soils- Fred lund's strength parameters-determination
of matrix
suction by axis translation technique-field suction measurement

REFERENCES:

1. F.H.Chen, Foundations on Expansive Soils, Elsevier Scientific Publishing Company, Newyork.
2. J.D.Nelson and D.I. Miller, Expansive soils-Problems and Practice in Foundation and Pavement Engineering by, JohnWiley & Sons,Inc.
3. D.G.Fredlund and H.Rahardjo,Soil Mechanics for Unsaturated Soils, WILEY Interscience Publication, JohnWiley &Sons, Inc
4. D.R.Katti,ARKatti, Behaviour of Saturated Expansive Soils and Control methods, Taylor and Francis Gopal Ranjan and ASRao, Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, New Age International Publishers,
5. HandBook on Under reamed and Bored Compaction Pile Foundations– CBRI, Roorkee.IS:2720(Part XLI)– 1977Measurement of Swelling Pressure of Soils.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	EARTHEN DAMS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Pre Requisites: None Course Outcomes:

CO1	Understand the basic concepts of earth fill dams and rock fill dams and identify the site Topography and foundations conditions
CO2	Identify basic design requirements and causes of failures of dams, distinguish foundation types and the different fill materials
CO3	Estimate seepage through dam sections, foundations and select core and shell materials
CO4	Understand and design the methods to control seepage through different units of dams
CO5	Able to undertake slope stability analysis of dams
CO6	Distinguish different types of instruments like piezometers, settlement gauges and inclinometers to install for performance studies of dams

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

BASIC CONCEPTS AND MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS: Evolution–Types of Dams– Earth fill Dams–Rock fill Dams–Selection of Type of Dam–Site Topography– Foundation Conditions–Basic Design Requirements–Causes of Failure and Deterioration of Dams – Design Investigations – Fill Material – Foundations – Design Studies.

Unit: 2

SEEPAGE THROUGH DAM SECTION AND ITS CONTROL: Estimation of Seepage through Dam Section and foundation– Considerations in selection and design of core and determination of shell material Drains: – Pervious Downstream Shell – Chimney Drains – Rock Toe and Drains – Use of Geo textiles as Filter Material.

Unit: 3

CONTROL OF SEEPAGE THROUGH FOUNDATIONS: General Considerations – different types of cutoff walls –Provision of d/saprons– relief wells SLOPE PROTECTION – Necessity with respect to u/s and d/s slopes – u/s slope protection by Dumped Riprap – Hand placed Riprap – Soil Cement Slope Protection – Downstream Slope Protection by providing berms grassturfing.

Unit: 4

STABILITY ANALYSIS OF SLOPES OF EARTH DAMS: Slope stability analysis techniques –Methods of Slices, Fellenius' Method, Simplified Bishop method, Taylor's method, Simplified Janbu's Method; Stability of earth dam slopes – u/s slope during sudden drawdown, d/s slope during steady seepage, stability of u/s and d/s slopes during and after construction.

Unit: 5

INSTRUMENTATION: – Purpose -Types of Instruments and Brief Description – Installation – piezometers – Casagrande and Vibration wire Settlement gauges– Inclometers.

REFERENCE:

1. Earth Dams by HD Sharma
2. Earth and Rock fill Dams HD Sharma & Bharat Singh

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	1.h) GEO	L	T	P	C
	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING	3		0	

Pre Requisites: None Course Outcomes:

CO1	Understand various ground contaminations, pollution transport phenomena.
CO2	Collect pollutant data
CO3	Apply principles to get the information about the transport through the unsaturated soil
CO4	Develop various models for contamination transport.

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction- Ground water contamination, pollutant transport and ground water remediation. Sources and Types of ground water contamination–underground storage tanks, Landfills, surface impoundments, waste disposal injection wells, Septic system, Agricultural wastes, Land application, radioactive contamination, other sources of contamination.

Unit: 2

Data Collection methods: Introduction, Geological data acquisition – Drilling methods – Solid flight auger drilling – Hollow stem auger drilling – Wet rotating drilling – Hand auger soil boring – sample collection – Soil core logging– Cone penetration testing – Geophysical methods; Hydrologic data acquisition – monitoring well construction – well material – Screen interval selection – Installation procedure – Survey specification – Protective casing requirements – Well development procedures; Acquisition of soil and Ground water quality data.

Unit: 3

Contaminant Transport Mechanisms: Introduction – Advection process – Diffusion – Dispersion process – Diffusion – Mass transport Equations: Derivation of advection dispersion equation for solute transport; One Dimensional Models – Continuous source in one dimension – Instantaneous source in one **dimension** – Adsorption effects–Transport in one dimensional with first order decay–**Sorption: The concept of sorption, Factors influencing sorption – Contaminant characteristics, Soil characteristics, Fluid media characteristics. Sorption Isotherm: Linear sorption Isotherm – Freundlich Sorption Isotherm – Langmuir Sorption Isotherm, Sorption effects on fate and transport of pollutants.**

Unit: 4

Flow and Transport of Pollutants in Unsaturated zone: Capillarity, soil water characteristic curves, Unsaturated Hydraulic conductivity, Governing equation for unsaturated flow, measurement of soil properties.

Unit: 5

Non – Aqueous Phase Liquids (NAPLs): Introduction – Comparison of fate of dissolved mass versus NAPL mass Types of NAPLs– LNAPL– DNAPL; NAPL Transport– general process– NAPL transport at the pore level-Downward Migration of DNAPLs in saturated zone– NAPL movement through Vadose zone– LNAPL behavior at the water table–NAPL Transport at the site level– LNAPL conceptual models–DNAPL conceptual models, NAPL transport.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ground water Contamination (Transport and Remediation) By Philip.B.Bedient, Hanadi, S.Rifai & Charles.J. Newell, Prentice Hall PTR, Upper Saddle River, NJ07458.

REFERENCES:

1. Geo environmental Engineering by R.Krishna Reddy -JohnWiley& Sons,Inc.
2. Geo technical Engineering by Gulahati, S.K. and Datta, M.–Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company
3. Geo technical Engineering Principles and Practices by Coduto – Pearson Education(PHI)
4. Geo environmental engineering by Reddy, L.NandInyang, I.H. – MarcelDrekker,2000.
5. Environmental geo techniques by Sarsby, R. – Thompson Telford, 2000.Geotechnical Practices for Waste Disposal by Daniel,D.E., 1993

STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	THEORY OF ELASTICITY AND PLASTICITY	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Comprehend the basic concepts of continuum mechanics of solids like stresses strains compatibility and equations of equilibrium, understand how to utilize the constitutive equations and generalized hooks' law
CO2	Ability to solve 2D problems in rectangular coordinates and application to bending of simple beams.
CO3	Applying polar co ordinates in analyzing stressed and strains in circular section
CO4	Applications of 3D continuum mechanics to solve for stresses and strains, compatibility conditions
CO5	Solving torsion in prismatic and non prismatic sections through energy principles

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Elasticity– Notation for forces and stresses – components of stresses and strains–Hooke's Law Plane Stress– Plane strain–Differential Equations of equilibrium – Boundary conditions – Compatibility Equations Stress function– Boundary Conditions

Unit: 2

Two dimensional problems in rectangular coordinates – Solution by polynomials – Saint Venant's principle – Determination of displacements – Bending of simple beams – Application of Fourier series for two dimensional problems for gravity loading

Unit: 3

Two dimensional problems in polar coordinates General equations in polar coordinates – Stress distribution for problems having symmetrical about an axis -Strain components in polar coordinates– Displacements for symmetrical stress distributions -Stresses for plates with circular holes subjected to far field tension – stress concentration factor.

Unit: 4

Analysis of stress and strain in three dimensions -Principal stresses – Stress ellipsoid and stress director surface – Determination of principal stresses -Maximum shear stress – Homogeneous Deformation –General Theorems -Differential equations of equilibrium – Conditions of compatibility– Equations of equilibrium in terms of displacements – Principle of superposition – Uniqueness of solution –Reciprocal theorem.

Unit: 5

Torsion of Prismatic bars – Bars with elliptical cross section – Other elementary solution–
Membrane analogy–Torsion of rectangular bars – Solution of Torsional problems by energy
method

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Theory of Elasticity Stephen Timoshenko & J.N.Goodier, Mc.Graw hill Publishers
2. Advanced Mechanics of Solids L.S. Srinath, Mc Graw Hill Publisher

REFERENCES:

1. Elasticity: Theory, Applications and Numeric Martin H.Sadd, Wiley Publishers
2. Theory of Elasticity-Sadhu Singh 3rd Edition, Khanna Publishers

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Understand fundamental objectives, types of loadings and degrees of freedom
CO2	Understand SDOF systems and behaviour of structures under SDOF systems
CO3	Understand MDOF systems and response to various types of loading
CO4	Evaluation of response of structures considering continuous systems
CO5	Understand earth quake forces and design of earthquake resistant structures

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction to Structural Dynamics: Fundamental objectives of dynamic analysis - Types of prescribed loading - Methods of discretization – Formulation of equations of motion by different methods Theory of vibrations: Introduction - Elements of vibratory system - Degrees of Freedom - Continuous System - Lumped mass idealization – Oscillatory motion - Simple Harmonic motion – Victorian representation of S.H.M.

Unit: 2

Single Degree of Freedom Systems: Free vibrations of single degree of freedom system – un damped and damped vibrations – critical damping- Logarithmic decrement – Forced vibration of SDOF systems - Harmonic excitation - Vibration Isolation - Dynamic magnification factor – Phase angle. Formulation and solution of the equation of motion - Free vibration response - Response to Harmonic, Periodic, Impulsive and general dynamic loadings - Duhamel integral

Unit: 3

Multi Degree of Freedom Systems: Selection of the degrees of Freedom - Evaluation of structural property matrices - Formulation of the MDOF equations of motion – Undamped free vibrations - Solutions of Eigen value problem for natural frequencies and mode shapes - Analysis of Dynamic response – Normal co-ordinates - Uncoupled equations of motion - Orthogonal properties of normal modes - Mode superposition procedure

Unit: 4

Continuous Systems: Introduction - Flexural vibrations of beams - Elementary case – Derivation of governing differential equation of motion - Analysis of undamped free vibrations of beams in flexure – Natural frequencies and mode-shapes of simple beams with different end conditions-Principles of application to continuous beams.

Unit: 5

Introduction to Earthquake Resistant Design: Seismology- Seismic waves and propagation- Measurement scales- Seismic Resistant architecture- Objective of ERD-Codal provisions

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Structural Dynamics Anil K Chopra, 4 edition, Prentice Hall Publishers
2. Structural Dynamics Theory & Computation–Mario Paz, CBS Publishes and Distributors
3. Dynamics of Structures by Clough & Penzien^{3e}, Computers & Structures Inc.

REFERENCES:

1. Theory of Vibration-William T Thomson, Springer Science
2. Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures- Pankaj Agarwal and Manish Shrikhande, Shrikhande, , Prentice Hall of India New Delhi.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	BRIDGE ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Design theories Masonry Arch Bridges
CO2	Design of RCC slab and T beams bridges
CO3	Understand the behaviour of plate girder bridge
CO4	Posses the knowledge to design pre stressed concrete bridges
CO5	Analyze the abutments piers and design of pipe culvert

SYLLABUS:

Unit:1

Concrete Bridges: Introduction-Types of Bridges-Economic span length-Types of loading- Dead load-live load-Impact Effect-Centrifugal force-wind loads-Lateral loads-Longitudinal Forces-Seismic loads- Frictional resistance of expansion bearings-Secondary Stresses- Temperature Effect-Erection Forces and effects-Width of roadway and footway-General Design Requirements.

Unit: 2

Pigeaud's method design of longitudinal girders-Guyon Messonet method-Hendry Jaegar method-Courbon's theory. (Ref: IRC 21), voided slabs, Super Structure: Slab bridge-Wheel load on slab-effective width method-slabs supported on two edges-cantilever slabs-dispersion length-Design of interior panel of slab-T Beam bridges.

Unit: 3

Box Culverts- Single Cell Box Culvert- Design Loads, Design Moments, Shears and Thrusts. Design of Critical sections.

Unit: 4

Plate girder bridges- Elements of plate girder and their design- web -flange-intermediate stiffener- vertical stiffeners -bearing stiffener - design problem

Unit: 5

Sub structure -Abutments-Stability analysis of abutments-piers-loads on piers – Analysis of piers-Design problem (Ref: IRC 13, IRC 21, IRC 78) -Pipe culvert-Flow pattern in pipe culverts-culvert alignment culvert entrance structure-Hydraulic design and structural design of pipe culverts-reinforcements in pipes. (Ref: IRC: SP 13)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Essentials of Bridge Engineering JhonsonVictorD,7e,Oxford IBH Publications
2. Design of Concrete Bridges M.G.Aswini, V.N.Vazirani, M.M Ratwani, Khanna Publishers
3. Bridge Engineering by S. Ponnuswamy, McGraw hill Publications

REFERENCES:

1. Design of Bridges by N.Krishna Raju CBS Publishers and Distributors
2. Concrete Bridge Design and Practice-V.K.Raina, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishing Company Limited
3. IRC6-2016Standard Specifications and Code of Practice for Road bridges
4. IRC21-2009StandardSpecificationsandcodeofpractice for Road Bridges Section III

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	To learn the fundamentals of seismology and basic earthquake mechanisms, tectonics types of ground motion, and propagation of ground motion. Understand qualitative and quantitative representations of earthquake magnitude
CO2	Determine the natural frequency of a single degree of freedom dynamic system for given mass, stiffness and damping properties.
CO3	Determine the maximum dynamic response of an elastic vibrating structure to a given forcing function. Distribute the static base shear to the structure based on vertical distribution of mass horizontal distribution of mass, and centres of rigidity.
CO4	Learn the fundamentals of building code based structural design
CO5	Recognize special conditions such as irregular buildings, building separation, P-delta

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Engineering seismology– rebound theory– plate tectonics–seismic waves - earthquake size and various scales– local site effects– Indian seismicity– seismic zones of India– theory of vibrations– near ground and far ground rotation and their effects.

Unit: 2

Seismic design concepts – EQ load on simple building – load path– floor and roof diaphragms – seismic resistant building architecture – plan configuration – vertical configuration–pounding effects–mass and stiffness irregularities – torsion in structural system–Provision of seismic code (IS1893&13920)–Building system–frames–shear wall– braced frames–layout design of Moment Resisting Frames(MRF)–ductility of MRF–In fill wall– Non structural elements

Unit: 3

Calculation of EQ load– modelling of building systems and analysis (theory only) Evaluation of lateral forces using seismic coefficient method, Response Spectrum method and Dynamic analysis method. Design and ductile detailing of Beams and columns of frames Concept of strong column weak beams, Design and ductile detailing

Unit: 4

Cyclic loading behaviour of RC, elements – modern concepts – Base isolation– Adaptive systems– case studies – Codal provision for load calculation

Unit: 5

Retrofitting and restoration of buildings subjected to damage due to earthquakes - effects of earthquakes–factors related to building damages due to earthquake – methods of seismic retrofitting -restoration of buildings

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures Pankaj Agarwal and Manish Shrikhande, Prentice Hall of India 2007, New Delhi
2. Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures-S.K.Duggal, Oxford Publications

REFERENCES:

1. Introduction to the Theory of Seismology, Great Britain at the University Printing houses, Cambridge University Press 1996
2. Earthquake Resistant Design and Risk Reduction-David Dowrick
3. IS 4326-1998: Earthquake Resistant Design and Construction of Buildings
4. IS 1893(Part 1 to 5)-2002: General Provisions and Building
5. IS 4928–1993: Code of practice for Earthquake Resistant Design and Construction of Buildings
6. IS 13920-1997: Code of Practice for Ductile Detailing of Reinforced Concrete Structures subjected to Seismic Forces
7. IS 13935-1993: Guidelines for Repair and Seismic Strengthening of Building

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	MATRIX ANALYSIS OF STRUCTURES	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Perform the structural analysis of determinate and indeterminate structures using classical compatibility methods, such as method of consistent displacements, force and equilibrium Methods
CO2	Understand stiffness Method with applications on pin jointed truss, continuous beams and rigid jointed plane frames
CO3	Perform structural analysis using the stiffness method and apply on solving different complex application problems
CO4	Understand effective finite element analysis techniques to reduce computational efforts
CO5	Solve multiple degree of freedom plane frames including sides way single storey single bay gable frames using flexibility method

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction of matrix methods of analysis – Static and kinematic indeterminacy– Degree of freedom– Structure idealization stiffness and flexibility methods – Suitability: Element stiffness matrix for truss element, beam element and Torsional element - Element force displacement equations.

Unit: 2

Stiffness method – Element and global stiffness equation – coordinate transformation and global assembly–structure stiffness matrix equation –analysis of simple pin jointed trusses– continuous beams–rigid jointed plane frames

Unit: 3

Stiffness method for Grid elements – development of stiffness matrix – coordinates transformation. Examples of grid problems – tapered and curved beams

Unit: 4

Additional topics in stiffness methods –discussion of bandwidth–semi band width – static condensation – sub structuring –Loads between joints - Support displacements- inertial and thermal stresses - Beams on elastic foundation by stiffness method.

Unit: 5

Analysis of plane truss- continuous beams with and without settlement - plane frame including side sway single storey, single – bay and gable frame by flexibility method using system approach

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Matrix analysis of structures, Robert E Sennet – Prentice Hall - Englewood Cliffs
-New Jersey
2. Structural Analysis Matrix Approach- Pandit and Gupta, Mc Graw hill Education
3. Advanced structural analysis, P.Dayaratnam – Tata Mc Graw hill publishing company limited.

REFERENCES:

1. Indeterminate Structural analysis, CK Wang, Amazon Publications
2. Analysis of Tall buildings by force –displacement –Method M. Smolira
Mc. Graw Hill.
3. Foundation Analysis and design, J.E.Bowls, 5e, Amazon Publications

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	STABILITY OF STRUCTURES	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Determine the critical moments and deflection and critical loads for beam columns under different loading and end conditions
CO2	Determine the critical loads in straight column and bulking of frames under different loading and end conditions
CO3	Asses lateral bulking of beams
CO4	Assess the bulking of thin-walled bars of open cross section along with flexure

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Beam columns: Differential equation for beam columns–Beam column with concentrated loads–continuous lateral load– couples–Beam column with built in ends– continuous beams with axial load – Application of Trigonometric series–Determination of allowable stresses

Unit: 2

Elastic buckling of bars: Elastic buckling of straight columns – Effect of shear stress on buckling – Eccentrically and laterally loaded columns –Sway & Non-Sway mode - Energy methods – Buckling of a bar on elastic foundation – Buckling of bar with intermediate compressive forces and distributed axial loads – Buckling of bars with change in cross section–Effect of shear force on critical load–Built-up columns– Effect of Initial curvature on bars–Buckling of frames–Sway & Non Sway mode

Unit: 3

In elastic buckling: Buckling of straight bars–Double modulus theory Tangent modulus theory. Experiments and design formulae: Experiments on columns – Critical stress diagram– Empirical formulae of design–various end conditions–Design of columns based on buckling. Mathematical Treatment of stability problems: Buckling problem orthogonality relation–Ritz method Stiffness method and formulation of Geometric stiffness matrix Applications to simple frames

Unit: 4

Torsional Buckling: Pure torsion of thin-walled bars of open cross section– Non uniform torsion of thin-walled bars of open cross section - Torsional buckling–Buckling of Torsion and Flexure

Unit: 5

Lateral Buckling of simply supported Beams: Beams of rectangular Cross section subjected for pure bending, Buckling of I Section subjected to pure bending

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Theory of Stability of Structures by Alexander Cha Jes
2. Theory of Elastic Stability by S.P.Timoshenko & J.M.Gere – Mc Graw Hill Publications

REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Structural Stability by George J Simitses & Dewey H. Hodges, Elsevier Publications
2. Elastic Stability of Structural Elements, N.G.R.Ayyangar Macmillan Publications

Honor Course	ADVANCED REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Estimate the deflection of Concrete beams and slabs
CO2	Estimate crack width and its affects
CO3	Design flats labs, bunkers, silos and chimneys
CO4	Understand the thermal effect on concrete members

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Limit Analysis of R C Structures: Rotation of a plastic hinge, Redistribution of moments, moment rotation characteristics of RC member, I.S. code provisions, loading pattern, Bending Moment Envelop, Application for Fixed Beams and Continuous Beams. In elastic Analysis of Slabs, Moment Redistribution in Columns, Limit analysis with Torsional Hinges.

Unit: 2

Yield line analysis for slabs: Yield line criterion – Virtual work and equilibrium methods of analysis – For square circular, Rectangular, Triangular and Hexagonal with simple and continuous end conditions.

Unit: 3

Ribbed slabs: Analysis of the Slabs for Moment and Shears, Ultimate Moment of Resistance, Design for shear, Deflection, arrangement of Reinforcements.

Flat slabs: Direct design method – Distribution of moments in column strips and middle strip- moment and shear transfer from slabs to columns – Shear in Flat Slabs-Check for one way and two-way shears- Introduction to Equivalent frame method. Limitations of Direct design method, Distribution of moments in column strips and middle strip sketch showing reinforcement details.

Unit: 4

Design of Reinforced Concrete Deep Beams & Corbels: Steps of Designing Deep Beams, Design by IS 456. Checking for Local Failures, Detailing of Deep Beams, Analysis of Forces in a Corbels, Design of Procedure of Corbels, Design of Nibs.

Unit: 5

Design of Slender Columns – Slenderness limits, Methods of Design of Slender Columns, Additional Moment Method and Procedure for Design of Slender Columns. Eccentrically Loaded columns- development of interaction Diagrams

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design by P.C.Varghese Prentice Hall India Limited
2. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures by N.Subramanian, Oxford University Press.
3. Reinforced Concrete Design, by S. Unnikrishnan Pillai & Devdas Menon Tata Mc. Graw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi 2010.
4. Design Reinforced Concrete Foundations P.C.Varghese Prentice Hall of INDIA Private Ltd.

REFERANCE:

1. Limit State Theory and Design of Reinforced Concrete S. R. Karve and V.L Shah. Standard Publishers
2. Reinforced concrete structural elements – behaviour, Analysis and design by P. Purushottam, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1994
3. Design of concrete structures – Arthus H. Nilson, David Darwin, and Charles W. Dolar, Tata Mc. Graw-Hill, 3rd Edition, 2005.
4. Reinforced Concrete design by Kennath Leet, Tata Mc.Graw – Hill International, editions, 2nd edition, 1991
5. IS 456 - 2000 Plain and Reinforced concrete book of Practice.
6. SP 16 - Design Aids for Reinforced Concrete to IS 456
7. SP 34 - Hand Book as Concrete Reinforcement and retaining

Honor Course	THEORY OF PLATES AND SHELLS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Have knowledge about various plate theories due to bending. Gain the knowledge of Navier’s solution, Levy’s solution and solve for the rectangular and square plates
CO2	Analyze circular plates with various boundary conditions
CO3	Gain the knowledge on singly ruled and doubly ruled and focus on membrane and bending theory
CO4	Ability to solve governing equation’s pertaining to cylindrical shells and design principles
CO5	Understand the behaviour of the behaviour & geometry and membrane analysis of special shaped shells

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Derivation of governing differential equation for plate– in plane bending and transverse bending effects-rectangular plates: Plates under various loading conditions like concentrated, uniformly distributed load and hydrostatic pressure. Navier’s and Levy’s type of solutions for various boundary condition.

Unit: 2

Circular plates: Symmetrically loaded, circular plates under various loading conditions, annular plates

Unit: 3

Introduction to Shells – Single and double curvature –Equations of Equilibrium of Shells: Derivation of stress resultants, Principles of Membrane theory and bending theory

Unit: 4

Cylindrical Shells: Derivation of the governing DKJ equation for bending theory, details of Schorer’s theory. Application to the analysis and design of short and long shells. Use of ASCE Manual coefficients for the design.

Unit: 5

Beam theory of cylindrical shells: Beam and arch action. Design of diaphragms – Geometry analysis and design of elliptic Paraboloid, Conoidal and Hyperbolic Paraboloid shapes by membrane theory.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Theory of Plates and Shells 2e – S.Timoshenko and S.Woinowsky Krieger, McGraw Hill book company, INC, New York.
2. Reinforced Concrete Shells and Folded Plates by P.C.Varghese, Prentice Hall India Publications
3. Analysis of Thin Concrete Shells by K. Chandrasekhar, New Age International (P) Ltd.

REFERANCE:

1. Theory and Analysis of Elastic Plates and Shells by J.N. Reddy, CRS Press
2. A Text Book of Shell Analysis –Bairagi, K,Khanna Publisher, New Delhi.
3. Design and Construction of Concrete Shell Roofs–Ramaswamy G.S,Mc Graw Hill, New York.

**ENVIRONMENTAL AND WATER RESOURCES
ENGINEERING**

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	COMPUTATIONAL HYDRAULICS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Solve uniform and non-uniform open channel flow problems.
CO2	Apply the principals of dimensional analysis and similitude in hydraulic model testing.
CO3	Select suitable pumps and turbines.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT: 1

UNIFORM FLOW IN OPEN CHANNELS: Types of channels – Types of flows – Velocity distribution –Energy and momentum correction factors – Chezy’s and Manning’s formulae for uniform flow – Most Economical sections, Critical flow: Specific energy-critical depth – computation of critical depth

UNIT: 2

NON-UNIFORM FLOW IN OPEN CHANNELS: Steady Gradually Varied flow – Dynamic equation, Mild, Critical, Steep, horizontal and adverse slopes-surface profiles direct step method- Rapidly varied flow, hydraulic jump, energy dissipation.

UNIT: 3

HYDRAULIC SIMILITUDE: Dimensional analysis - Rayleigh’s method and Buckingham’s pi theorem-study of Hydraulic models – Geometric, kinematic and dynamic similarities-dimensionless numbers – model and prototype relations.

UNIT: 4

IMPACT OF JETS: Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined and curved vanes, jet striking centrally and at tip, velocity triangles at inlet and outlet, expressions for work done and efficiency- angular momentum principle

CENTRAIFUGAL-PUMPS: Pump installation details-classification-work done- Manometric head- minimum starting speed-losses and efficiencies-specific speed, multistage pumps- pumps in parallel and series - performance of pumps-characteristic curves- NPSH- Cavitation.

UNIT: 5

HYDRAULIC TURBINES – I: Layout of a typical Hydropower installation – Heads and Working, working proportions, velocity diagrams, work done and efficiency, hydraulic design, draft tube–theory and efficiency. Governing of turbines-surge tanks- unit and specific quantities, selection of turbines, performance characteristics-geometric similarity- cavitation.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Open Channel flow, K.Subramanya, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishers
2. Flow through Open channels by K.G.RangaRaja, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishers
3. Fluid Mechanics and hydraulic machine, Rajput, SChand Publications.
4. Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics including Hydraulic machinery By P.N. Modi, S.MSeth, Standard book house.

REFERENCES:

1. Open channel hydraulics by Ven Te Chow. Mc Graw Hill Companies
2. Fluid Mechanics by V.L.Streeter, Mc Graw Hill
3. Companies Fluid Mechanics by K.L. Kumar, S. Chand publications.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	URBAN HYDROLOGY	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Develop intensity duration frequency curves for urban drainage systems
CO2	Develop design storms to size the various components of drainage systems.
CO3	Apply best management practices to manage urban flooding.
CO4	Prepare master drainage plan for an urbanized area.

SYLLABUS:

UNIT: 1

Introduction: Urbanization and its effect on water cycle – urban hydrologic cycle – trends in urbanization – Effect of urbanization on hydrology

Precipitation Analysis: Importance of short duration of rainfall and runoff data, methods of estimation of time of concentration for design of urban drainage systems, Intensity-Duration- Frequency (IDF) curves, design storms for urban drainage systems.

UNIT: 2

Approaches to urban drainage: Time of concentration, peak flow estimation approaches, rational method, NRCS curve number approach, runoff quantity and quality, wastewater and storm water reuse, major and minor systems.

UNIT: 3

Elements of drainage systems: Open channel, underground drains, appurtenances, pumping and source control.

UNIT: 4

Analysis and Management: Storm water drainage structures, design of storm water network-Best Management Practices – detention and retention facilities, swales, constructed wetlands, models available for storm water management.

UNIT: 5

Master drainage plans: Issues to be concentrated upon – typical urban drainage master plan, interrelation between water resources investigation and urban planning processes, planning objectives, comprehensive planning, and use of models in planning

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Geiger W.F, JMarsalek, W.J.RawlsandF. C.Zuidema,(1987 – 2 volumes), UNESCO,
2. Manual on Drainage in Urbanized area Hall MJ(1984), Elsevier Applied Science Publisher.
3. Urban Hydrology Wanielista M P and Eaglin (1997), Wiley and Sons.
4. Hydrology – Quantity and Quality Analysis,
5. Akan A.O and R.L. Houghtalen (2006), Wiley International, Urban Hydrology, Hydraulics and Storm water Quality: Engineering Applications and Computer Modelling,

REFERENCES:

1. Storm water Detention for Drainage, Stahre P and Urbonas B (1990), Water Quality and CSO Management, Prentice Hall.
2. Urban water cycle processes and interactions, Marsaleket.al.(2006), Publication No. 78, UNESCO, Paris (<http://www.bvsde.paho.org/bvsacd/cd63/149460E.pdf>)
3. Frontiers in Urban Water Management – Deadlock or Hope, by Maksimovic C andJ A Tejada- Guibert (2001), IWA Publishing

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	GROUND WATER MODELING AND MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Basic concepts of Role of ground water in hydrological cycle and aquifer properties
CO2	Understanding the governing equations of Ground water flows
CO3	Knowledge about the imparts exposure towards well design and practical problems of ground water aquifers
CO4	Analyze the Ground water conservation and Ground water quality
CO5	Explain about Ground water flow modelling

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction: Role of groundwater in hydrological cycle, groundwater bearing formations, classification of aquifers, flow and storage characteristics of aquifers, Darcy's law, anisotropy and heterogeneity.

Unit: 2

Governing Equations for Groundwater Flow : Dupuit - Forchheimer assumptions, general differential equations governing groundwater flows, analytical solutions.

Unit: 3

Wells and Well Hydraulics: Types of wells, construction of wells, steady and unsteady state solutions for confined, unconfined and leaky aquifers, effect of boundaries, image well theory, interference of wells, well losses, pumping and recovery test analysis.

Unit: 4

Groundwater Conservation: Regional groundwater budget; resource assessment; estimation of recharge, Indian practice for artificial recharge,
Groundwater Quality: Contamination of groundwater, sources, remedial and preventive measures, seawater intrusion in coastal aquifers.

Unit: 5

Groundwater Flow Modeling: Role of groundwater flow models, Hele-Shaw and analog models, introduction to numerical modeling – boundary conditions, Planning of Groundwater Development: constraints, optimal groundwater development.

Text Books:

1. Groundwater Hydrology by Todd and Mays
2. Groundwater Hydrology by H M Raghunath
3. Introduction to Groundwater by Schwartz and Hubao Zhang
4. Hand book of Groundwater by Jcques Delluer
5. Groundwater Assessment, Development and Management by K R Karant

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	To evaluate the fundamentals of air pollution control
CO2	To design the operation of various air pollution control devices

Unit: 1

Introduction: Definition-Sources and classification of Air Pollutants –Photochemical smog- Effects of air pollution on health of Human & Animals, vegetation & materials, air quality standards, Global effects of air pollution.

Unit: 2

Meteorology and Dispersion of air pollutants: Temperature lapse rates and Stability, Wind velocity and turbulence, WindRose, plume behavior, Measurement of meteorological variables. Dispersion of Air pollutants: Gaussian Dispersion model - Equations for the estimation of pollutant concentrations of emissions - PlumeRise–Effective stack height and mixing depths.

Unit: 3

Sampling, Analysis and Particulate Pollution Control Methods: Ambient air quality monitoring - High volume sampler- stack monitoring train and stack monitoring - Principles and design aspects of different types of particulate pollution control equipment– Settling chambers, Cyclone separators, Scrubbers, Filters and Electrostatic precipitators.

Unit: 4

Gaseous pollution control methods and automobile pollution: Gaseous pollutants’ sampling and analysis- Types of gaseous pollution control methods – absorption, adsorption and combustion processes. Automobile pollution, sources of pollution, composition of auto exhausts, Control methods.

Unit: 5

Noise Pollution: Definitions – Significance - sources, measurement - effects and control measures, legislations

REFERANCE:

1. Air Pollution by M.N.Rao, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication.
2. “Air pollution and control by KVSG MuraliKrishna, Laxmi Publications, NewDelhi, 2016.
3. Air Pollution by H.C.Perkins.
4. Environmental Engineering by Peavy and Rowe, Mc Graw Hill Publication.
5. Air Pollution Control Engineering by N.D.Nevers,Mc Graw Hill Publication.
6. Air Pollution control engineering by Noelde Nevers, Mc Graw Hill Publication and New York.
7. Fundamentals of Air Pollution by Richard W.Boubeletal, Academic Press, NewYork
8. Air Pollution: Physical and Chemical Fundamentals by John H.Seinfeld McGraw Hill book Co. 1988.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	INDUSTRIAL WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	Know the quality and quantity of water for various industries and Advanced water treatment methods
CO2	Learn the common methods of treatment of wastewaters and Biological treatment methods
CO3	Study of methods to reduce impacts of disposal of wasters into environment and CETPs.
CO4	Study of methods of treatment of wastewaters from specific industries like steel plants, refineries, and power plants, that imply biological treatment methods
CO5	Study of methods of treatment of wastewaters from industries like Aqua, dairy, sugar plants, and distilleries that imply biological treatment methods

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Industrial water Quantity and Quality requirements: Boiler, Cooling, Domestic/Canteen and Process waters for Textiles, Food processing, Dairy, Aqua industry, Sugar mills, Brewery and distillery Industries, Fertilizer industry, Power plants. Advanced water treatment - Adsorption, Reverse Osmosis, Ion Exchange, Ultra filtration, Freezing, elutriation, Removal of Iron and Manganese, Removal of Color and Odor. Use of Municipal waste water in Industries.

Unit: 2

Basic theories of Industrial Wastewater Management: Industrial waste survey - Measurement of industrial wastewater Flow-generation rates – Industrial wastewater sampling and preservation of samples for analysis - Wastewater characterization- Toxicity of industrial effluents- Common methods of Treatment of wastewaters - Unit operations and processes- Volume and Strength reduction –Neutralization – Equalization and proportioning- recycling, reuse and resources recovery. Miscellaneous Treatment: Biological treatment of sewage- Primary, secondary and Tertiary treatment of sewage.

Unit: 3

Industrial wastewater disposal management: Discharges into Sewers, Streams- Oxygen sag curve, Lakes-eutrophication and oceans and associated problems, Land treatment – sewage sickness, Common Effluent Treatment Plants: advantages and suitability, Limitations and challenges- Recirculation of Industrial Wastewaters- Effluent Disposal Method.

Unit: 4

Process and Treatment of specific Industries-1: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Steel plants, Fertilizers, Textiles, Paper and Pulp industries, Oil Refineries, Coal and Gas based Power Plants. Case studies.

Unit: 5

Process and Treatment of specific Industries-2: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Tanneries, Sugar Mills, Distillers, Dairy and Food Processing industries, Aqua industry, Pharmaceutical Plants. Case studies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Industrial Wastewater Treatment by KVSG Murali Krishna, Paramount Publishers, Visakhapatnam, 2019
2. Wastewater Treatment by M.N. Rao and A.K. Dutta, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
3. Industrial Wastewater treatment by A.D. Patwardhan, PHI Learning, Delhi
4. Wastewater Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, by Soli. J Arceivala, Shyam R solekar, Mc-Graw Hill, New Delhi; 3rd Edition

REFERENCES:

1. Industrial Water Pollution Control by W. Wesley Eckenfelder, Mc-Graw Hill, Third Edition
2. Wastewater Engineering by Metcalf and Eddy Inc, Tata McGraw-Hill., New Delhi
3. Wastewater Treatment- Concepts and Design Approach by G.L. Karia & R.A. Christian, Prentice Hall of India.
4. Unit Operations and Processes in Environmental Engineering by Reynolds. Richard, Cengage Learning.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	WATER AND AIR QUALITY MODELLING	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

Course Outcomes:

CO1	At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
CO2	Explain the characteristics and importance of a model building
CO3	Discuss the basics of modeling stratified lakes and reservoirs
CO4	Explain the modelling concepts of seawater intrusion
CO5	Assess the concentration of pollutant at different receptor locations using plume dispersion modelling

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

MODELING CONCEPTS: Casual and statistical models-Characteristics- Steps in model development - Importance of model building.- conservation of mass and mass balance – calibration and verification of models; Transport phenomena – Advection, diffusion, dispersion, simple transport models; chemical reaction kinetics – Law of mass action, Rate constants, reaction order, types of reactions, equilibrium principles.

Unit: 2

SURFACE WATER QUALITY MODELING: Water quality models – Historical development – Mass balance equation – Streeter - Phelps Equation – Modification to Streeter – Phelps Equation – Waste load allocations – Dissolved oxygen in Rivers and estuaries; Lake Water Quality Models; Models for Nitrogen, Bacteria, Phosphate and toxicants.

Unit: 3

GROUNDWATER QUALITY MODELING: Mass transport of solutes, degradation of organic compounds, application of concepts to predict groundwater contaminant movement, seawater intrusion – basic concepts and modelling.

Unit: 4

AIR QUALITY MODELS: Types of modeling technique, modeling for non-reactive pollutants, single source, short term impact, multiple sources and area sources, Fixed box models- diffusion models – Gaussian plume derivation- modifications of Gaussian plume equation- long term average-multiple cell model- receptor oriented and source-oriented air pollution models, model performance, accuracy and utilization.

Unit: 5

WATER QUALITY INDEX: Categories of water quality index. Determination of water quality index (WQI): Industrial and municipal effluent index, ambient water quality index, combined water quality index and Delphi method.

AIR QUALITY INDEX: Categories of air quality index. Determination of air quality index (AQI): National AQI, Extreme value indices, Regional indices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Steven C. Chapra, "Surface Water Quality Modeling", Tata McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., New Delhi, 1997.
2. R.W.Boubel, D.L. Fox, D.B. Turner & A.C. Stern, "Fundamentals of Air Pollution", Academic Press, New York, 1994.

REFERENCES:

1. Reckhow & Chapra, "Engineering Approaches for Lake Management", Volumes 1 & 2, Butterworths Publ., 1983.
2. E.V. Thomson, "Principles of Surface Water Quality Modeling and Control", Happer and Row Publishers New York, 1987.
3. J.L. Schnoor, "Environmental Modeling Fate and Transport of Pollutants in Water, Air and Soil", John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York, 1996.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT ON ENVIRONMENT	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Climate System; Climate, weather and Climate Change; Overview of Earth's Atmosphere; Vertical Structure of Atmosphere; Radiation and Temperature; Laws of Radiation; Heat-Balance of Earth Atmosphere System; Random Temperature Variation; Modelling Vertical Variation in Air Temperature; Temporal Variation of Air temperature; Temperature Change in Soil; Thermal Time and Temperature Extremes.

Unit: 2

Hydrologic Cycle: Introduction; Global water balance; Cycling of water on land, a simple water balance model;

Unit: 3

Climate Variables affecting Precipitation: Precipitation and Weather, Humidity, Vapor Pressure, Forms of Precipitation, Types of Precipitation; Cloud; Atmospheric Stability; Monsoon; Wind Pattern in India; Global Wind Circulation; Evaporation and Transpiration, Processes of Vadose Zone, Surface Runoff, Streamflow.

Unit: 4

Climate Variability: Floods, Droughts, Drought Indicators, Heat waves, Climate Extremes.

Unit: 5

Climate Change: Introduction; Causes of Climate Change; Modeling of Climate Change, Global Climate Models, General Circulation Models, Downscaling; IPCC Scenarios

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Honor Course	ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEM ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

MINORS COURSE

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	SURVEYING	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SURVEYING & GEOMATICS

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction to Surveying: Definition, Classification, Principles, Survey stations and Survey lines; Introduction to measurement of distance, direction and elevation; Ranging and its methods, Meridians and Bearings, Methods of levelling, Booking and reducing levels, Reciprocal levelling, distance of visible horizon, Profile levelling and cross sectioning, Errors in levelling; Introduction to methods of plane table surveying; Contouring: Characteristics, methods, uses, computation of areas and volumes. Theodolite survey: Instruments, Measurement of horizontal and vertical angle; Methods of horizontal and vertical control, Triangulation: Figures or systems, Signals, Satellite station, Baseline and its importance, corrections, Trigonometric levelling: Accessible and inaccessible objects.

Unit: 2

Curves: Elements of simple circular curves, Theory and methods of setting out simple circular curves, Transition curves- types, characteristics and equations of various transition curves; Introduction to vertical curves.

Unit: 3

Modern Field Survey Systems: Principle and types of Electronic Distance Measurement systems and instruments, Total Station- its advantages and applications; Global Positioning Systems Segments, working principle, errors and biases. Geographic Information System: Concepts and data types, data models, data acquisition. GIS applications in civil engineering.

Unit: 4

Photogrammetric Survey: basic principles, aerial camera, scale of a vertical photograph, relief displacement of a vertical photograph, height of object from relief displacement, flight planning for aerial photography, selection of altitude, interval between exposures, crab and drift, stereoscope and stereoscopic views, parallax equations. Introduction to digital photogrammetry.

Unit: 5

Remote Sensing: Concepts and physical basis of Remote Sensing, Electromagnetic spectrum, atmospheric effects, image characteristics. Remote sensing systems, spectral signatures and characteristics spectral reflectance curves. Salient features of some of Remote Sensing satellites missions. Digital image processing: Introduction, image rectification and restoration, image enhancement, image transformation, image classification. Applications of remote sensing to civil engineering.

BOOKS AND REFERENCES:

1. Madhu, N, Sathikumar, R and Satheesh Gobi, Advanced Surveying: Total Station, GIS and Remote Sensing, Pearson India, 2006.
2. Manoj, K. Arora and Badjatia, Geomatics Engineering, Nem Chand & Bros, 2011
3. Bhavikatti, S.S., Surveying and Levelling, Vol. I and II, I.K. International, 2010
4. Chandra, A.M., Higher Surveying, Third Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 2002.
5. Anji Reddy, M., Remote sensing and Geographical information system, B.S. Publications, 2001.
6. Arora, K.R., Surveying, Vol-I, II and III, Standard Book House.
7. Punmia BC et al: Surveying Vol. I, II, Laxmi Publication
8. Chandra AM and Ghosh SK: Remote Sensing and Geographical Information System, Alpha Science 9. Ghosh SK: Digital Image Processing, Alpha Science
9. Lillesand T M et al: Remote Sensing & Image Interpretation, John Wiley & Sons
11. Bhatta B: Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, 2008

Minor Course - II/IV	MECHANICS OF SOLIDS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SOLID MECHANICS

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Simple stress and strains: Concept of stress and strain, types of stresses and strains, Hook's law, stress and strain diagram for ductile and brittle metal. Lateral strain, Poisson ratio, volumetric strain, elastic moduli and relation between them. Bar of varying cross section, composite bar and temperature stress. Strain energy for gradual, sudden and impact loading. Compound stress and strains: Normal stress and strain, shear stress and strain, stresses on inclined sections, principal stress and strain, maximum shear stress, Mohr's stress circle, three-dimensional state of stress & strain, equilibrium equations, generalized Hook's law-3D, Theories of failure and factor of safety.

Unit: 2

Shear force and bending moment diagrams Shear force (SF) and Bending moment (BM) diagrams for simply supported, cantilevers, overhanging and fixed beams. Calculation of maximum BM and SF and the point of contra flexure under concentrated loads, uniformly distributed loads over the whole span or part of span, combination of concentrated loads (two or three) and uniformly distributed loads, uniformly varying loads.

Unit: 3

Flexural Stresses-Theory of simple bending – Assumptions – Derivation of bending equation: $M/I = f/y = E/R$ - Neutral axis – Determination of bending stresses – Section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I, T, Angle and Channel sections – Design of simple beam sections. Torsion- Derivation of torsion equation and its assumptions. Applications of the equation of the hollow and solid circular shafts, torsional rigidity, Combined torsion and bending of circular shafts, principal stress and maximum shear stresses under combined loading of bending and torsion. Shear Stresses- Derivation of formula – Shear stress distribution across various beam sections like rectangular, circular, triangular, I, T angle sections.

Unit: 4

Deflection of Beams: Slope and deflection- Relationship between moment, slope and deflection, Moment area method, Macaulay's method. Use of these methods to calculate slope and deflection for determinant beams. Short Columns and Struts: Buckling and stability, slenderness ratio, combined bending and direct stress, middle third and middle quarter rules.

Unit: 5

Helical and Leaf Springs Deflection of springs by energy method, helical springs under axial load and under axial twist (respectively for circular and square cross sections) axial load and twisting moment acting simultaneously both for open and closed coiled springs. Thin cylinders, Thick cylinders & Spheres: Introduction, difference between thin walled and thick- walled pressure vessels, thin-walled spheres and cylinders, hoop and axial stresses and strain, volumetric strain. Radial, axial and circumferential stresses in thick cylinders subjected to internal or external pressures, compound cylinders.

BOOKS AND REFERENCES:

1. Mechanics of Materials by Hibbeler, Pearson.
2. Mechanics of material by Gere, Cengage Learning
3. Mechanics of Materials by Beer, Jhonston, DeWolf and Mazurek, MCGRAW HILL INDIA
4. Strength of Materials by Pytel and Singer, Harper Collins
5. Strength of Materials by Ryder, Macmillan.
6. Strength of Materials by Timoshenko and Youngs, East West Press.
7. Introduction to Solid Mechanics by Shames, Pearson
8. Mechanics of material by Pytel, Cengage Learning
9. An Introduction to Mechanics of Solids by Crandall, MCGRAW HILL INDIA
10. Strength of Materials by Jindal, Pearson Education
11. Strength of Materials by R. Subramanian, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
12. Kazmi, S. M. A., "Solid Mechanics" TMH, Delhi, India Date: 5th & 6th March 2022.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	SOIL MECHANICS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING – I

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction: Soil formation – soil structure and clay mineralogy – Adsorbed water – Mass- volume relationship –Relative density

Index Properties of Soils: Grain size analysis – Sieve and Hydrometer methods – consistency limits and indices – Various Types of soil Classifications – Unified soil classification and I.S. Soil classification.

Unit: 2

Permeability: Soil water – capillary rise – One dimensioned flow of water through soils – Darcy’s law- permeability – Factors affecting –laboratory determination of coefficient of permeability – Permeability of layered systems.

Geostatic Stresses: Total, neutral and effective stresses –quick sand condition Seepage: 2-D flow and Laplace’s equation-Seepage through soils–Flow nets: Characteristics and Uses.

Unit: 3

Stress Distribution In Soils: Stresses induced by applied loads - Boussinesq’s and Westergaard’s theories for point loads and areas of different shapes– Newmark’s influence chart – 2:1 stress distribution method.

Unit: 4

Compaction: Mechanism of compaction – factors affecting – effects of compaction on soil properties - compaction control. Consolidation: Compressibility of soils –e-p and e-log p curves – Stress history – Concept of consolidation - Spring Analogy - Terzaghi’s theory of one-dimensional Consolidation – Time rate of consolidation and degree of consolidation – Determination of coefficient of consolidation (cv) - Over consolidated and normally consolidated clays.

Unit: 5

Shear Strength of Soils: Basic mechanism of shear strength -Mohr – Coulomb Failure theories – Stress-Strain behavior of Sands - Critical Void Ratio – Stress-Strain behavior of clays – Shear Strength determination- various drainage conditions.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gopal Ranjan and A.S.R.Rao, “Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics”, New Age International Publishers.
2. V.N.S.Murthy, “Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering”, CBS publishers
3. M.Palani Kumar, “Soil Mechanics”, PHI Learning

REFERENCES:

1. D.W.Taylor, “Fundamentals of Soil Mechanics”, Wiley.
2. Holtz and Kovacs, “An introduction to Geotechnical Engineering” Prentice Hall
3. Donald P. Coduto, Man-chu Ronald Young and William A. Kitch.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	FLUID MECHANICS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Introduction: Dimensions and units – Physical properties of fluids - specific gravity, viscosity, surface tension, vapour pressure and their influences on fluid motion, pressure at a point, Pascal's law, Hydrostatic law -atmospheric, gauge and vacuum pressures- measurement of pressure. Pressure gauges, Manometers: Differential and Micro Manometers. Hydrostatics: Hydrostatic forces on submerged plane, Horizontal, Vertical, inclined and curved surfaces – Center of pressure.

Unit: 2

Fluid Kinematics: Description of fluid flow, Streamline, path line and streak line and stream tube. Classification of flows: Steady, unsteady, uniform, non-uniform, laminar, turbulent, rotational and ir rotational flows – Equation of continuity for one, two, three dimensional flows – stream and velocity potential functions, flow net analysis. Fluid Dynamics: Surface and body forces – Euler's and Bernoulli's equations for flow along a streamline - Momentum equation and its application – forces on pipe bend.

Unit: 3

Laminar Flow and Turbulent Flows: Reynold's experiment – Characteristics of Laminar & Turbulent flows, Shear and velocity distributions, Laws of Fluid friction, Hagen - Poiseuille Formula, Flow between parallel plates, Flow through long tubes, hydro-dynamically smooth and rough flows. Closed Conduit Flow: Darcy-Weisbach equation, Minor losses – pipes in series – pipes in parallel – Total energy line and hydraulic gradient line, variation of friction factor with Reynold's number – Moody's Chart, Pipe network problems, Hazen-William's formula, Hard-Cross Method,

Unit: 4

Measurement of Flow: Pitot tube, Venturi meter and Orifice meter – classification of orifices, small orifice and large orifice, flow over rectangular, triangular, trapezoidal and stepped notches, Broad crested weirs and Ogee weirs.

Unit: 5

Boundary Layer Theory: Boundary layer (BL) – concepts, Prandtl contribution, Characteristics of boundary layer along a thin flat plate, Vonkarman momentum integral equation, laminar and turbulent Boundary layers (no deviations)- BL in transition, separation of BL, Control of BL, flow around submerged objects- Drag and Lift- Magnus effect.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Modi P.N and Seth S.M. (2018), “Fluid mechanics”, Standard book house, New Delhi
2. A text of Fluid mechanics and hydraulic machines, R.K. Bansal – Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi

REFERENCES:

1. K. Subramanian, Fluid mechanics and hydraulic machines Mc Graw hill education, II edition
2. Fluid Mechanics and Machinery, C.S.P. Ojha, R. Berndtsson and P.N. Chandramouli, Oxford Higher Education. Principle of fluid mechanics and fluid machines III edition, university press

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Stones, Bricks and Tiles: Properties of building stones – relation to their structural requirements, classification of stones – stone quarrying – precautions in blasting, dressing of stone, composition of good brick earth, various methods of manufacturing of bricks. Characteristics of good tile - manufacturing methods, types of tiles. Uses of materials like Aluminum, Gypsum, Glass and Bituminous materials

Unit: 2

Masonry: Types of masonry, English and Flemish bonds, Rubble and Ashlar Masonry. Cavity and partition walls. Wood: Structure – Properties- Seasoning of timber- Classification of various types of woods used in buildings- Defects in timber. Alternative materials for wood – Galvanized Iron, Fiber Reinforced Plastics, Steel, Aluminum.

Unit: 3

Lime and Cement: Lime: Various ingredients of lime – Constituents of lime stone – classification of lime – various methods of manufacture of lime. Cement: Portland cement- Chemical Composition – Hydration, setting and fineness of cement. Various types of cement and their properties. Various field and laboratory tests for Cement. Various ingredients of cement concrete and their importance – various tests for concrete. Building Components: Lintels, arches, vaults, stair cases – types. Different types of floors – Concrete, Mosaic, Terrazzo floors, Pitched, flat roofs. Lean to roof, Coupled Roofs. Trussed roofs – King and Queen post Trusses. R.C.C Roofs, Madras Terrace and Pre-fabricated roofs.

Unit: 4

Finishings and Aggregates: Damp Proofing and water proofing materials and uses – Plastering Pointing, white washing and distempering. Paints: Constituents of a paint – Types of paints – Painting of new/old wood- Varnish. Form Works and Scaffoldings. Aggregates - Classification of aggregate – Coarse and fine aggregates- particle shape and texture – Bond and Strength of aggregate – Specific gravity – Bulk Density, porosity and absorption – Moisture content of Aggregate- Bulking of sand – Sieve analysis.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Building Materials, S. S. Bhavikatti, Vices publications House private ltd.
2. Building Construction, S. S. Bhavikatti, Vices publications House private ltd.
3. Building Materials, B. C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications private ltd. 4. Building Construction, B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications (p)ltd.

REFERENCES:

1. Building Materials, S. K. Duggal, New Age International Publications.
2. Building Materials, P. C. Verghese, PHI learning (P)ltd.
3. Building Materials, M. L. Gambhir, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
4. Building construction, P. C. Verghese, PHI Learning (P)Ltd
5. Building Materials, Construction and Planning, S. Mahaboob Basha, Anuradha Publications, Chennai.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	BUILDING PLANNING AND DRAWING	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Concepts to be studied Introduction to CAD software: Basic commands of CAD to draw, modify 2D drawings

Unit: 2

Building Byelaws: Introduction – Terminology – Objectives of building byelaws – Principles under laying building bye laws – Types of Buildings.

Unit: 3

Regulations: Introduction – Development Control Rules of buildings – General Building Requirements as per NBC – Open space, Lighting and ventilation requirements – Floor area ratio & Floor space index.

Unit: 4

Conventions, signs and symbols: Conventions as per IS 962-1989, signs and symbols for earthwork, brickwork, stonework, concrete, woodwork and glass used in civil engineering. Construction, Graphical symbols for door and window, Abbreviations, symbols for sanitary and electrical installations.

Unit: 5

Types of lines and scales: Types of lines- visible lines, centre line, hidden line, section line, dimension line, extension line, pointers, arrow head or dots. Appropriate size of lettering and numerals for Titles, sub titles, notes and dimensions. Types of scale- Monumental, Intimate, criteria for Proper Selection of scale for various types of drawing. Sizes of various standard papers/sheets.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	ESTIMATION AND COSTING	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Contracts – Types of contracts – Contract Documents – Conditions of contract, Valuation of buildings- concepts of e-procurement and reverse auctions. Standard specifications for different items of building construction.

Unit: 2

General items of work in Building – Standard Units Principles of working out quantities for detailed and abstract estimates –Approximate method of Estimating.

Unit: 3

Rate Analysis – Working out data for various items of work over head and contingent charges. Earthwork for roads and canals, Reinforcement bar bending and bar requirement schedules.

Unit: 4

Detailed Estimation of Buildings using individual wall method for single, double and four roomed buildings.

Unit: 5

Detailed Estimation of Buildings using centre line method for single, double and four roomed buildings. Standard software's like building estimator etc.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. 'Estimating and Costing' by B.N. Dutta, UBS publishers, 2000.
2. Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates by B. S. Patil, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., Hyd.
3. 'Construction Planning and Technology' by Rajiv Gupta, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
4. New 'Estimating and Costing' by G.S. Birdie.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Standard Schedule of rates and standard data book' by public works department.
2. IS 1200 (Parts I to XXV-1974/ Method of Measurement of Building & Civil Eng Works – B.I.S.)
3. 'Estimation, Costing and Specifications' by M. Chakraborti; Laxmi publications. National Building Code

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	SUSTAINABLE MATERIALS AND GREEN BUILDINGS	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Green Buildings: History of Green Building Movement; Environmental Impact and Resource Consumption; Introduction to concept of green buildings; Benefits of Green Building and its Productivity.

Unit: 2

Indoor Built Environment: Problem of Existing Buildings and Built Environment; Energy use in buildings; Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Indoor Air pollution; Building Water Use; Land use and consumption; Construction Materials; Construction, Operation and Demolition Waste.

Unit: 3

Green Building Design: Passive Design Strategies: Optimum Design, Performing Insulation Solution, Ventilation; Active Strategies: Equipment, Renewable Energy; Retrofitting; Net Zero Building Design; Embodied Energy Estimation; Life Cycle Assessment Analysis.

Unit: 4

Green Building Assessment: Green Building Organizations, Green Building Rating Tools, Green building certification procedure Learning

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Green Building Technology Guide: Volume 1 - Residential, Fred Andreas, Academic Press Inc., 2020, First Edition.
2. The Idea Of Green Building, A. K. Jain, Khanna Publishers, 2014, First Edition.
3. Green Building Guidance: The Ultimate Guide for IGBC Accredited Professional Examination, Karthik Karuppu, Notion Press, 2019, First Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Sustainable Construction: Green Building Design and Delivery, Charles Kibert, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
2. Energetics Perspective on the Environmental and Human Impact of Buildings, Teodora Melania Soimosan and Ligia Mihaela Moga, Business Science Reference, 2020.
3. Alternative Energy Systems in Building Design, Peter Gevorkian, McGraw-Hill Education, 2009, First Edition.

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

Minor Course - II/IV	CONSTRUCTION PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3		0	

SYLLABUS:

Unit: 1

Construction project management and its relevance – qualities of a project manager – project planning – coordination – scheduling - monitoring – bar charts – milestone charts – critical path method

Unit: 2

Project evaluation and review technique – cost analysis - updating – crashing for optimum cost – crashing for optimum resources – allocation of resources introduction to software's for construction management, project management using PRIMAVERA (or) equivalent.

Unit: 3

Construction equipment – economical considerations – earthwork equipment – Trucks and handling equipment – rear dump trucks – capacities of trucks and handling equipment – calculation of truck production – compaction equipment – types of compaction rollers Hoisting and earthwork equipment – hoists – cranes – tractors - bulldozers – graders – scrapers– draglines - clamshell buckets

Unit: 4

Concreting equipment — concrete mixers – Batching plants, mobile using plants like “Ajax” etc. mixing and placing of concrete – consolidating and finishing.

Unit: 5

Construction methods – earthwork – piling – placing of concrete – form work – fabrication and erection – quality control and safety engineering. BIM for Civil Engineers (Building Information Modelling)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. ‘Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods’ by Peurifoy and Schexnayder, Shapira, Tata McGraw hill.
2. ‘Construction Project Management Theory and Practice’ by Kumar Neeraj Jha (2011), Pearson.
3. ‘Construction Technology’ by Subir K. Sarkar and Subhajt Sarasvati, Oxford University press

REFERENCES:

1. ‘Construction Project Management - An Integrated Approach’ by Peter Fewings , Taylor and Francis
2. ‘Construction Management Emerging Trends and Technologies’ by Trefor Williams, Cengage learning