R24 MCA I SEM REGULAR EXAMINATIONS JAN./FEB. 2025 END EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPERS



R24

I MCA I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2025

DATA STRUCTURES

Time: 3 hours

Sub Code: R24MCA101

Max. Marks: 60

	Note: Answer All FIVE Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks (5 X 12M						
Q.No	Questions	KL	CO	M			
	Unit-I						
	i) Write a C program to check whether the given number is prime or not?	<u>L3</u>	1	6M			
	a ii) Define loop? Explain the working of 'exit control loop' with suitable	L2	1	6M			
1	example?						
	i) What is an array? Briefly explain any two ways of initializing two	L2	1				
	b dimensional arrays with an example?	كىل	1	6M			
	ii) Distinguish among Array, Structure and Union.	L4	1	6M			
	Unit-II						
	i) Distinguish between "call by value" and "call by reference"? Illustrate with an example.	L4	2	6M			
	ii) Define Recursion? What are the essential characteristics of any recursive	L1,	2	63.5			
_	function? Briefly explain.	L2	_	6M			
2	OR		·				
	i) Write a C program to create a text file, store information in it and read the	L3	2	C) f			
	contents from file?			6M			
	b ii) What is pointer? Illustrate the process of declaring a pointer and accessing	L1,	2	6M			
	the value of a variable using that pointer?	L2		OIM			
	Unit-III						
	i) Write short note on the asymptotic notations that are used to represent	L1	3	6M			
	Worst Case and Best Case run time complexity of an algorithm ?			OIVI			
	ii) Define Data Structure? Distinguish between 'linear' and 'non linear'	L2	3	6M			
3	data structures? Give an example to each category of Data Structures	İ		OIVI			
J	OR						
	i) Briefly discuss the advantages and limitations of Linked List	L2	3	6M			
	b representation as compared to Array representation.			01.12			
	ii) Design an algorithm to reverse the double linked list.	L6	3	6M			
	Unit-IV	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	i) Illustrate the application of Stack in expression evaluation with an example.	L2	4	6M			
	a ii)Define Stack. Write algorithms to perform PUSH and POP operations on	L1	4				
	Stacks.			6M			
	OR						
4	i) Create the Hash table with the following list of numbers using "%11" as	L3	4				
	hash function and follow 'linear probing' method to handle collisions:			6M			
	b 23, 12, 40, 75, 78, 90, 35, 30, 10						
		L2	4	<u> </u>			
	ii) What is hashing? Explain about <i>separate chaining</i> collision resolution	1.2	4	6M			
5	technique. Unit-V	<u></u>	٠	J			
J		L3	5	l			
ı	a 1) Sort the following list of numbers using Selection Sort method and clearly show the sequence of steps/iterations : 5,7,1,2,3,55,32,22,19,10			6M			
	Show the sequence of steps/iterations . 5,7,1,2,0,00,02,22,10,10						
	ii) Design an algorithm to merge two sorted lists into a single sorted list	L6	5	6M			

	OR		Į.	
b	 Define Binary Search Tree? Construct a Binary Search Tree with the following numbers and traverse it in Inorder. 27,10,24,37,18,59,20,51,63,2 	L1, L3	5	6M
	ii) Define AVL tree? Briefly explain different kinds of Rotations needed to balance the AVL tree with examples.	L1, L2	5	6M

KL: Blooms Taxonomy Knowledge Level CO: Course Outcome M:Marks



(AUTONOMOUS)

I MCA I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2025

Sub Code: R24MCA102

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

R24

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Note: A	: Answer All FIVE Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks (5 X 12M = 60M)							
Q.No		Questions Questions			2.0			
		Unit-I	KL	CO	M			
	a	i)Explain the functional units of Computer with most about	2	1 1	Car			
1	La	ii) Explain the parameters to measure the performance of computer	2	1	6M			
1		OR	1 2	1	6M			
	Ь	i) Compare and Contrast RISC and CISC		T 4	T 67.6			
. N. 1864	ט	ii) Compare and Contrast multi processors and multi computers	4	1	6M			
12 Tr. 12 Tr		Unit-II	4	1_1	6M			
		i) Perform the arithmetic operations below with binary numbers and with		1 5	Τ			
		negative numbers in signed 2's complement. Use seven bit to accommodate	3	2	200			
		each number together with its sign. i) -35 + -40 ii) -35 + +40	1		6M			
2	a	ii) Perform the following:	 	<u> </u>				
-		i) (110.101) 2 = ()10 ii) (1.10101)2 = ()10	3	2				
•	<u>.</u>	iii) (11010.1)2 = ()10			6M			
		OR						
	b	i) Explain the different types of addressing modes in detail	T-5-		Γ			
	Ť		2	2	12M			
	-	Unit-III						
		i) Explain the interrupts for handling multiple device	2	3	6 M			
	a	ii) Explain the method of DMA transfer. How does a DMA controller	2	3				
Terigon.		improve the performance of a computer			6M			
		OR OR						
	Ъ	i) Discuss about ARM interrupt structure	2	3	6M			
		ii)Explain about standard interfaces	2	3	6M			
	Unit-IV							
		i) Explain ROM and RAM with respect to their block diagrams	2	4	6 M			
	a	11) How to map a virtual address to physical address? Explain address	2	4	<u>-</u> -			
		mapping with pages and associative memory page table		•	6M			
1		OR		<u>-</u> <u>-</u> -				
4		i)The access time of a cache memory is 100 ns and that of main memory	3	4				
		1000 IS. It is estimated that 80 percent of the memory requests are for read		7				
		and the remaining 20 percent for write. The hit ratio for read accesses only is						
	Ъ	U.S. A Write-unrough procedure is used it What is the average access time of			12M			
		the system considering only memory read cycle? ii) What is the average	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· _55	TETAT			
	- 1	access time of the system for both read and write requests? iii) What is the		İ				
		hit ratio taking into consideration the write cycles?						
-		Unit-V						
	a -	i)Discuss about multistage interconnection networks	2	5	6M			
5		ii) Explain the instruction pipeline with neat sketch	2	5	6M			
-		OR			OIAT			
	Ъ	i)Explain the solutions of cache coherence problem	2	5	4.DX =			
KL: Bloor		axonomy Knowledge Level CO: Course Outcome M.Marks			12M			



I MCA I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2025

Sub Code: R24MCA103 Time: 3 hours

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

6M

Max. Marks: 60 Note: Answer All FIVE Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks (5 X 12M = 60M) Q.No Questions CO M Unit-I i)Explain in-detail about three levels of architecture With neat diagram and 2 1 6M ii) What is an ER diagram? Draw an ER diagrams for the entity set, relationship 1 2 1 set and a ternary relationship set? 6M. OR i)List and explain different database languages in-detail. 2 1 ii) Construct an ER diagram for banking enterprise 6M 1 6MUnit-II i) What are the integrity constraints over relations? Explain briefly with suitable 2 2 examples. 6M ii) With a suitable example, explain the division and set operator of Relational 2 2 algebra 2 6M OR i) Differentiate between Procedural and Declarative Query languages with 2 2 suitable examples. 6M ii) What is JOIN operator in DBMS? Explain all the variations of the JOIN 2 2 operation in relational algebra with a suitable example 6M Unit-III i) What are triggers in DBMS? How triggers are used to enforce complex 2 3 a integrity constraints in DBMS? 6M ii) Distinguish working principles of 3NF and BCNF in normalization. 3 2 3 6M i) What are the aggregate operations used in SQL? Explain with suitable queries? b ii) What is dependency preservation property for decomposition? Explain why it 6M 2 3 is important 6M Unit-IV i) Explain the steps followed for schema refinement in database design? 2 ii) Explain the Two-Phase Locking protocol and its variants **6M** 6M 4 i) Explain various anomalies that arise due to interleaved execution 2 4 of transactions with suitable examples 6M ii) Explain the need of commit, rollback and save point operations in transaction 2 management. 6M 5 Unit-V i) Discuss briefly about primary and secondary indexes? Explain their role in indexing the tables with suitable example. 2 6M ii) Write the significant differences between B-Trees and B+ Trees for creating dynamic indexes in DBMS. 2 5 6MOR b | i) How to use hash-based indexing? Explain briefly and differentiate it from other indexing mechanisms. 5 6M ii) Discuss in-detail about Indexed Sequential Access Method 5



I MCA I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2025 Sub Code: R24MCA104

OPERATING SYSTEMS

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60 All Questions Carry Equal Marks (5 X 12M = 60M)

Note: A	newe	r All FIVE Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks (5 X 12)	$\sqrt{1} = 601$	(1)				
Q.No	113 W C	Questions	KL	CO	M			
Q.INU		Unit-I		, **				
4		i)Explain different types of operating systems	<u>2</u> +	1	6M			
1	a	ii) What is an Operating system? Describe the Operating-System Functions.	2	1	6M			
1	1	OR						
	- 	i) Explain different categories of System calls with suitable examples	2	1	12M			
	b	Unit-II						
	<u>├</u> ─¬	i) What are the advantages of inter-process communication? How communi-	2	2	6M			
		cation takes place in a shared-memory environment? Explain.	l		OTAT			
	a	ii) Explain the steps involved in process creation and process termination.	2	2	6M			
0		OR						
2		i) Write about i) Process Control Block ii) CPU scheduling algorithm	2	2	6M			
	}				OIAI			
	Ъ	evaluation ii) Explain the Round Robin and priority scheduling algorithm with a	3	2	6M			
					DIAT			
	 	suitable example Unit-III						
	ļ	i) Give a solution to Readers-Writers problem using Monitors	3	3	6M			
	a	ii) What are the semaphores? How do they implement mutual exclusion?	2	3	6M			
3	OR							
	i) What is a deadlock? How deadlocks are detected? Explain	2	3	6M				
		1) What is a deadlock? How dedulocks are detected: Explain	2	3	6M			
	b ii) Explain how to recover the system from a deadlock. Unit-IV			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 				
		i) Explain various types of memory Allocation techniques with advantages	2	4	1			
ļ	a			Ì	6M			
		and disadvantages ii) Explain the concept of demand paging in detail with neat diagram	2	4	6M			
4	<u> </u>	OR			. <u> </u>			
į	 		2	4	1			
	b	i)Explain FCFS and SSTF Disk Scheduling schemes and also Discuss	-	'	12M			
ł		the Indexed File allocation method with an example			<u> </u>			
	+-	Unit-V						
1	a	i)Explain the kernel modules and process management in Linux system	2	5	12M			
5	a	OR						
	b		2	5	12M			
10 DI	_	Tayonomy Knowledge Level CO: Course Outcome M:Marks						

KL: Blooms Taxonomy Knowledge Level CO: Course Outcome M:Marks



(AUTONOMOUS)

I MCA I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2025

Sub Code: R24MCA105 MATHEMATICAL & STATISTICAL FOUNDATIONS

R24

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Note: Answer All FIVE Questions

All Questions Carry Equal Marks (5 X 12M = 60M)

	12 M GY	All FIVE Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks (5 X 12M	TET	COL	7.0			
Q.No		Questions	KL	CO	M			
		Unit-I						
.		i)A five figure number is formed by the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 without repetition. Find the probability that the number formed is divisible by 4.	3	1	6M			
ļ	,	ii) A problem in mechanics is given to three students A, B and C whose	2	1				
	a	chances of solving it are 1/2, 1/3 and 1/4 respectively. What is the			6M			
İ		probability that the problem will be solved.						
-		OR						
		A random variable X has the following probability function:	3	1				
1	Ì	X 0 1 2 3 4 5 6						
	l				C 3 15			
		P(x) K 3k 5k 7k 9k 11k 13k			6M			
	b	Determine i) k ii) $p(x<4)$, $p(x \ge 4)$, $p(0 < x < 5)$ and $p(0 \le x \le 4)$ iii) the						
		Determine 1) K 11) $p(x < 4)$, $p(x < 4)$, $p(x < 4)$, $p(0 < x < 5)$ and $p(0 < x < 4)$ in the distribution function of x iv) mean v) variance						
		ii) A die is tossed thrice. A success is getting 1 or 6 on a toss. Find the	4	1	6M			
		mean and variance of the number of successes.			0111			
		Unit-II						
		A population consists of five numbers 2,3,6,8,11. Consider all possible	4	2	12			
		samples of size two which can be drawn with replacement from this			M			
ł	a	population. Identify a) the mean of the population b) the standard deviation						
	"	of the population c) the mean of the sampling distribution of means d) th						
		standard deviation of the sampling distribution of means		İ				
2	OR							
2	<u> </u>	i)In 256 sets of 12 tosses of a coin, in how many cases one can expect 8	3	2				
		heads and 4 tails.			6M			
]	ь	ii) Find 99% confidence limits for the mean of a normality distributed	3	2				
		population from which the Following sample was taken			6M			
		15,17,10,18,16,9,7,11,13,14						
	ļ	Unit-III	L	<u>-L</u>	<u> </u>			
3		i)The means of simple samples of sizes 1000 and 2000 are 67.5 and 68.0 cm	4	3				
		respectively. Can the samples be regarded as drawn from the same			6M			
		population of S.D.2.5cm.						
	a	ii) A manufacturer claims that only 4% of his products are defective. A	3	3				
	random sample of 500 were taken among which 100 were defective. Test			6M				
		the hypothesis at 0.05 level.						
	OR							
	b	i)In a random sample of 60 workers, the average time taken by them to get	5	3	6M			
	"	to the work is 33.8 minutes with a standard deviation of 6.1 minutes.						
		Inspect can we reject the null hypothesis μ =32.6 minutes in favour of						
	i	alternative hypothesis μ >32.6 at α =0.05 level of significance.	I	i	ı			

			i		
	-	ii)Experience had shown that 20% of a manufactured product is of the top	3	1 3	1
	Ì	quality. In one day's production of 400 articles only 50 are of top quality.			6M
		Test the hypothesis at 0.05 level			0171
ľ		Unit-IV	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	a	i) Find the values of u and v such tat gcd(24,36)=24u+36v	3	4	6M
i	a	ii)Using prime factorisation find the gcd, lcm (35,46)	2	4	6M
4		OR		1 -	OIVI
		i) Show that the set of all fourth roots of unity forms and abelian group with	4	4	
	b	respect to the binary operation of multiplication	-	7	6M
	<u> </u>	ii) Find the prime numbers less than or equal to 100.	3	4	6M
		Unit-V		4	OIVI
		i)Show that the following graph is Hamiltonian Graph. Verify is it Eulerian.		5	,
5	a	ii) Give an example of a graph which is both Hamiltonian and Eulerian			6M
			1	5	6M
	-	i)Define the necessary and make its			
	ь	i) Define the necessary and sufficient conditions to specify that two graphs are isomorphic? Explain with an example.	1	5	6M
1// 51		ii)Give an example of a graph which is Eulerian but not Hamiltonian.	4	5	6M
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KL: Blooms Taxonomy Knowledge Level CO: Course Outcome M: Marks